The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LII.—NO. 135. TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1893—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NORWAY'S BIG DAY.

To Dedicate Its Building in Honor of Independence.

WILL MARCH TO THE FAIR.

Patriotic Exercises to Be Held in Festival Hall.

THE RUSSIANS BEGIN WORK.

Carpenters from Czar-Land Labor on the Pavilion.

TYROL BEAUTY ON CANVAS.

Tomorrow will be the first of the special days of the Exposition. Yellow-haired Norsemen will sing the songs of the Fatherland and the Norwegians of Chicago will gather to hear from eloquent lips the story of the independence of the sturdy Kingdom of the Northland.

This celebration has a double meaning to all the subjects of King Oscar. It marks not only the practical completion of the Norwegian Building at Jackson Park, but is as well the annual day of rejoicing in commemoration of the separation of the kingdom from Denmark. [illegible] year on May 17 there is a general holiday throughout Norway. So tomorrow [illegible] in an alien land will follow the custom of their country. At 10 o'clock the Norwegian societies of the city will meet at Scandia Hall on the West Side. Commissioner-General Ravn and his fellow Commissioners, representing the imperial government, will be there also, and, headed by bands which will play Norse airs, they will march to Jackson Park. It is expected that there will be at least 5,000 men in line, and every inch of the distance will be traveled on foot, for six miles has no terrors for the sturdy Norseman on a day like this.

By 1 o'clock at the latest the last of the procession is expected within the gates and after luncheon has been eaten the formal exercises of the day will begin. At 2 o'clock in Festival Hall, to which over 7,000 tickets of admission have been issued, the celebration will begin with the singing of the Norwegian national hymn, "Ta, vi elsker dette landet." Though the words be strange the sentiment is the same that runs through the patriotic songs of every country. "Yes, we still love this land," the first line reads when translated into English. Every Norseman knows the song by heart and its singing by 7,000 patriotic voices should make such music as the walls of Festival Hall have not yet echoed.

Program of Exercises.

At the conclusion of this song the following program will be carried out:

Address, 17th of May, "Our Day of Independence" .... Prof. Julius Olsen
Song—"The Boy and the Fairy" .. Otto W. Hjelm
"Wandering in the Forest" .... Edv. Grieg
"On the Mountain" .... Halfdan Kjirulf
By Mrs. Anna Smith Behrens, accompanied by Mrs. Sandberg.
Address—"Norway" .... The Hon. R. B. Andersen
Music, Exposition orchestra—"Peer Gynt" .... Edv. Grieg
a Morning Dawn.
b Asa's Death.
c Amtras Dance.
d In the Hall of the Mountain King.
Address—"Norwegians in the United States" .... The Hon. N. Haugan
Song—"To My Heart's Queen" .... Grondahl
"My Treasurer" .... Kjerulf
"A Vision" .... Grieg
By Miss Ligne Hille, accompanied by Mrs. Dr. Sandberg.
Address—"America and the Exposition" .... I. K. Boyesen
Norwegian Folk Songs, Rhapsody .... J. Swendsen
Music .... Exposition Orchestra

Prof. Olsen, who is one of the most distinguished men of letters of his race in the country, holds a chair in the University of Wisconsin. R. B. Anderson, who will toast the fatherland, is an ex-Minister to Denmark, and I. K. Boyesen is one of the most prominent Norwegian citizens of Chicago. It was hoped that Gov. Knute Nelson of Minnesota would be present to address his countrymen, but he has been unfortunately detained.

At 6:30 o'clock, after the program has been completed, Commissioner-General Ravn will give a dinner at the Wellington to a party of distinguished Norwegians, and the festivities of the day will be continued at Scandia Hall in the evening.

Already prominent Norwegians from Wisconsin, Minnesota, both the Dakotas, Michigan, and even the far-off State of Washington have sent word that they will be present, and the day will be such as the subjects of King Oscar have never seen before in this country.

Some of the Norwegian singing societies will celebrate Independence day by a festival at Kuhn's Park, which will not, however, interfere with the exercises at Jackson Park.

Exhibit Delayed by Ice.

"Norway Exhibit—Delayed by the Ice and by the Accident to the Hecla." This was the notice posted up in front of the Norwegian pavilion, just south of the Russian pavilion on Columbia avenue, yesterday. The explanation completely warded off captious complaint and excited admiration and sympathy.

The façade of the Norwegian pavilion is of wood, and is composed architecturally of the cheerful and picturesque forms prevalent in the buildings of Norway. It is the rear wall of the pavilion that presents the greater attraction. Here are two paintings, 10x30 in size, of scenes in Norway, with the gable of a Norwegian dwelling between them, that will arrest every eye. On a broad platform in front of them the fauna of Norway, especially its elks, is illustrated with stuffed specimens. There is also an exhibit of fishing appliances and Norwegian sleighs.

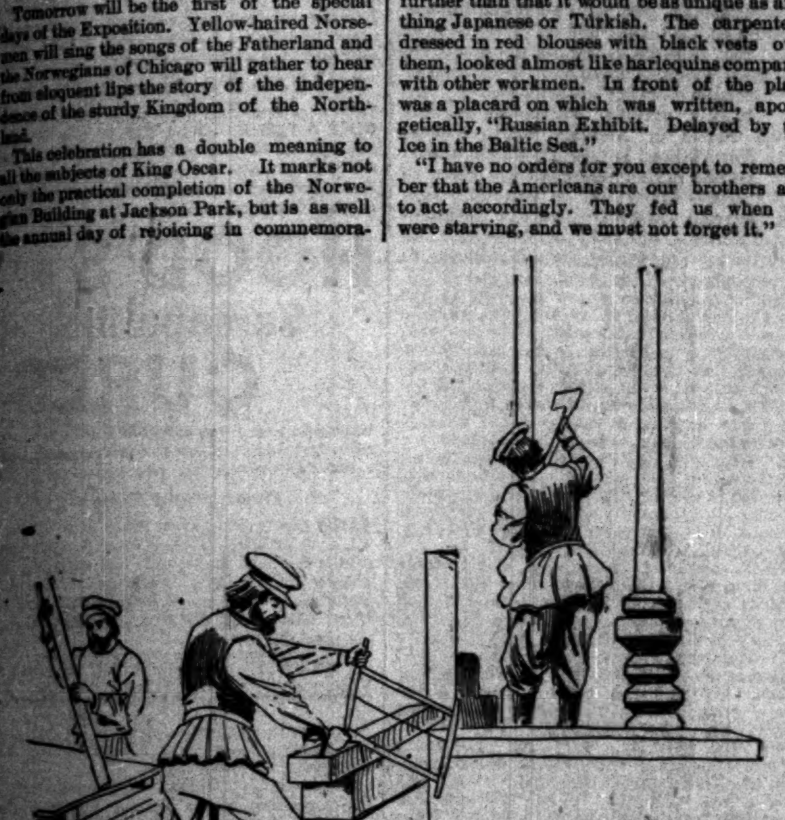
A space of twenty feet between these paintings is filled in with a jutting reproduction of a dwelling called in Norway a "meat-house." That is, it is built in the style of a meat-house, which is held up on posts two feet from the ground, has the first story narrower than the second, and turns the gable to the front. This specimen was built in Norway, and is a gem of carpentering skill. On the platform in front of it are a dozen life-size images of the Norwegian peasantry in their bright-colored and picturesque costumes, some men, some women, some young and some old. One aged man is accommodated with a seat on the front steps of the meat-house. The scene is thrilling, and transports one in thought to Norway itself.

WORK BEGINS ON RUSSIA'S PAVILION.

One Hundred Men from One of the Czar's Warships Expected Daily.

One of the most striking sights on Columbia avenue in Manufactures Building yesterday was the beginning of the Russian pavilion and the imported carpenters at work on it. The location adjoins that of the Belgian exhibit on the south. Not enough of the structure is up to give a good idea of what it will be like, any further than that it would be as unique as anything Japanese or Turkish. The carpenters, dressed in red blouses with black vests over them, looked almost like harlequins compared with other workmen. In front of the place was a placard on which was written, apologetically, "Russian Exhibit. Delayed by the Ice in the Baltic Sea."

"I have no orders for you except to remember that the Americans are our brothers and to act accordingly. They fed us when we were starving, and we must not forget it."



RUSSIAN WORKMEN AT WORK IN MANUFACTURES BUILDING.

"These," said John Charles Heard, chief agent of the Russian Ministry of War and one of the World's Fair Commissioners, to a TRIBUNE reporter yesterday, "were the last words the Czar said to me when I left him to come to America. We are going to make the best exhibit we can, therefore, and we hope it will interest and please the Americans.

"We are extremely late, but the reason is that the three steamers that sailed from Libow, Feb. 25, with our exhibit were stuck in the ice of the Baltic Sea, twenty-five miles from Lebava, for a whole month, and did not escape until two of them were seriously injured. They did not arrive at Copenhagen until March 30. All of our cases have not arrived here yet. Our pavilion was made and put together before shipment, in St. Petersburg. We brought twenty carpenters with us, and have hired fifty more here. Our hope is to have our pavilion finished and our exhibit installed by May 29, as that is the coronation day of the Czar. To make sure of it we telegraphed to the Russian Admiral the other day to send us 100 of his men to assist us, and we are expecting their arrival every day.

"One of our exhibits will be a set of vases, loaned for the purpose by the Czar from his own palace as a compliment to the Exposition and to the country. They are agate-topped and wonderfully expensive, and such as no private person could own. In the Liberal Arts section of our exhibit will be a number of articles from the women's schools of the country, in which the Empress has taken such a deep interest, and among them some that she has directed to be presented in her name to Mrs. Cleveland when the Exposition has closed."

TYROL'S BEAUTIES SHOWN ON CANVAS.

Routes of Travel Over the Mountain Ranges Also Depicted.

Tyrol, the land of warbles and lullabys, is represented at the World's Fair by a panoramic view of its snow-topped mountains and some of its chief industries, as well as a native house reproduced in pine and plaster and shown as a feature of the railway section of the Transportation Department. It is a unique and interesting attraction. The painting was made by M. Zeno Diemer and H. von Wiland and is intended to illustrate the means and routes of travel over rugged ranges from one valley to another, as maintained and operated by a society for the promotion of tourists who visit Innsbruck on their way from the resorts of Austria to Switzerland. When first established the mountain path was blazed with red cross marks painted on stones.

The picture is full of life and interest. Among other things is shown one of a number of cabins where tourists, if caught in snowstorms, may stop and remain until it is safe for them to proceed on their way. There is a mountain peak 12,000 feet high, and another whose apex looms into the clouds at a distance of 14,500 feet above the level of the sea. In one of the rooms of the queer-looking house is arranged a display of art photographs illustrating the principal events in the life of Emperor Maximilian. One picture shows the tomb of Maximilian in the Holkirche, or church of the Franciscans. Another "The League of Cambray," made in 1508; another the "Submission of Charles, Duke of Gueldres," made in 1505; and still another of the Alliance between Maximilian, Republic of Venice, Pope Alexander VI., and the Duke of Milan against Charles VIII. of France. There is a picture of the return of Maximilian's daughter Margaret from France in 1495. One of the curiosities is the golden roof of an old family mansion in Innsbruck. A drawing burned in wood and a life-sized figure of Columbus made of mosaic will attract attention.

Attorney W. K. Carlisle Resigns.

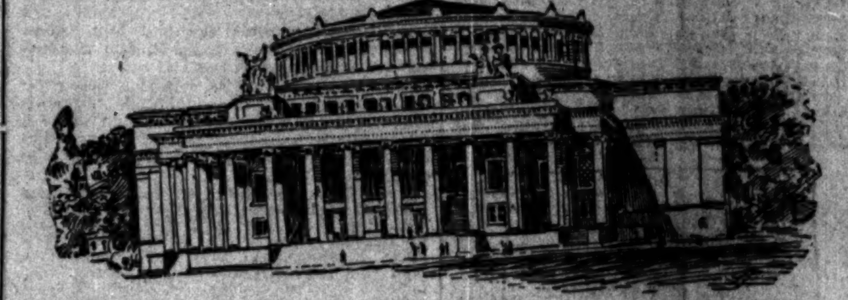
W. K. Carlisle, attorney for the Exposition Board, has tendered his resignation to take effect June 1. Mr. Carlisle has signified his intention of entering the practice of law. He began about two years ago with the Exposition company as assistant under Solicitor-General Butterworth. When, a year ago, Mr. Butterworth retired, Mr. Carlisle took charge of the Law Department and has conducted it up to this time. Mr. Carlisle's assistant, Mr. Packard, will also retire June 1. Edwin Walker has been made Solicitor-General.

CHORAL HALL TESTED.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED MUSIC LOVERS LISTEN AND SHIVER.

Theodore Thomas and His Men Keep on Their Wraps While Rendering a Program Which Is Well Received—The Formal Dedication to Take Place Next Monday, When Wagner Will Be Honored—Boston Symphony Orchestra Plays in Music Hall.

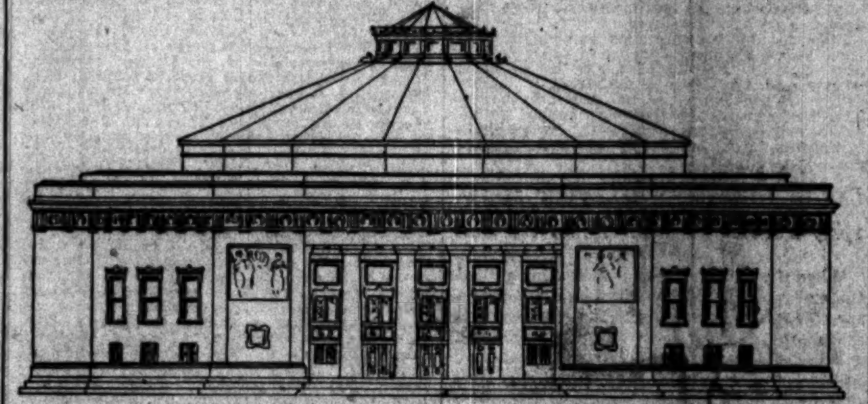
Theodore Thomas swung his baton and 114 musicians obeyed it yesterday when Choral Hall was informally dedicated, or rather tested. About the hall and in the galleries 1,500 persons sat and shivered, while half as many more sat on chairs and likewise shivered, for



ORIGINAL DESIGN FOR CHORAL HALL.

there was no colder place on the Fair grounds than Choral Hall. Mr. Thomas wore his hat, overcoat, and gloves as he led his big band, the musicians of which also kept on their wraps as far as possible.

The concert was announced for 12 o'clock and the artists were all on hand ready to begin Berlioz's march "Rakoczy," but Mr. Thomas was a little late in taking his place on a staff bedecked box which did service as a temporary stand. When he was recognized the crowd cheered him and then hushed into silence. Of course those who gathered to listen to music in so chilly a place as Choral Hall did so for love of music and may be supposed to have been competent judges. They generally protested that the acoustic properties of the hall were poor, but thought that



CHORAL HALL AS IT IS.

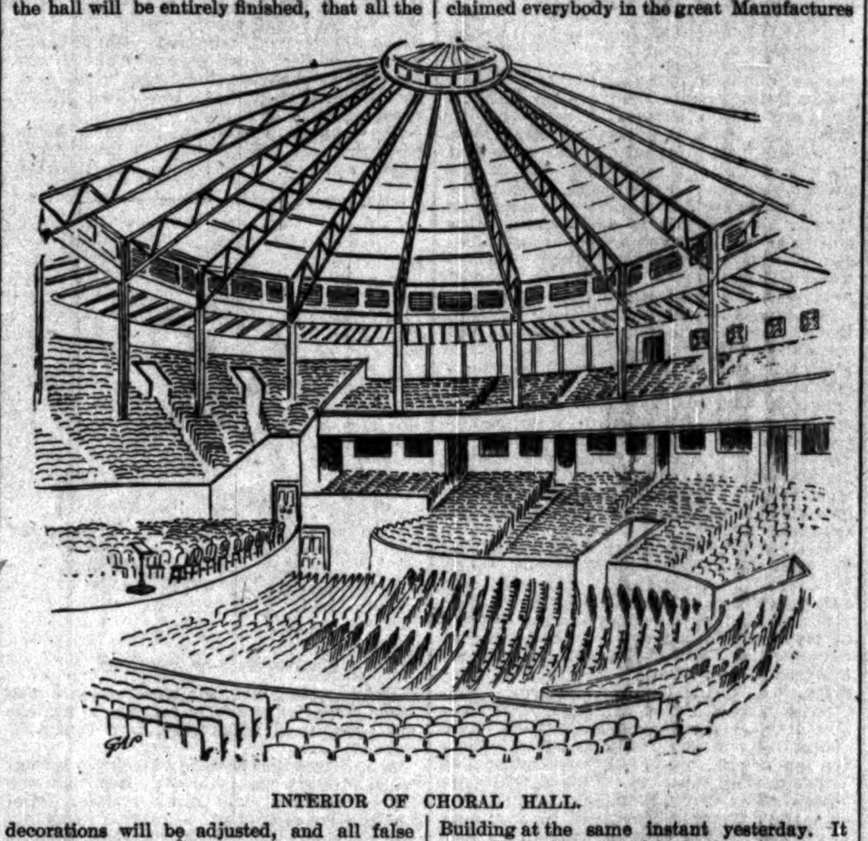
with its completion and the adjustment of all decorations this defect may be remedied.

The following program was played through, the audience hearing it with interest and appreciation in spite of the cold and other shortcomings:

March—"Rakoczy" .... Berlioz
Overture—"Der Freischuetz" .... Weber
Air .... Bach
Hungarian dances, Nos. 17 to 21 .... Brahms
Suite 1—"L'Arlesienne" ....
Prelude. Minuetto. Adagietto. Carillon.
Waltz—"Publicisten" .... Johann Strauss
Selections—"Lohengrin," Act 1 .... Wagner

Formal Opening Next Monday.

The formal opening of Choral Hall, it is intended, shall take place next Monday with a Wagner program, in honor of the anniversary of Wagner's birth. The organ will be ready by that time, and besides the Thomas orchestra Frau Materna will sing and the large chorus under Prof. Tomlins will also give numbers. It is promised by that time the hall will be entirely finished, that all the



INTERIOR OF CHORAL HALL.

decorations will be adjusted, and all false echoing corners filled up or properly shielded. Already the chairs for the chorus, 1,500 in number, rise up back of the stage in high tiers surrounding the great organ.

The seating capacity for visitors is only partially equipped so far, but it is expected to have all in readiness for their comfort by the time of the formal opening. There will be seats for 4,000 in the parquet and the two galleries, besides ten boxes, each capable of accommodating a score of persons. The auditorium of Choral Hall is close and compact. The interior arrangement is that of the Greek theater. Behind the stage are the organ and the seats of the chorus. All the rest of the hall is given up to the audience and it is divided on the same general plan as that which prevails at the Auditorium. The choicest seats, save those of the boxes, are in that part of the pit not taken up by the orchestra stage, and they are reached through tunnels which pass under the first balcony. Behind the seats of the first balcony is a spacious promenade from which wide stairways lead to the upper gallery. The seating arrangements of the hall are admirable, as at no place is either the eye or the ear at a disadvantage.

The exterior is of Doric style and in material the general finish is in keeping with the other portions of the White City. The main and grand entrance faces towards the east, but there are also entrances on the north and south, so the building can be either filled or empied in quick order.

F. M. Whitehouse is the architect and his original plans were considerably modified because of lack of funds. Both the original and modified buildings are given herewith.

BOSTON'S EXPERT MUSICIANS PLAY.

Franz Kneisel Conducts the Symphony Orchestra Concert in Music Hall.

The Boston Symphony Orchestra played before some 300 of its Chicago admirers and friends yesterday afternoon in Music Hall. Franz Kneisel was the conductor, and he wielded the baton with a quiet grace and a skill that won for him approval and recognition as an effective leader—one under whose direction the famed Eastern organization suffered no dimming of the brilliancy with which it long has shone. The work of the orchestra yesterday was, as it has been for many seasons, remarkable for its high technical finish and nice attention to detail—qualities that enable the band easily to take its place as the virtuoso among American orchestras. Not only its playing but its interpretation is invariably that of the virtuoso—highly finished in execution, brilliant and dramatic in style. Everything from the Bach Prelude, Adagio and Gavotte to the Tschaikowski Symphony was given with this intensity and vividness, and the effects, although often seeming strange to the ears of those accustomed to Mr. Thomas' quieter, more serious readings, were keenly enjoyable as a matter of novelty if nothing else. The selections consisted of the Berlioz "Benvenuto Cellini" overture, the Bach Prelude, Adagio and Gavotte; Saint-Saëns' "Le rouet d'Omphale," and the Tschaikowski Symphony No. 5.

C. M. Loeffler, the concert master, was the soloist, his selection being Saint-Saëns' Concerto for violin, op. 26. The composition is a rather grateful one for the soloist, and Mr. Loeffler availed himself of every opportunity it offers with as good results as are possible in a hall so unfitted for satisfactory violin solo work as is Music Hall at present. A beautiful tone, pure and warm in quality, fine technical facility, and great refinement and artistic taste made his work yesterday enjoyable and satisfying.

The second and last concert by the Boston Symphony Orchestra will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in Music Hall. The Bureau of Music announces that the hall will be heated and that draperies will be put in the upper arches in hopes of remedying the echo. The program follows:

Overture, "Leonore," No. 3 .... Beethoven
Symphony No. 2, in C, op. 61 .... Schumann
Concerto for violoncello and orchestra .... Saint-Saëns
First and second movements.
Alwin Schroeder.
Prelude and closing scene, "Tristan and Isolde," .... Wagner
Miss Felicia Kaschoska.
"Siegfried's Rhine Journey," from "Goetterdaemmerung" .... Wagner
Overture, "Tannhaeuser" .... Wagner

THOUGHT THE ROOF WAS FALLING IN.

Collapse of a Pile of Empty Casks in Manufactures Causes a Sensation.

"Heavens and earth; what was that?" exclaimed everybody in the great Manufactures Building at the same instant yesterday. It was a little after 12 o'clock, the hammering and sawing had ceased, and the workmen were scattered here and there opening their dinner cans. There came a voice that made everybody's heart jump into his mouth. No one had any doubt what it was. It sounded like only one thing, and that was the collapse of a section of the roof of the building. There was first a loud cracking of beams, and then a roar like twenty thunders, followed by a rattle of glass, that reverberated through the building, and brought 5,000 people on a run to see the wreck.

The trouble was in the southwest corner of the building, where the Destileria Argentina's alcohol exhibit is located. The exhibit consisted merely of large ornamental oaken casks, with gilded inscriptions, piled up twenty feet high. On the pinnacle was an immense four-headed cask that weighed two tons. It rested on a frail scaffold, and gave some alarm to the people in the neighborhood before it fell. Two young ladies behind a show-case were looking at it and one of them had just said: "I think that thing means to pay us a visit," when down it came at their very feet and smashed the glass in their show-case. A lady who had been standing at the show-case a moment before had a narrow escape.

Massachusetts' Great Day.

A communication was received yesterday from Adjutant-General Dalton of Massachusetts asking that June 17 be set aside as Massachusetts day at the Fair. Inclosed with the letter was a resolution adopted by the State authorizing the Governor to spend $12,000 on that day and to give a banquet at the State building.

Baptists Protest Against Opening.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 15.—[Special.]—Dr. T. T. Eaton of Louisville offered a resolution at today's session of the Southern Baptist convention, which was adopted, protesting in the name of 1,300,000 Baptist communicants of this country against the opening of the World's Fair Sunday.

TO OPEN ALL THE FAIR.

PROBABLE ACTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TODAY.

The "Open Gates" Resolution to Be Changed to Include the Buildings, Then as a Rule It Will Be Submitted to the National Commission for Its Approval—Conference Between Representatives of the Two Bodies at Which This Plan Is Arranged.

World's Fair Directors will probably take up the question of Sunday opening at a special meeting to be held in the Rand-McNally Building today. Last Friday the directors decided that the gates should be open on and after May 21, which is next Sunday. Their decision, however, applied only to the grounds and did not include the opening of exhibit buildings. They acted without the concurrence of the National World's Fair Commission, and their action caused so much indignation in the latter body that conferences were held yesterday looking toward united action and a promulgation of a rule opening the entire Fair.

Late yesterday afternoon a committee of the local directory, consisting of Directors Ferd W. Peck, Lyman J. Gage, Edwin Walker, Henry B. Stone, Thomas B. Bryan, A. H. Revel, and R. A. Waller, had an informal consultation with three members of the Judiciary committee of the National Commission, consisting of J. W. St. Clair, O. R. Hundley, and J. R. Burton. After the conference it was generally understood that the directory would, at its meeting today, place its former gate-opening resolution in the form of a rule, add to it that the entire Exposition should be open Sundays, and submit the same to the meeting of the commission before its adjournment this afternoon.

Conference Ends Harmoniously.

The conference between the representatives of the two bodies was a long one and ended harmoniously. The National Commissioners denied straightforwardly the right of the local corporation to open even the gates without the consent of the commission. It is over this question that the indignation arose on the part of the commission. It claims that according to the original act of Congress the directors should originate rules governing the Fair and that their approval or modification by the National Commission is necessary before such rules become operative. In the interest of harmony it was conceded that the directory might have been in error in standing apart from the commission in its gate-opening resolution. Directors Peck and Higinbotham were inclined to be conciliatory, and as indicated a Sunday opening rule may be submitted pro forma to the commission today.

After the adjournment of the conference the directors went out to dinner and subsequently returned to further discuss the matter among themselves. Mr. Peck said, as he walked away from the Administration Building:

"Our next step shall be an advanced one."

"Does that mean the opening of the exhibit buildings as well as the grounds?"

"Well, yes."

After last night's conference Mr. Peck said there might or might not be any action taken today. There seems little occasion to doubt though that the subject will be discussed by the directory.

Opening Depends on Developments.

Whether or not the grounds will be open next Sunday, in accordance with the resolution of the directory, depends upon circumstances which will develop in the course of the week. One director said yesterday:

"Of course the grounds will be open next Sunday, unless the Director-General can muster force enough to close them. What will be the status the following Sunday I am not prepared to say. That furnishes time enough for legal interference. And a wise prophet would not predict in the midst of so many uncertainties."

The three members of the Judiciary committee of the National Commission are expected to make a report today on the Edwin Walker opinion upon which the directory acted at its meeting last Friday. It may make no report, though, in case it should not have a quorum. But even when the full committee report it is likely to be divided. Commissioner George V. Massey of Delaware, one of the members, is an outspoken Sunday-closer, while a majority of the committee are in favor of an open Fair.

"Whatever our report may be," said Committeeman Burton last night, "I think it will be in the nature of an expression of individual opinion and carry no further weight with it than the members would individually on the floor."

Chances Favor Opening.

How the National Commission will vote is, of course, problematical, but in the event of a large attendance when final decision is reached, the chances are in favor of a Sunday opening vote. The members who incline this way have been working industriously for the last week to secure adherence to their cause. Every honorable means has been taken to convince the halting ones that in the interest of the welfare of the people the gates should be open seven days in the week.

Director Edwin Walker, who wrote the opinion for the directory relative to opening the gates, said yesterday:

"I am being deluged with letters from women whose language would be a disgrace to a London fish-woman. They all consign me to a pretty warm place."

CITY WILL SUE FOR OPEN GATES.

Petition for an Injunction to Restrain Their Closing to Be Sued Out Friday.

The City of Chicago, through Corporation Counsel Adolf Kraus, will, Friday, institute proceedings in equity to enjoin the closing of exhibits at the World's Fair Sunday. The Park Board will join with the city in the proceedings to be instituted. To make it more binding several stockholders, half a dozen private citizens, and a few concessionaires will be added to the list of praying petitioners for a mandatory injunction.

Ten days ago the legal plan was formulated by Corporation Counsel Kraus and his assistant, C. S. Darrow. They held their conferences behind closed doors, but when the plan was well matured an innocent resolution was passed by the Common Council authorizing the work that was then going quietly on.

The principal plea of the bill is that the petitioners, that is, every one, the city, the park board, the stockholders, etc., suffer financial loss and injury. The $5,000,000 in bonds that Chicago stands good for on the day of their proposed redemption must be paid from the gate receipts alone. No taxation for their payment is provided for. Moreover, it is absolutely forbidden in the enactment making legal the issue of bonds.

OLNEY ASKED TO SECURE INJUNCTIONS

Sabbatarians Call on the President and Attorney-General to Enforce the Law.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—The Executive committee of the American Sabbath Union met this morning to discuss what pressure could be brought to bear to prevent the World's Fair directors from opening the gates of the Fair next Sunday. William Irwin, William R. Warrall, A. S. Bacon, J. H. Knowles, and Leighton Williams of the Executive committee, and E. F. Cragin of Chicago, President of the Columbian Sabbath Association, were present. Secretary Knowles sent this message to President Cleveland:

The American Sabbath Union, representing fourteen leading denominations, appeals to you to use your influence and power that the laws of our country may be obeyed and the gates of the Columbian Exposition be closed on Sunday.

A hint at injunction proceedings was given in the message to Attorney-General Olney. The message was in these words:

Our union appeals to you to enjoin opening the gates of the Columbian Exposition Sundays. If opened endless confusion and bitter feeling will be assured in connection with the attempt by the government to recover money for contract violated by the directors. The law-breaking spirit must not be encouraged. Your decision of April 19 against the same Edwin Walker's claims should be honored.

To President Palmer this message was sent:

The whole Nation looks to you to rescue our land from threatened law breaking maneuvers of Chicago directors. Can they not be made to see that their contemplated action would disgrace them as well as the whole Nation and be a fearful blow at the future of the Fair?

Secretary Knowles was asked if he thought the members of the Sabbath Union and others sympathising with them would "boycott" the Fair if it was opened Sundays.

"Boycott is a harsh word," Mr. Knowles answered, "but I think it expresses the attitude which will be taken by the church people who have been making the fight to prevent Sunday opening."

CALL IT A DIRECT VIOLATION.

Presbyterian and Congregational Ministers Pass Resolutions on Sunday Closing.

The Presbyterian and Congregational ministers held a joint meeting yesterday.

The Rev. J. A. Adams of the *Advance* spoke strongly against Sunday opening of the World's Fair, saying that the government would not allow the buildings to be open Sunday, that the Eastern States had all protested against Sunday opening, and from what he had heard foreign buildings would not be opened. Exhibiters in general, he declared, were not in favor of the opening of the Fair.

Among the other speakers were Dr. Goodwin, pastor of the Union Park Congregational Church; Dr. Lewis of the Presbyterian Central Church of Joliet, and Dr. McPherson of the Second Presbyterian Church of this city. The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the Presbyterian and Congregational ministers of Chicago assembled in this meeting make a most earnest protest against the action of the directory of the World's Fair in voting to open the gates of the Exposition Sunday as a violation of a distinct and definite agreement, as a nullification of an act of Congress, and as a defiance of the Christian sentiment of the country.

CHICAGO DAY THE DAY OF THE FIRE.

Proper Arrangements Will Be Made to Celebrate Oct. 9—Reception to Infanta.

The Committee on Ceremonies met in the Rand-McNally Building yesterday afternoon. Oct. 9 was set aside as "Chicago day," in commemoration of the great fire of 1871 and arrangements will be made for appropriate observance of that date. The question of a proper celebration of the Fourth of July was taken up, but deferred until next Saturday.

A committee of one was appointed to confer with Walker Fearn on a reception to the Infanta Eulalia. It will take place at the Virginia Hotel, the exact date to be hereafter decided upon. Mr. Fearn says he has received positive information that the Infanta will arrive in Chicago sometime between May 24 and 26. She will stop at the Auditorium.

The Committee on Ceremonies will meet at 2:30 o'clock every Saturday in the future at the rooms of the committee at Jackson Park.

The appropriation set aside for the use of the committee in defraying the expenses attendant upon the reception of the President and the Duke was not entirely used, there being a surplus of $500 remaining.

JUNE 1 IS KENTUCKY'S BIG DAY.

State Building, with Its Sideboard, to Be Appropriately Dedicated.

The Kentucky State Building is rapidly approaching completion and the Commissioners expect to have it furnished complete within ten days. The building represents an old blue grass home, and in addition to the reception rooms, bureau of information, and other conveniences similar to all the State buildings the Kentuckians will add a restaurant and a sideboard. The dedication is set for June 1, the 100th anniversary of Kentucky's admission into the Union, and in order that there shall be no politics a Republican and a Democratic orator have been selected for the day. W. O. Bradley is the Republican and Gov. John Lyle Brown is the Democrat. Henry Watterson has also been invited to be present. The State Press Association, the State Legislature, all the State Commissioners, the national and local directory, and Vice-President Stevenson and his family have accepted invitations to be present.

Discharging "Short" Guards.

Columbian Guards, of whom there is a suspicion that they are not up to the required height of five feet eight inches, are being called up for remeasurement. Several were found wanting yesterday and discharged. New evidence has been secured to show that applicants under size were allowed to go through by Hospital Steward Webster for a consideration, Guard Todd admitting that he had paid him $5.

BULLETIN OF The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1893.

Weather for this vicinity:
Generally fair, slightly warmer.

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1 Tomorrow Norway's Day at the Fair.
First Performance in Choral Hall.
Plan to Open All the Fair Sundays.
Women Begin Auxiliary Congress Work.
2 Midway Plaisance Brightens Up.
3 Whisky Trust to Issue Bonds.
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5 More Bank Failures in Australia.
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Norweigan Steamer Held Three Months.
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No Close Finishes at Hawthorne.
Pittsburg Easily Defeats the Chicagos.
7 Decision Against the Chinese.
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Another Hoosier Lynching.
8 Lincoln Park Investigation Committee Meets.
9 Mr. Carlisle Ousting Republicans.
Ald. Martin's Property Goes to a Receiver.
Egbert Jamieson Writes on Sunday Closing.
12 Railroad Rates Are Too High.
Local Stock Market Heavy.

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION NEWS.

Yesterday—Local Directors and National Commissioners Discussing the Sunday Opening Question—The City Decides to Institute Proceedings to Prevent the Closing of the Gates—First Performance in Choral Hall—Movement to Establish a "Bureau of Complaints"—Miss Jane Meade Welch Lectures in the Woman's Building—Oct. 9 Set Apart as "Chicago Day," Commemorative of the Great Fire—Boston Symphony Orchestra Plays in Music Hall—Attorney W. K. Carlisle Tenders His Resignation.

Today—Local Directors to Pass a Rule Opening Fair Grounds and Buildings Sundays and Submit It to the National Commission for Approval—Concert by Boston Symphony Orchestra in Music Hall at 3 P. M.—Lillie Devereaux Blake Lectures on "Our Forgotten Foremothers" in the Woman's Building.

LAST EDITION.

BEGIN THE CONGRESS

Representative Women Inaugurate Auxiliary Work.

ART PALACE IS CROWDED.

Distinguished Foreign Representatives Welcomed.

OLD WORLD GREETINGS.

Stirring Speeches at Both Morning and Night Sessions.

MEETINGS HAPPILY BEGUN.

Silver-haired women who half a century ago sowed in a barren place the seed of a plant they named "Woman's Progress" watched it unfold its crowning flower in the friendly atmosphere of Chicago's beautiful Art Palace yesterday. For the tears with which they had watered it, for the anxiety with which they had watched its growth through the passing years, the perfect blossom, glowing with all the brilliant colors that civilized nations can boast their own, and

MRS. MAY WRIGHT SEWALL.

fragrant with the unity of a world's womanhood, amply repaid them. In the satisfaction of seeing in the convening of the World's Congress of Representative Women the fruitage of their labor and fostering care they could afford to forget the pangs with which their work had been attended.

On the platforms of the halls in which the meetings were held yesterday were brilliant American women, flushed with a [illegible] sense of their power; titled foreigners, graciously representing their absent sisters in far countries—a goodly gathering for the great audience to gaze on and feel a kinship for. But not to them was the true significance of the day brought home as to three women who sat modestly with "the other" people, and whose individuality was lost temporarily in theirs.

Cause for Reminiscences.

Gentle Lucy Stone, who looked down on the assembly from the balcony, must have thought how she incurred odium by public speaking forty years ago. Susan B. Anthony must have remembered, half-sadly, some of her own battles, fought fiercely for "the cause." Julia Ward Howe, whose delicate face smiled up benignly at the morning's speakers, might well have repeated: "Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord," giving

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN.

the words a different significance than that breathed into them when she first wrote them years ago.

Not to them alone did the remembrance of the past make sweeter the present. For there were in the gathering more women who had felt Time's touch than those who were enjoying youth's immunity. Still, it was a representative audience. Dusky faces looked out of it as well as white ones, children hung on to their mothers' skirts, gay bonnets "neighbored" with sober ones, and a gentle "Friend" and white-haired Shaker sat side by side. There were not many men in attendance. It was distinctly "woman's day," and not even the opening exercises of the World's Congress Auxiliary, conducted by Charles C. Bonney, availed to give it more than a passing aspect of masculinity. That the honorable body of men who lent dignity to the opening exercises by sitting on the platform felt a bit out of place was indicated by a gallant remark of the Russian Commissioner, who sat next to Thomas B. Bryan. When the first gleam of sunshine lit up the dark corners in Columbus Hall and touched brightly the waving banners hung from its roof he leaned over to his neighbor and said, impressively, as if he meant it: "This is the only country in the world where the sun would shine just because 3,000 women wanted it to."

Were Not Wholly Abandoned.

The men received some support, however, by the presence of Desmosthenes and the young Augustus, who shared the platform with them and spoke effectively—in marble. Zeus, too, looked down from an advantageous position on the wall back of them, lending his countenance to the affair, or rather to their participation in it. Of the women he doubtless took an old-fashioned view, considering them out of their element.

Throughout the exercises there was nothing to break the successful following of the program, so far as the audience was concerned. When Mrs. Palmer entered many of the women arose, applauding heartily. Mrs. Henrotin, too, received an enthusiastic greeting, and the other speakers were warmly welcomed. For the rest the women were quiet, attentive, and not especially demonstrative. Only once did a voice break the stillness of the room while an address was in progress.

That was when Mrs. May Wright Sewall called attention to the fact that Congress had paid for the printing of the matter issued by the Congress. "For the first time in the world's history," exclaimed Susan B. Anthony, for whose spirit this proved too much. The presence of Mrs. Frances Harper on the platform was significant. She is a colored woman, who will address the congress during the week on the political advancement of her race.

GREETINGS OF FOREIGN DELEGATES.

Many Representatives from Other Countries Address the Evening Session.

The first day's session of the World's Congress of Representative Women was ended with a large meeting last night in the Hall of Washington, where formal welcome was extended to the distinguished foreign women in attendance at the congress. As at the double morning exercises, the spacious new hall was well filled by an audience which had a far larger proportion of men than the daytime meetings. There was some delay in the opening. It was after 8 o'clock when Mrs. Potter Palmer led the way to the platform, followed by a score of women prominent in various parts of the world in the work of charity and moral reform or in movements for enlarging women's sphere and rights.

Before introducing the first of the foreign delegates Mrs. Palmer announced that a reception would be given this afternoon to all members of the congress by the West End Woman's club. She then presented Mrs. Florence Fenwick Miller of the Women's Franchise League of England, who said that one of the prophesies of Mother Shipton, old England's witch, was that the twentieth century would be the women's century. "In my earliest girlhood," said Mrs. Miller, "any suggestion that women had broader possibilities and might be endowed with wider duties and rights was entitled an Americanism and looked upon almost with a sneer. Today things are different, and it is America's honor to have led the way toward the better day which is even now dawning." In some respects, she thought, England was in advance of America in the freedom granted women. She might, indeed, before she died see a lady Archbishop of Canterbury, but she had not the highest hopes of it. It was a fancy, perhaps, like the flying machine, but it was a beautiful fancy and one which she had pleasure in contemplating. She said that the Franchise League was working for the parliamentary franchise, for improved divorce laws, and for amendments to the present inheritance laws.

Jane Cobden Unwin of England was the next speaker and took occasion to say that English women were full of admiring interest in the rapid progress their American sisters were making toward absolute rights of free citizenship. She was followed by Frau Elizabet Kaselowsky, who brought to America the deepest sympathy of advanced German women in the growing sentiment for woman's equality. Isabel Bogelot of Paris, Treasurer of the International Council of Women, spoke in her native tongue. She said:

In the name of France I salute first our hostesses, American women; then all of you women who represent here so many different countries. Today we should have but one universal country, one where justice would reign; one flag alone, which would fill all our hearts with a desire to ameliorate the lot of the young. I bow my head to the memory of the brave women who were in the struggle for woman's rights, but who have quitted this earth before the definitive victory. I am proud to find myself in the midst of young women whose names will pass to posterity laden with the gratitude of their freed sisters, for to have struggled to make understood the rights of women is to have a second time abolished slavery. I close my sincere and modest hope for the good time coming in congratulating the numerous young women who are taking part in our work, and recognize the happy results that have crowned persevering efforts. In going forward under the banner lifted by their elders, in working in their train, the generation that is to follow us will see, let us hope, the triumph of woman's cause. And who knows but that the complete recognition of the rights of women may not take for its anniversary the glorious May 15. This day all nations, united, have opened the International Congress of Women.

Next following was Miss Margaret Windeyer, representative from New South Wales. Of her countrywomen she said, after conveying their kindly greeting: "If not in arts illustrious and consummate, they are in friendship noble and sincere." After her Mrs. Palmer introduced Mme. Marie Deraismes, of Paris, who, in the name of France, saluted the women of America. Fräulein Augusta Forster spoke briefly on the condition of German education for women. She was sorry to report that the doors of German universities had not yet been thrown open to women, but she had hopes of it in the future. Baroness Thorborg-Rappe, who has the distinction of being the only foreign woman commissioner officially appointed by a national government, was the next speaker. She was from Sweden and said that her own country loved liberty and knowledge just as Americans did. Greece was represented by Mme. Callirhoe Parren, who spoke briefly.

Josefa Humpal Zeman, representing Bohemia, said that she needed to make no excuses for the women of her country. They had struggled; they believed that women's noblest duties were as mothers, sisters, and wives. They went to the wars with their husbands, stood by them, sacrificed them, and died for them. She made a report of woman's education in Bohemia, and said that women would soon be admitted to the University of Prague.

Kaethe Schirmacher of Germany, Kirstine Frederiksen of Denmark, Mrs. John Harvie of Canada, Hulda Lundin of Sweden, Dr. Augusta Stowe Gullen, Sigrid Storkenfeldt of Sweden, Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Filley, and Mrs. McDonald of Canada were the other women introduced by Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Charles Henrotin, and Mrs. May Wright Sewall.

At the close of their short acknowledgments, Mrs. Henrotin announced that a conference on literature and art would be held in Hall XXVIII. this afternoon at 4 o'clock. An address will be given them on "Romance of American History" by Mary Hartwell Catherwood, author of "Lady of Port St. John" and "Romance of Dollard." It is to be followed by a tea at 5 o'clock this afternoon. It was also announced that Thursday afternoon of this week the following program would be given in Conference Hall on science and philosophy:

1. "Sex in Brain," Mrs. Helen Gardener. 2. "American School at Athens," Miss Peck. 3. "Philosophy of Individuality," Mrs. Antoinette B. Blackwell. 4. "Work of the Philosophy and Science Branch of the Congress Auxiliary," Mrs. Caroline K. Sherman and Mrs. Fenwick Miller of London.

FORMALLY OPENS THE CONGRESSES.

President Bonney Speaks of the Origin, Development, and Scope.

The exercises in Columbus Hall were opened by a prayer offered by Prof. Swing. President Charles C. Bonney followed this with an address on the work of the congress and introduced Mrs. Palmer, who, after a brief address, gave place to Mrs. Charles Henrotin, President of the Woman's Branch of the Congress Auxiliary. The other speakers, Mrs. May Wright Sewall and the Countess of Aberdeen, were introduced by her. The morning session was brought to a close by Mrs. Albert Barker's reading of Edna Dean Proctor's ode, "Columbia's Emblem."

On the platform sat a number of distinguished men and women, among whom were:

Chamberlain P. Gloukhovsky, Commissioner-General of Russia; Carlos R. Gallardo, President of the Argentine Commission; Dr. Hephas Waltzoldt of the University of Berlin; the representative of the Prussian exhibits of education; B. Theodoroff, Russian Imperial Delegate to the Fair; Dr. Anton von Palitschek, Commissioner-General for Austria; Dr. Alexander Popporic, Assistant Commissioner of Austria; Baron Georges Pilar von Pilchan, Delegate from Russia; L. de Dimoha, Imperial Delegate of Russia and President of St. Petersburg University; the Marquis de Barboles, Gustave Niederlein of the Argentine Commission, L. P. Mercer, the Rev. Jenkins Lloyd Jones, the Rev. David Swing, the Rev. Bishop Fallows, Thomas B. Bryan, Mrs. William L. Wisner, Cape of Good Hope; Mrs. S. S. Curron, Toronto, Ont.; J. W. Scales, Toronto, Ont.; Dr. Augustus Stone Fuller, Canada; Miss Josephine L. de Pledge, Chelsea, England; Mrs. Bedford-Fennick, England; Mrs. Cobden Unwin, England; Mrs. Mary McDonald, Canada; Mrs. Margaret G. Parker, Scotland; Mme. Smetchkin, Mrs. Albert Parker, England; Countess of Aberdeen, Mrs. Ormiton Chant, London; Mrs. John Harris, Toronto; Frances E. W. Harper, Philadelphia; Mrs. Elizabeth M. Tilley, London, Canada; Isabella Bogelot, France; M. B. Carse, Callirral Tarren, Athens, Greece.

President C. C. Bonney in formally opening the World's Congresses spoke in substance as follows:

Leaders of Progress, Friends of Learning and Virtue, Fellow-Workers for the Welfare of Man: The sovereign providence of God has made us participants in the important and far reaching work that will be known in the history of mankind as "The World's Congresses of 1893," and we have assembled to begin the actual execution of the plans which have been prepared. The day of realization has come. What must have seemed to many a splendid but impossible dream has become a present reality. We enter this day upon the actual enjoyment of the pleasures and the benefits it promised. The shining blossoms of the dream have changed to ripened fruit that waits our taking.

The paramount motive of the World's Congress movement may well be noticed. The golden rule of life furnished the basis for the desired union. Asking from all the world respect for our own convictions, customs, and institutions, and the liberty to enjoy them; simple justice commanded us to offer in return the same respect for what others believe to be truth and duty. Making no surrender of our own convictions, the principles we profess to hold compel us to act toward others as we would have them do by us. When we invite the leaders of other lands to meet us in friendly conference we stand pledged to avoid every appearance of putting them in any false or compromising position. We aim to be faithful servants of the truth. We acknowledge its

MRS. HENROTIN READING HER ADDRESS.

sovereignty. We realize that the most gifted of our race can but imperfectly comprehend and portray its mysteries. Because the truth is infinite, and we are only finite, it must forever transcend our efforts to understand and obey it, although we may do so to the utmost of our limited abilities.

We do not ask, as a condition of recognition and friendly intercourse, that individuals, families, or communities of our own race and tongue, shall adopt all our peculiar views, whether social, moral, religious, or political. Much less should we make such adoption a condition of international fraternity. But the most zealous devotee of one form of faith or government may, obviously, without any surrender of his own convictions, heartily desire to come into friendly relations with those who cherish other forms of religion and civil authority, not for the purpose of controversy, much less for opposition or persecution, but with the noble hope that they may see reflected in his words and life what he believes to be the superior merit of his own. This doctrine is the golden bridge over the dark chasm which has so long divided mankind into contending sects and parties.

For ages, races, nations, communities, religions, and institutions have stood in positions of practical hostility toward each other, aiming to be always prepared for strife even in the midst of an apparently enduring peace. At last the time has come when this unhappy condition will be changed. The old rule of international law, that a citizen of one country has no rights in any other, save such, if any, as have been expressly conferred, must give way to the higher and better doctrine that in every land the people of other countries should have all the rights and privileges of citizens, except such, if any, as have been expressly withheld. This is sufficient for the proper protection of every nation against dangers from without which it may desire to exclude.

We would make of many peoples, one truly human race; we would form of many States one mighty and harmonious brotherhood of nations, over whose bounteous fields, tilled by enlightened industry, guarded by established justice, and reaped by willing hands for happy homes, shall bend forever the bounteous skies of peace.

Mr. Bonney then proceeded to review the origin and development of the world's congresses scheme, and made acknowledgment of indebtedness to various eminent men, some of them now dead, for encouragement, suggestions, and coöperation. He went into a concise outline of the plans and presented a synopsis of the work laid out for the summer. He said, continuing:

To state the simple truth that, with exceptions too few and small to deserve remembrance, this great work has been accomplished with wonderful energy, patience, good sense, harmony, and subordination to the supreme purposes in view; and that, while in a few cases adverse circumstances have prevented the organization of a proposed congress, not one has failed from a more ignoble cause, is to leave no occasion for any further resort to the vocabulary of praise. The work of these many builders stands today, like the architectural wonders of the White City at Jackson Park, practically harmonious and complete. Yet the divine and eternal law of ever-recurring seed-time and harvest, applies here as elsewhere to human affairs. We cannot have in this first harvest the full fruition of the World's Congress scheme. Only the coming generations will witness the full realization of its ideals, and enjoy in complete measure its manifold results.

Of the letters received from the honorary and advisory members of the World's Congress Auxiliary it may be said that from them might be compiled such an anthology of exalted sentiments, fraternal hopes, and offers of coöperation as would gladden the heart of every lover of human kind. Some of these members will be prevented by distance and adverse circumstances from being present to take a personal part in the congresses with which their names are connected, but they are with us in spirit, and will wait with eager interest the reports of our proceedings. They will also represent in their respective countries the noble and enduring principles of the World's Congress movement.

It may be observed that great care has been taken to guard against any injustice to a few representatives from a distant country, by reason of the greater attendance expected from the American States. The proceedings, as has often been stated, are not to be submitted to a vote of the persons present, but will be offered to the enlightened people of the whole world, and especially to those classes most deeply concerned, for deliberate examination and that calm and comprehensive judgment upon their merits which cannot otherwise be given. Each writer and speaker must depend upon the truth and power of his words, not upon the favor of the hour for the adoption of his views. The English language will necessarily be the only official language of the Congresses, but the utmost courtesy will be exercised to secure the proper interpretation and translation of remarks and papers in other languages.

In conclusion Mr. Bonney said:

A single week of years stands between us and the twentieth century. If the causes now in operation shall go on unchecked the world will witness in these seven years the crowning glories of more than seven centuries of human progress. With this hope I proclaim the formal opening of the World's Congresses of 1893.

MRS. PALMER'S WORDS OF WELCOME.

She Accords the Women Representatives Present a Cordial Greeting.

Mrs. Potter Palmer, as President of the Woman's Branch of the Congress Auxiliary, then welcomed the women representatives. She said:

As President of the Woman's Branch of the Congress Auxiliary I have the privilege and pleasure of welcoming to Chicago the brilliant women of well-known achievement who will inaugurate the series of congresses to be held in this building during the coming months. Their appreciation of the significance of this occasion and the value of this opportunity has caused representatives from every part of the world to undertake the long journey and to be present here. Each has been moved by the desire to assist in properly focusing the last and best thought developed in the various departments of the world's work. All bring their votive offerings to help to build and make beautiful the great Temple of Truth.

The influence for good emanating from these halls cannot be overestimated, for the words here spoken will be widely read and felt. They will express not only the actual conditions and potent forces which are working for good today, but also the influence that lie just back of them, which will make possible a better and happier tomorrow.

I confine myself to a few words of greeting, as I desire that the more formal addresses of the day shall be made by our able and indefatigable Vice-President, to whose efforts the congresses owe so much, and by the Chairman of the local committee for the congress of representative women, who has labored unceasingly for the success of this conference.

It is with the heartiest wish for a successful and profitable meeting that I again bid you welcome in the name of the Woman's Branch of the Congress Auxiliary and the women of Chicago.

WOMAN'S PART IN THE CONGRESSES.

Mrs. Charles Henrotin Gives a Succinct Outline of the Work.

Mrs. Charles Henrotin then gave an outline of the part women would take in the congresses. She said in substance:

Mr. Bonney, President of the Auxiliary, in his eloquent exposition of the scope and aim of the congresses, has told you of the formation of the Woman's Branch and of the great results it hopes to achieve. Before opening the Congress of Representative Women I shall ask you to give me your attention while I tell you of the part that will be borne by women in each department of the congresses.

This Congress of Representative Women will be followed Monday, May 22, by the Congresses of the Public Press, under three divisions—the "Public Press," the "Religious Press," and "Trade Journals." Monday, May 29, the congresses in the department of medicine will be held. Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson is the Chairman of the Woman's committee. It would be a travesty not alone on charity but on suffering humanity were not women accorded an equal representation in these great movements, every one of which represents the sacrifice of hundreds of lives in order that suffering may be alleviated. It is an interesting phase of the inauguration of the advancement of woman that the first association among them should have been to relieve suffering. The Sanitary Commission formed during the war virtually inaugurated in this country the great movement toward association, of which this congress is the culminating point.

June 19 in the Congress of Commerce and Finance it would be natural to suppose that, while women have a tremendous interest at stake, they have hitherto satisfied themselves by voting that interest by proxy, drawing the dividends and spending the money, or losing every cent of it in one of those financial upheavals which all the wisdom of the financiers have failed in averting. But the modern woman is lifting up her voice even in the sacred precincts of commerce and finance, and two or three papers will be devoted to her interest in the congress of bankers and financiers.

In the insurance congresses, while a special session will be devoted to the interest of insurance women and presided over by a woman in the insurance business, women actively engaged in that branch of finance will read papers. Mrs. Sarah Steenberg is Chairman of the Woman's Committee on Insurance.

July 17 commence the special Congresses of Education. There is no phase of education in which women are not interested and have not vindicated their rights by passing the most difficult examinations, but with the instinct of preservation of the race, the mother instinct, they have largely taken under their control and guidance primary education, and their superiority in this respect has never been questioned. It is a comparatively easy thing to lecture to a class of university students, but it takes the highest order of talent to instruct and wisely develop the beautiful possibilities latent in that pretty pink thing called a baby.

Monday, Aug. 7, the Congresses in the Department of Government will convene. All the subjects of this congress embrace questions in which women are vitally interested, more interested than are men, who have representation in making laws while women are the slaves of the law; as in civil service reform, where they must pass examinations but have no voice in making the rules governing these examinations. Every question to be discussed in this department is of burning interest to them, and yet how few women can be found capable of discussing those questions or even taking the slightest interest in them. The laws governing marriage and divorce, the custody of children, dower rights, should be as familiar to women as they are to men; and still there is not one woman in a thousand takes the slightest interest in these subjects or gives herself any trouble to find out her exact legal status even in her own State.

To foreign women the Congress of Peace and Arbitration is of overwhelming importance. The enormous standing armies which are sustained by European governments are a constant menace not alone to the peace of the country but to the welfare of the home. Women are weary of bearing sons to be shot down by cannon, and the modern woman, as soon as she secures a voice by the ballot, in the voting of supplies will cut off the appropriations which sustain the armies.

I now approach the Department of Labor and Social and Economic Science, two congresses in which woman is vitally interested, and at the same time in which her place will be of necessity a secondary one, laboring as she does under the disadvantage of lack of business training and as being an entirely new factor in the labor market.

Outlining briefly the plans of the Congresses of Religion, Missionary Work, Sunday Rest, Public Health, and Household Economics, Mrs. Henrotin continued:

And now, ladies, I have enumerated as concisely as possible the part which women will bear in the great series of congresses inaugurated this day. Of the inestimable value of the participation of women in the Columbian Exposition and in the auxiliary congresses it is vain even to conjecture. We feel today, in reviewing the past, as if great things had been accomplished, but this is the opportunity to centralize thought, the results of which are destined to bring about a peaceful revolution in the social, legal, and moral statues of women.

What advantage is it if a few make brilliant records and fail to raise man and woman to the heights of the serenity of knowledge? The rights of the individual are sacred, but only as one of a great social unity; and it is just on this line that women must bestir themselves to be good citizens—of the city, State, and the Nation—to enter into the paths of commerce and finance, to supervise and educate the young, to create new trades and professions for women. In truth, what stands in the way, not of woman, but of the world of today, is woman's ignorance of practical affairs, her lack of participation in public affairs, the fatal conservatism in the leisure classes, which conservatism is equally marked among working women.

Our reason and our judgment approve the modern conception of education, of democracy, of religion; but we shrink from the actual inauguration of new principles of life and weakly cling to the past. If these congresses can arouse women to the magnificent possibilities, not alone of womanhood, but of humanity, surely the world will look back to the summer of 1893 as blessed.

MRS. MAY WRIGHT SEWALL'S ADDRESS.

She Speaks Enthusiastically of the Congresses and Their Great Work.

Mrs. May Wright Sewall's address was in substance as follows:

This congress of proud name opens most auspiciously. The committee charged with its organization has, from the beginning, felt its strength to be the strength of ten, not through any confidence in itself, but through its confidence in its immediate and remote indorsers. Back of the committee has stood the Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary, whose President and Vice-President, Mrs. Potter Palmer and Mrs. Charles Henrotin, bear names to conjure with. Back of the Woman's Branch has stood the World's Congress Auxiliary itself. Back of the World's Congress Auxiliary has been felt the potent influence of the National Government, which, by the statute framed for its organization, pledges substantial aid and spiritual sponsorship to all the congresses convened in the name and under the protection of the Congress Auxiliary, whose double motto, "Not things but men," "Not matter but mind," is the heaviest blow yet dealt to this materialistic age.

Back of the National Government, surrounding, pervading, invisibly but irrisistibly directing it, is that world spirit to whom alone it is given to declare when the fullness of time is come for the prosecution or for the success of any cause. Is not the confidence of the committee justified by the character of this quartet of indorsers? The committee from the outset has consciously and persistently excluded from its motive the propagation of any one interest, the exploitation of any one society, the promotion of the reputation of any one woman.

Excluding these factional considerations, the committee's motive has as consciously and persistently included the propagation of that interest which, lacking a feminine correspondent, we name fraternity, the advancement of that whole society known as humanity, the exaltation of that perfect woman, which, uniting in her proper person the seeming contradictory attributes of Lilleth, Eve, Venus, and the Virgin, takes on in every country a different name—is

MRS. POTTER PALMER.

Hera to the Greek, Minerva to the Roman, and the Goddess of Liberty to the American. That the realization of this fair ideal may be hastened by its work is the committee's sustaining hope.

To prove that the title, the World's Congress of Representative Women, is not a misnomer, may I cite the names of the countries, the names as well as the number of the women that grace our congress. Time forbids their enumeration; but almost every country of Europe, India, Japan, and China in the Orient, various States of South and Central America and Mexico, added to the United States, may fairly claim to approximate the world. Whether or not the list of names be representatives depends upon points of view and definition. The committee's point of view and definition it is the public's right at this time to have.

That organization is the tendency of the age is a hackneyed phrase. The truth it expresses is vital. The committee recognized this truth by seeking representative women first within organizations. It sought through public and private channels to obtain a complete list of all national organizations of women at home and abroad. It found in all one hundred and ten such.

Not only have we endeavored to unite with us the world outside of our boundaries, but also all of the elements within our own country. On this platform will appear representatives of the aboriginal inhabitants of this continent, and also representatives of that still more outraged race imported for servitude. That the divine capability for forgiveness is a human inheritance is witnessed by the presence in this congress of the descendants of the last hereditary chief of the Cherokees and by the descendants at only one remove of slaves sold from the block.

However, racial differences are most emphasized when accompanied by religious differences dependent upon race; so we felicitate ourselves chiefly on bringing into harmonious working relations upon this platform all of the leading sects of the Protestant grand division of religious faith with Catholic bodies, American and foreign, and with the great Immanuel sisterhood of the Jewish faith.

Much as we rejoice over the response given to our appeals by organizations the committee feels a different gladness if not a deeper one in the response that has come from illustrious women who have won their fame in those arts which foster individual volism rather than community of interests. I refer to the drama, to literature, and to music.

It means much that those queens regnant of a growing realm, Januschek, Modjeska, and Morris; those crown princesses, Cayvan, Marlowe, and Rhea, should, at great pecuniary sacrifice and personal inconvenience, so modify their professional plans that they may add the flush and sparkle of their brilliant gifts to the glow which their sisters diffuse about them as they move along the less conspicuous or less alluring paths of philanthropy, charity, education, the industries, and the reforms.

SPEAKS FOR HER COUNTRYWOMEN.

Address Delivered by the Countess of Aberdeen—Words of Thanks.

The Countess of Aberdeen, who was introduced by Mrs. Palmer, was received with prolonged applause. She responded to the greeting in a graceful speech, as follows:

On behalf of the women of my own country and the associations which I am here to represent, I thank you for the kind words of welcome that have been spoken here today by American women to those of us who have come across the seas to meet you.

Your President spoke of the progress of woman's work. It seems difficult to realize, in the face of such splendid results, that its beginning was so recent. Looking back even fifty years one sees but little of it. In the Woman's Building at Jackson Park one sees the names and pictures of noble women who have warred in the past against cruelty and ignorance. But the conditions under which their work is presented speak of their loneliness. They worked singly, unsupported by a sense of organization, of coöperation with other women; but if they can look down on this day's gathering will they not rejoice at the great results that have sprung from the seed they sowed?

It is only during the last five years that women in Great Britain have learned the value of organization. In that time they have learned the important lesson that "in union lies strength," and meetings of prominent women working in the in-

MRS. BARKER RECITING THE POEM.

terests of humanity have become a factor in our public life. I am proud to be able to add that one of the first of such meetings was held in Aberdeen.

I feel that it is an enormous responsibility to stand here as the representative of other women of my country. I can only hope to be so filled with the spirit of this great gathering of women as to carry back with me the strength, the inspiration, and courage that will enable us together to make advancement in the great cause of womanhood, which is in its best definition the great cause of humanity.

LARGE OVERFLOW MEETING HELD.

Fully 3,000 People Crowd into the Hall of Washington.

When the Hall of Columbus had been filled there yet remained a multitude of people in the rotunda and corridors of the Art Institute, and scores of visitors were still arriving. Then it became apparent that one overflow meeting would not answer, and the doors of the Hall of Washington were thrown open. Its 3,000 chairs were soon occupied. Only here and there was a man visible. It was a woman's meeting through and through. A score of women sat on the stage. Behind them were life-size casts of Venus and Ariadne. Nothing on the platform but a white bust of the young Augustus contested absolute feminine possession. The hall was adorned with banners, bearing the emblems of various nations, shields, coats of arms, yellow dragons, and the Maltese cross. Around the balcony were parallel bars of red, white, and blue cloth. The speakers' platform and tables were not wanting in a profusion of spring flowers. Entering this hall directly through the Art Institute, hundreds of auditors came, and did not suspect that it was an overflow meeting.

Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis, Recording Secretary of the National Council of Women, took hold of the preliminary ceremonies there at 11 o'clock. On the platform with her were:

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, Mrs. Margaret E. Parker, Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery of Philadelphia, Mme. Nico Beck-Meyer of Denmark, Fraulein Meri Toppelius of Finland, Annette Hamminck Schepel of Germany, Ebba Nordquist of Finland, Mme. Semetschkin of St. Petersburg, Russia; Auguste Förster of Germany, Frau Marie Fischer Lette of England, Frau Anna Simson of Breslau, Mrs. May Wright Sewall of Indiana, Miss Kaethe Schirmacher and Mrs. Elizabet Kaselowsky of Germany, Miss Kirstine Frederiksen of Denmark, and Mrs. Elizabeth Boynton Harbert of Illinois.

Mrs. Potter Palmer, the Countess of Aberdeen, and Mrs. Charles Henrotin came in later. Mrs. Davis first presented Mrs. Laura Ormiston Chant of England, who expressed the interest that English women felt in the present congress of women and their hopes in the results to follow. After her address Mrs. J. Ellen Foster spoke, claiming that among women there was a greater commonality of interest than among men. Women welcomed all human reforms, for women were the first beneficiaries of such reforms.

Mrs. Potter Palmer was presented by Mrs. Davis. She spoke briefly an informal welcome and was followed by Mrs. Margaret E. Parker, founder of the British Women's Association. She said that she was glad to find herself in Chicago. She was glad, too, to come from a country where a woman—Victoria—held the highest political position in the world. With a warm eulogy on Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Susan B. Anthony and a tribute to the sentiment of kindly interest growing between the nations she closed her remarks.

Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery, Secretary of the Congress of Representative Women, spoke briefly and introduced Frau Marie Fischer Lette of Germany, who said simply: "Representing my native country and the country of my adoption, England, I bring you today the greetings of both." Miss Foster next introduced Mme. Nico Beck-Meyer of Denmark, who made a short address. Mrs. Charles Henrotin then arrived, and, as Vice-President of the Woman's Congress, took charge of the meeting. She told of the plans for the coming week, and then introduced Fraulein Toppelius of Finland, Annette Schepel of Germany, Frau Nordquist of Finland, and Frau Anna Simson of Breslau, each of whom brought hearty greetings from their countrywomen. Mrs. May Wright Sewall delivered an address, and the meeting adjourned.

THOUSANDS OF VISITORS RECEIVED.

Notable Social Event in Connection with the Opening of the Congresses.

It is seldom that a social event, particularly one for women, assumes the proportions of the reception given yesterday afternoon at the Art Institute by the President, the Vice-President, and the Committee on Arrangements of the Woman's Branch of the World's Congress Auxiliary. The affair was given by women for women, and was certainly a representative gathering of the sex.

During the two hours of the reception, from 2:30 until 4:30 o'clock, women from every nation and clime met together for social intercourse, and in numbers that was positively astounding. All the main rooms and galleries of the Art Institute were opened, and were thronged with visitors. In the rooms where the receiving parties stood policemen guarded the entrances, and even stood watch over the President and Vice-President to protect them from the too enthusiastic advances of the crowd. Mrs. Potter Palmer and a portion of the committee received in one of the long corridors, and the Vice-President, Mrs. Henrotin, and the remainder, in one of the large galleries.

With Mrs. Palmer, who wore her costume of the morning of green and heliotrope changeable silk, with jet trimmings and a jet bonnet, were Mrs. May Wright Sewall, in pale pink brocaded silk, combined with darker velvet and trimmed with passementerie; Mme. Semetschkin, the delegate from Russia, in black satin, with a black and gold wrap, and a small black bonnet trimmed with violets; Miss Mary H. Krout, in black satin, brocaded in blue and trimmed with black lace and jet; Mrs. James H. Walker, in blue and yellow plaid silk, and a dark blue hat, trimmed with white lace and flowers; Mrs. Brown, in old rose and black striped silk, trimmed with lace, and a black bonnet, trimmed in pink; Frau Fischer, in black silk, with a black hat, trimmed with tips; Mme. Marshall of Paris, in black crêpon, brocaded in violet, and a small ecru straw bonnet, trimmed with black lace and violets; Mme. Parren of Greece, in heliotrope striped silk, with a black bonnet, trimmed with pink roses; Mme. Lozier, President of Sorosis, New York, in electric blue brocaded silk, with a black lace mantle, trimmed with jet, and a small bonnet of jet and lace; Mrs. C. K. Sherman, in gray silk and brocade, trimmed with white lace; Mlle. Sesraismes of Paris, in black satin combined with pink and trimmed with black jetted lace and jet bonnet trimmed in pale heliotrope; Mrs. Clara Doty Bates, in pale crêpon, trimmed with black ribbon and white lace; Miss Jane Adams, in dark blue, with trimmings of white; Mrs. Meredyth, in black and white crêpon, trimmed with jet and white ribbon; Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery, in white India silk, trimmed with lace.

In Mrs. Henrotin's receiving party were Mrs. J. M. Flower, Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson, Mrs. Graves, Mrs. Crawford of London, Mrs. Bedford-Fennick of London, and Mrs. Ormiston Chant of England. Mrs. Henrotin wore a gown of pale gray silk, combined with green velvet, made with large sleeves and a velvet yoke; Mrs. Flower wore dull blue and black gauze over silk, trimmed with white lace; Dr. Stevenson was in black satin, trimmed with jet and fringe; Mrs. Graves wore pale brown cloth, trimmed with braid passementerie; Mrs. Crawford wore a combination of pale ecru and scarlet, with a small scarlet bonnet; Mrs. Bedford-Fennick wore black crêpon, trimmed with pink, and a small straw bonnet, trimmed in pink; Mrs. Chant wore purple silk and brocade, and a black bonnet, trimmed with lace.

Between 5,000 and 6,000 guests were present, representing the numerous women's clubs of this city, the delegates from abroad, and women representatives of clubs from nearly every State of the Union. Among those present were:

Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Mrs. Augusta Cooper Bristol, the Rev. Mary A. Safford, the Rev. Ida C. Hultin, Miss Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Miss Mary E. Richmond, Helena T. Goessmann, Mrs. Alice T. Toomy, Miss Lilly A. Toomy; Mme. Isabelle Bogelot, France; Dr. Marie Popelin, Belgium; Fanny Zampini Salazar, Italy; Lady Henry Somerset, England; the Countess of Aberdeen, Scotland; Mrs. Laura Ormiston Chant, England; Mrs. Florence Fenwick Miller, England; Callirhoe Parren, Greece; Mrs. Fanny Barrier Williams, Ursula M. Gestefeld, Mrs. Sarah Louise Oberholtzer, the Rev. Florence E. Kollock, Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi, Helen H. Gardener, Miss Harriet A. Keyser, Mrs. Sarah J. Early, Mrs. Minnie D. Louis, Prof. Ellen M. Hayes, Mme. Nico Beck Meyer, Denmark; Dr. Emilie Kempin, Switzerland; Mme. Lauthe Vignier, Switzerland; Mme. Quesada, Peru; Fräulein K. Schoennacher, Germany; Fräulein Agnes Burchardt, Germany; Frau Elizabeth Kaselowsky, Germany; Fräulein Augusta Förster, Germany; Fräulein Dr. Ella Mensch, Germany; Frau Hedwig Heyl, Germany; Frau Lina Morgenstern, Germany; Mlle. Maria Desraismes, France; Mme. Emilie de Morsier, France; Mme. Cécile Ranos, France; Mme. Ernesta Urban, France; Mme. Erba Nordqvist, Finland; Frederikke Olesen, Denmark; Josefa Humpal-Zeman, Bohemia; Sisona Karla Machova, Bohemia; the Rev. Eugenie T. St. John, the Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, the Rev. Caroline J. Bartlett, the Rev. Ellen A. Kopp, Mrs. Martha E. Strickland, Mrs. Kate Tupper Galpin, Miss Meri Toppelius, Norway; Mrs. Jane Cobden Unwin, England; Esther Herrman, representative of American Society of Authors; Mrs. J. N. Crouse, President Woman's Baptist Home Mission Society; Mrs. Margaret A. Evans, representative of Woman's Foreign Missionary Union of Friends; Mrs. Julia Warde Howe, President Women's Ministerial Conference and Association for the Advancement of Women; Dr. Mary H. Stilwell, President Woman's First Dental Association of the United States; Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson, representative of International Order of King's Daughters and Sons; Mrs. Imogene C. Fales, President Sociologic Society of America; Mrs. H. B. Skidmore, representative of Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church; Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Brown, President General Federation of Women's clubs; Mrs. Alice Freeman Palmer, representative of Association of Collegiate Alumnæ; Mrs. O. A. Burgess, President Christian Woman's Board of Missions; Mrs. John Wood Stewart, President Needlework Guild of America; Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Eliza J. Thompson, the Rev. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, Mrs. Frances E. W. Harper, Abby Morton Diaz, Mrs. Myra Bradwell, Mrs. Grace Dodge, Anna Rice Powell, Mrs. Frances E. Russell, Mrs. Annie Jenness Miller, Mrs. Bishop Simpson.

SOME ELEGANT COSTUMES WORN.

Gowns of the Representatives That Excited Comment and Admiration.

Not the least interesting part of the exercises yesterday, from a purely feminine point of view, were the gowns that were worn by the distinguished women present. Mrs. Palmer wore a gown of green and pale heliotrope silk, covered with a fine black tracing. The skirt was plain and full and the bodice and large sleeves were elaborately trimmed with jet. Her small bonnet was of net and jet, trimmed with a black aigrette. Her ornaments were of pearls.

Mrs. Henrotin wore a costume of black satin, trimmed with three satin ruffles. The bodice was combined with white satin, brocaded in black and trimmed with black lace. She wore a small black hat, trimmed with fancy braid, red roses, and black lace. Mrs. May Wright Sewall wore a green and pink changeable crêpon, trimmed with a fancy braid. The sleeves and yoke were of old rose velvet and she wore a small pink cloth bonnet, trimmed with white lilacs and yellow roses, with pink velvet strings.

The Countess of Aberdeen was in a heliotrope and black striped silk, with three skirts, edged with jet. The bodice was trimmed

THE COUNTESS OF ABERDEEN.

with jet and lace and her small bonnet was made of violets, with velvet strings to match. She wore a small black wrap, lined with gold colored silk.

Mrs. Albert Barker wore a black gown combined with gay plaid velvet. Her hat was black, trimmed with black plumes. Mrs. Bedford-Tenwick wore a gown of black crêpon trimmed on the skirt with three flounces of lace. The bodice was trimmed with pink and black, and she wore a small bonnet of yellow straw trimmed in pink. Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis wore a green cloth costume trimmed in black braid and a brown straw bonnet trimmed in red.

"THE FINDING OF THE NEW WORLD."

Miss Jane Meade Welch Lectures on That Subject in the Woman's Building.

Miss Jane Meade Welch of Buffalo, N. Y., was the first lecturer to open the assembly hall of the Woman's Building. She spoke yesterday on "The Finding of the New World." Miss Welch is a well known historical lecturer in the East. She said that much has already been spoken and written on this theme, but on every great subject much remains to be said. She reviewed the known world and causes which led to renewed vigor in navigation circles and spoke of the origin of the Indians, and said in closing: "America has only been discovered in 1893, when this great Exposition has been opened to all the countries of the earth." The program also included bird songs and dramatic recitals by Mrs. Albert Barker of England.

Aside from the congresses held at the new Art Institute daily meetings will be held in the Woman's Building, where the best women lecturers and speakers have been secured to address the gatherings. The committee has succeeded in filling every day until July 1, and many dates have already been assigned during the closing months of the Exposition. The sessions at the Woman's Building will be held this week at 3 o'clock, but next week and from that time on the meetings will be held at 11 o'clock.

Today Lillie Devereaux Blake of New York City will speak on the subject, "Our Forgotten Foremothers.'

Neuralgic headaches promptly cured by Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle 10 cents.

LIGHTS ON MIDWAY.

WIRES ARE NOW BEING STRUNG ALL ALONG THE PLAISANCE.

Cairo Street Opened and the Great Temple Dedicated—Decorations of the Sarcophagi—Soudanese Also Get Down to Business and Dance for the Many Visitors—Algerians Will Open Today—A Group at the Hospital—Other World's Fair News.

Prospects were brightening up on the Midway yesterday. The electric light linemen were hard at work and light will easily be brought into Egypt before many more days pass. Laborers were grading the roadway and cleaning up generally yesterday and many a hitherto desolate spot was made bright with good green sod on either side of the broad boulevard. Even from around the Ferris wheel much of the cumbersome material used in that monster merry-go-round had been removed and there was evidence of a general cleaning up on all hands. Cairo street was opened up yesterday when at 8 o'clock in the morning with grand ceremonies the Temple of the Sacred Bull and Thi was formally dedicated. The great somber building was relieved with hieroglyphic writing containing biographical sketches of the Pharaohs, the history of the worship of the sacred bull, of Osyrus, and the various gods.

Armed guards stood at the doors of the temple, while on the platform inside an orchestra composed of six Arabs, running in color from ebony to ochre, played on reed and string instruments, sitting Oriental fashion between two young women on either end, who operated on great ancient harps and received many compliments for their good looks. On the obelisks in front of the temple were inscriptions on the large scarabs dedicated to the United States of America, to Columbus, to the World's Fair, and to President Cleveland. Guides in rich costumes were there to show visitors around and to conduct them from the temple after they had seen the mummified remains of one of the Rameseses and several other ancient Egyptian dignitaries, to the Sarcophagus of the Sacred Bull and of Thi.

The Soudanese also began business in the street in one of their tar-roofed huts, which is about twelve feet in diameter, while two men, playing strang-looking harps, and half a dozen others danced in a way peculiar to their country. A real black chap named Soror led the german, or whatever dance it was, and never stopped as long as a visitor risked passage through the little doorway that led into the hut. With forty or fifty persons in the hut all day the atmosphere was of a character that exceeded in density anything ever seen hereabouts. A Soudanese dance is a perpetual shake, such as accompanies an every other day attack of the Wabash River "ager."

All the people of Cairo were out in their best clothes yesterday, the dancing girls temporarily officiating as flower girls and hiding their supposedly charming features from the public behind bits of wood and heavy veils.

The Algerians hope to get their theater running tomorrow. They will open with a grand dance. One of the chief song-and-dance men grew sick yesterday, and was taken to the hospital for treatment for pleurisy. A Turk happened in about the same time, and so did a Chinaman who had acquired the tic doloreux. His jaws ached, while the Turk was suffering great pain from a wound he received from stepping on a nail. Dr. Gentles, who is also treating Akile, a Dahoman amazon, for a carbuncle, and one of the South Sea Islanders for a condition of chronic sneezing, says he is enjoying a wonderful variety of practice. But all these strange people are stoics and stand pain without flinching, says the doctor.

INSPECTOR DE REMER IS ARRESTED.

He and a Guard Charged with Obstructing the Work of Revenue Officers.

Three United States officials were ejected from the World's Fair grounds by force Saturday, but yesterday another one visited the grounds, got by the gate without any trouble, and then triumphantly carried away the persons of Chief Inspector W. L. De Remer of the Department of Admissions and Harry Schoeneman, a Columbian Guard. At the expense of these two men it is proposed that Uncle Sam shall vindicate his own power and at the same time avenge the insult which his other three servants claim they suffered by their ejectment from Jackson Park.

The way it came about that the United States Goverment and the World's Columbian Exposition company are by the ears is that Saturday three deputy internal revenue collectors appeared at the Sixty-second street gate and demanded admission. The gatekeeper asked them if they had photographic passes, and when they told him they had not he said they could not enter the grounds. Then he began to quiz them as to their general right to be on earth at all, and they, feeling safe in the strength of the big government back of them, simply turned the gatekeeper around a couple of times and walked in. Chief Inspector De Remer happened along just about that time and when the case was reported to him he told the government's agents they would have to get out.

"You will have to put us out if you want us to leave," said one of them. The inspector said that he would oblige them, and calling Guard Schoeneman to his side he commanded him to eject the internal revenue agents.

"He will have to use force," said one of the revenue men, "by at least putting his hands on us."

The guard did so, and the government men then acknowledged that they had been formally and regularly bounced. Nothing more was heard of the matter until yesterday afternoon, when Deputy Marshal David Shanahan appeared at the grounds with a warrant signed by Charles E. Spencer, one of the ejected trio, charging De Remer and Schoeneman with forcibly hindering him in the discharge of his duty. The Deputy Marshal took his two prisoners to the city, and at 4 o'clock landed them before Commissioner Hoyne. Mr. De Remer asked for a continuance until Wednesday morning, which was granted. The two prisoners were released on their own recognizance, under bonds of $500 each.

Collector Spencer, who swore out the warrant, said that he and his companions had gone to the World's Fair grounds to see about the sale and manufacture of cigars in connection with the German exhibit, and that they had a perfect right to be allowed the freedom of the grounds for that purpose.

Supt. Tucker said last night that he was willing to accommodate Collector Mamer with all the passes he needed for the conduct of the business of the department.

Violation of the section under which De Remer and Schoeneman were arrested subjects offenders to a fine as great as $500, or imprisonment, or both.

Anton von Politschek-Palmforst, Commissioner-General for Austria, and his architect applied at the Sixty-second street gate for admission yesterday afternoon and showed their badges to the gatemen. When, in conformance with an order issued last week, he asked them to leave their personal cards the two gentlemen waxed wroth, but finally complied with the rule and passed through the turnstile. They asked a guard to arrest the gateman, but because he had seen nothing the guard refused to do so. They then appealed to Horace Tucker, but left his office before he could find out what was the matter.

PLAN A "BUREAU OF COMPLAINTS."

Commissioner Tousley's Scheme for Adjudicating All Alleged Wrongs.

Many complaints having come to the members of the National Commission concerning alleged extortion and other causes of dissatisfaction Commissioner Tousley of Minnesota introduced a resolution yesterday calling for the appointment of a committee of four to be known as the Bureau of Complaints. The resolution was referred to the Judiciary committee for recommendation as to the advisability of creating such a bureau.

The resolution provided that the four members should hold a daily session and that posters, printed in English, German, French, Spanish, and Italian, telling of the bureau, should be tacked up in conspicuous places in the various buildings. When it was introduced Mr. Barbour of Michigan said:

I think it wise to establish such a bureau. Exaggerated reports of extortion and other complaints, which have been spread broadcast, are operating to the great detriment of the Fair. Delay is dangerous, and a proper statement of the facts should not be withheld.

Commissioner Eibeoch of Iowa said that at the beginning of the Vienna Exposition the same thing occurred. Dissatisfaction prevailed until the Director-General of the Exposition appointed a committee before whom all complaints were preferred. After that the dissatisfaction ceased.

Profoundly Grateful

For Help Derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Symptoms of Cancer Removed—Rheumatism Cured.

"Chicago, Ill., Feb. 27, 1893.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: I am profoundly impressed with the medical virtues of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was THREATENED WITH CANCER and disagreeable eruptions on my back and other places. The cancer was appearing on my lip. Providentially I obtained a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and by the time it was gone the bad symptoms had nearly all disappeared. I have used four bottles and I believe it has

Saved Me from Premature Death.

I am now almost 73 years of age and I WORK LIKE A TIGER. And I KNOW that Hood's Sarsaparilla has had much to do with my vigor and strength. I recommended it to my wife, who had suffered so much with rheumatic troubles, as also with female weakness. In two years she

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

has used about three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and today and for the last six months she seems like a new being. We are

Hearty and Robust

As the young people who live with us. We want the afflicted to know what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for us, and I feel it a duty to let people know in this way of the help obtained. With grateful acknowledgment to C. I. Hood & Co." REV. O. H. POWER, 2924 Hanover-st., Chicago, Ill.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c.

TROUBLE OVER ILLINOIS' LUNCHEON.

State Commissioners and Concessionaire Gage at Loggerheads.

The Illinois State Building is to be dedicated next Thursday. Among other festivities contemplated is a big luncheon in the assembly rooms on the top floor. The State Commissioners advertised for bids to feed between 5,000 and 6,000 people. Five caterers, including the principal concessionaire in the feeding line at Jackson Park, put in bids. The contract was awarded to Smiley, an up-town caterer. Mr. Gage has served notice on the Commissioners that under his contract no outsider can enter the grounds for the purpose of serving food. The Illinois Commissioners, in turn, have notified Mr. Gage that they intend to serve lunch in the Illinois Building next Thursday and that they do not intend to serve it from his cuisine. It is understood that Mr. Gage will call on the Local Directory for support.

Makes Bread, Pudding, and Mush.

Mrs. Rover, who is giving scientific demonstrations in cooking, made some Victoria cornbread, plain cornmeal mush, and "dandy" pudding yesterday in the Woman's Building. The pudding was composed of cornstarch, eggs, and milk. Today a bouillon soup will be made and a talk given on "How to Clarify or Color Soup."

World's Fair Notes.

The tickets taken in at the gates yesterday numbered 18,949.

The Washington State pavilion in the Agricultural Building was completed yesterday. It is decorated with grains and grasses woven into fantastic designs.

Luncheon was served in the roof garden of the Woman's Building yesterday for the first time. The café is neatly furnished. The waiters wear black gowns, with white aprons, cuffs, and collars.

A great many of the exhibits in Machinery Hall were put in motion yesterday and crowds of visitors surged through the aisles deeply interested in watching the manufacture of various articles.

Ambia Nowell was arrested yesterday for defacing a statue in the Art Building. He was a watchman on the grounds. When searched at the station the finding of a badge revealed that he was a member of the Salvation Army.

One hundred editors from Minnesota were at the Minnesota Building at Jackson Park yesterday and were given the key to the structure by the Commissioners. During their stay the State Commissioners will give them an entertainment, the date to be fixed later.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

An elevator at the Hudnut Hominy Mills, Terre Haute, Ind., was burned last night. Loss, $5,000.

Miss Caroline Brinkmeyer has begun proceedings at St. Louis against William Krausse to recover $10,000 damages for breach of promise to marry.

The grand jury at St. Louis yesterday indicted Louis and Alexander Landau, prominent commission merchants, for the killing of Miss Augusta Tovell Dec. 2, 1890.

Isaac S. Rice, who examined the Reading company's books for the bondholders, reports the losses in the Boston and Maine and the New England stock transportations aggregated over $1,500,000. He says McLeod used Reading company securities apparently without authority.

At a mass-meeting at Springfield, Ill., last night the Democrats of that town expressed their pleasure at Frank Jones' appointment to be First Assistant Postmaster-General. Senator Palmer and Congressman Springer made speeches.

Apollinaris

Pure Healthful Agreeable Refreshing

"In World-wide Use."

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"Exceptionally favored, potable, pure and agreeable to the taste."

N. Y. MEDICAL RECORD.

WHISKY TRUST BONDS

PRESIDENT GREENHUT SAYS IT HAS BEEN DECIDED TO ISSUE THEM.

The Only Thing Remaining for Settlement Is the Amount and That May Be Named Today—The Price of Spirits Cut Another Cent—A "Rabbi" Cleans Out a Cigar Factory and as a Consequence Finds Himself Before Commissioner Hoyne on a Serious Charge.

Bonds will be issued by the whisky trust to carry out the plan proposed by it of reaching consumers without the intervention of middlemen. This question, a solution of which the financial world has waited for two weeks, President Greenhut says, was settled at a meeting of the Board of Directors yesterday. The amount will be determined probably today. It may be between $5,000,000 and $10,000,000, and at yesterday's meeting a reduction of one cent in the price of spirits was made, bringing the quotation down to $1.12. The full board was present at the Grand Pacific: President J. R. Greenhut, W. X. Hobart, L. H. Greene, John Beggs, Nelson Morris, P. J. Hennessy, and J. W. Fritchey.

"The directors are a unit on the bond issue," said President Greenhut. "The only question remaining is the amount of the issue. I am not at liberty to give the amount which has been proposed. There is some difference of opinion regarding it. The character of the bonds has not been settled yet. Those matters will be taken up tomorrow morning. I am aware of the opposition to a bond issue, developed by Cincinnati people. The directors can't go down there and explain to them the condition of the company. The company has a large stock of spirits—over 120,000 barrels—on hand. We are not buying rival houses, and have reduced the output."

"I would rather see the company go into the hands of a receiver than continue in the control of the present management," said one of the Cincinnati stockholders.

"How a concern that a few months ago was able to pay liberal dividends can have been reduced to its present condition I am unable to understand. The company bought for cash and sold for cash. It has a huge stock of goods, which I know was manufactured at a minimum cost. Those goods are in warehouse, it is true, but they are staples and an available asset. I don't know what the company has got to base bonds on or how it expects to sell the bonds, and I do not see the need of an issue."

CLEANED OUT THE CIGAR FACTORY.

"Rabbi" Glick Said to Have Thrown Out the Proprietor and His Goods.

"Rabbi" Isaac Glick, a Russian Jew, was before Commissioner Hoyne yesterday, in company with Amelia Edel, charged with removing unlabeled cigars from a licensed cigar factory. The defendants were held to the Federal grand jury in $750 bonds.

At the time he is said to have committed the offense the "rabbi" was probably ignorant that he had run foul of Uncle Sam. He was principally concerned in transplanting the contents of a cigar factory at No. 67 Wilson street from the house to the street by kicking the outfit down-stairs, the proprietor included. Michael Marcus is the owner of the factory and it has been his custom to permit the "rabbi" to hold service in the factory Saturday nights. Friday night, it is said, Marcus was called to the door of the factory by a loud knocking. As he opened the door he was swept aside by half a dozen men and women, headed by Glick. "Seize the Christian dog," the "rabbi" is said to have shouted. "He has polluted the holy place."

His followers, it is reported, obeyed, and Marcus was ejected. Then the cleansing of the tabernacle was accomplished, and the back-yard was strewn inches deep with Perfectos, Havana fillers, and every day domestics. When Deputy Marshal Allen reached the house he found much of the property piled up in a room, which the "rabbi" refused to open. The door was forced and the stock was counted, showing a shortage of about 2,000 cigars.

The defendants waived examination yesterday. Marcus and his friends challenge Glick's right to the title of "rabbi."

CRUSHED BY A FOLDING BED.

Mrs. J. E. Clough Killed by a Peculiar Accident in Evanston.

A patent folding bed in an Evanston residence collapsed Saturday night, fatally injuring Mrs. J. E. Clough, who died yesterday morning at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Clough is the wife of the Rev. J. E. Cough, D. D., a Baptist missionary now in India. With a daughter, Gratia, Mrs. Clough occupied rooms at the residence of Dr. William F. Bradley on Greenwood boulevard, Evanston. Mrs. Clough had already retired, and her daughter was sitting on the foot of the bed conversing with her mother when the lower end gave way, overbalancing the heavy headpiece, which fell over, pinning Mrs. Clough between the pieces. Mrs. Clough was 50 years old and was married in 1860. She had been in mission work ever since her marriage. Dr. Clough will likely remain in his field until next fall, as it is impossible to get the news to him for several months. A short service will be held at the residence of Dr. Bradley this afternoon at 4 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Clatworthy, when the remains will be taken to Kalamazoo, Mich., and the regular services will be held in the First Baptist Church under the charge of Dr. J. A. Johnson. The interment will be private at the Kalamazoo Cemetery.

ILLINOIS DOCTORS TO MEET TODAY.

The State Medical Society Convenes in Regular Annual Session.

The Illinois State Medical Society will begin its forty-third annual meeting in Commandery Hall on the eighteenth floor of the Masonic Temple at 9 o'clock this morning. The meeting will continue tomorrow and Thursday. Today's session will consist of the reports of the Executive committee, the Committee of Arrangements and on Registration, after which Dr. Daniel R. Brower will address the assemblage on "The Relation of State Medicine to Cholera and Tuberculosis." Each day's proceedings will be divided into two sessions—from 9 a. m. till noon and from 2 o'clock till 5:30 p. m. Dr. Daniel R. Brower will give a reception to members of the society and their wives at his residence, No. 597 Jackson boulevard, tomorrow evening from 8 to 11 o'clock.

FOUND DEAD ON THE CROSS-TREES.

Waukegans Leave for Chicago in a Sailboat—Lost Off Lake Bluff.

Friday morning John Larson, Charles Findblom, John Johnson, and a man named Larson, left Waukegan, Ill., for Chicago in a small sailboat. Sunday afternoon Charles Rosenthal of Lake Bluff saw an object in the lake which he reported to be two men clinging to the mast of a sunken vessel. John Reidy went out to the scene and found the body of Larson lying across the trees of the mast. The yacht was towed ashore, but the bodies of the others were not recovered. Search will be made in the cabin of the yacht, which will be raised.

FLAGMAN KILLED BY A WAGON.

Edward McGoe Struck Down by an Unmanageable Team—Other Casualties.

Edward McGoe, a flagman for the Chicago and Northwestern railroad stationed at the Kinzie street bridge, was run over and killed by a coal wagon yesterday evening. J. N. Porter of No. 623 Fulton street was driving across the bridge when he was signaled by flagman McGoe to stop. His team became unmanageable and started to run away. McGoe was struck down by the wagon at the same time that the train struck it. McGoe died from his injuries in a few minutes. His body was taken to his home, No. 13 Pratt street. Porter was not injured and was arrested and locked up at the East Chicago avenue station.

A man named Kuhlmann died Sunday night at St. Luke's Hospital from injuries received at the Hyde Park crossing of the Illinois Central tracks May 8.

James Tuohey of Hartford, Conn., was struck Sunday night by a Michigan Central train at the crossing of Seventy-sixth street. Both his legs were cut off below the knees. He was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, where he died ten minutes after his arrival.

John Digener hanged himself from a beam in a barn on Grace street Sunday night and was cut down dead yesterday by his son-in-law. He was 60 years old and despondent from poverty.

John Tierney, a gardener, 32 years old and married, came from New York State last Saturday. Yesterday he was found dead in his room at No. 310 Superior street. The room was full of gas. The Coroner's jury found a verdict of accidental asphyxiation.

Edward Dress, a 50-year-old harnessmaker, committed suicide Sunday by taking poison in a glass of warm milk at his home, No. 3346 Hoyne avenue. He had been out of work lately and was despondent.

Alleged to Have Conspired to Defraud.

James Williams, said to be wanted in Pittsburg for robbery, was arrested on a Baltimore and Ohio train by Detectives Weaver and Crowe yesterday morning. It is said that Williams entered into a conspiracy with a man named Lou Jackson to rob the Vienna restaurant at Pittsburg, of which Jackson was night cashier. The plan, it is alleged, was that Williams should blindfold and gag Jackson and tie him to a chair. Then Williams was to rob the till and go to Chicago, taking with him Jackson's and his own sweetheart. After the affair had blown over Jackson was to join Williams and the women in Chicago. The plan was carried out Saturday night, but the police were suspicious and Williams' arrest resulted. He is locked up at the Central Station. It is not thought that the women are implicated, but they are being detained at the Harrison street annex.

Can't Use the Bureau's Name.

For over a year the Bureau of Justice says it has been suffering from the misapprehension created in the public mind by the workings of a private concern which appropriated the name of Chicago National Bureau of Justice. The concern advertised under the name of the Bureau of Justice. At this point the Bureau of Justice began injunction proceedings and yesterday Judge Collins enjoined the concern from using the name Bureau of Justice or Chicago National Bureau of Justice. "This victory for the Bureau of Justice should be sufficient warning to all concerns in Chicago which are attempting to impose upon the public," said a friend of the bureau, "and especially upon the unsuspecting poor, under the cover of the good work done by the Bureau of Justice."

World's Fair Arrests.

"Big Ed" Hennessey, a confidence man o national reputation, was arrested by Capt. Shippy of Woodlawn Station just as he was about to enter the World's Fair grounds yesterday afternoon. "Big Ed" has not been in Chicago for seven years. Hennessey was sent all around the principal stations and showed up. Late last night he was released by Inspector Hunt with a warning to keep out of his district. Detectives McGuire and Brown of the Woodlawn Station yesterday afternoon arrested "Ed" Morgan and Michael Walsh, two well-known pickpockets. The men were on the platform of the "L" station at Sixty-third street and Stony Island avenue, and were crowding about a number of women when the officers caught sight of them and placed them under arrest.

Fire in the Porter Building.

Fire broke out in the third story of the Porter Building, Nos. 624-26 North Clark street, shortly after noon yesterday. The fire originated in the apartment of Mrs. E. E. Ellis and soon spread throughout the entire floor. The third floor was entirely destroyed. The furniture in Mrs. Ellis' apartments was damaged to the extent of $200. Henry Brown, who occupies the second floor, had his household goods damaged to the extent of $200, and James Murdock on the first floor suffered $100 damage to his furniture from water. The building, which is a four-story brick apartment house, was damaged to the extent of $2,000. It is owned by Mrs. Ida Porter and is fully insured.

United States Rolling Stock Co. Report.

Receiver W. C. Lane of the United States Rolling Stock company has filed his financial report for the quarter ending April 30 last in the United States Circuit Court. It gives as total receipts $68,958.44, total disbursements $25,491.34, balance $73,467.10, which consists of New York cash, $78,426.66; Hegewisch, $40.44—$73,467.10.

Will of Patrick Lynch Probated.

The will of Patrick Lynch was admitted to probate yesterday. His estate is valued at $50,000, of which $38,000 is real estate and $12,000 is personal property. He bequeathed $7,500 to his brother, Thomas Lynch, and $2,000 to his step sister, Bridget Lacey. The residue of the estate is bequeathed to his widow, Bridget Lynch, who is made executrix without bond.

Kenwood Club Officers-Elect.

The Kenwood club elected the following officers at a meeting Saturday night: S. E. Moore, President; E. G. Shumway, First Vice-President; C. L. Hammond, Second Vice-President; R. B. Book, Treasurer; George E. Shattuck, Secretary; Directors, E. S. Kimball, C. C. Whitacre, A. A. Turner, and S. H. Wright.

Charged with Stealing Bicycles.

Charles Thompson, said by the police to be a much-wanted bicycle thief, was arrested by Detective Elliott of the Central Station yesterday afternoon. He was found in a West Madison street pawn-shop, where he was trying to dispose of a bicycle which M. M. Wood claims as his.

Laurel Club's May Reception.

A May reception was given by the Laurel club at the Lessing club-house, Center avenue and Taylor street, last night.

Items.

Chief of Police W. S. Seavey of Omaha is at the Great Northern to arrange with Chief McClaughry for the convention of Superintendents of Police, which is to meet in the Council Chamber Thursday.

Carl Becker of No. 101 Best avenue, who stabbed his son during a quarrel Sunday, was held in $500 bonds yesterday by Justice Mahoney until May 23 when the case will be heard. The injured man, Earnest Becker, was unable to appear yesterday. His wounds are not of a dangerous character.

The Washburn & Moen Wire Works at South Waukegan is preparing to build extensions to its works which will cost $500,000. The improvements include an increase of 100 per cent in the capacity of the works. The company proposes to smelt copper ore and manufacture copper wire and also steel ingots.

About 9 o'clock yesterday morning when thousands of business-men were hurrying to their work Lincoln avenue grip car No. 494 collided with a wagon belonging to the Purington-Kimbell Brick company at Ontario and Clark streets and caused a wreck that delayed traffic for nearly an hour. Thousands of persons had to walk the remainder of the way down-town.

The twenty-three crap shooters who were arrested Sunday night at 450 State street were before Justice Bradwell yesterday morning. They agreed to plead guilty and pay costs if he would not fine them, which proposition was accepted. Eleven more arrested Sunday night at 435 Clark street were before Justice Foster. Their cases were continued until May 19 under $200 bonds in each case.

The man who was killed in the wreck at the Western avenue and West Eighteenth street crossing, supposed to be George Graham, was found out later to be Gustave A. Gardner, an engineer for the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad. An inquest was held this afternoon, and Engineer Strewer and Fireman Eltzroth were held until action has been taken by the grand jury.

Reimhold Sebert was arraigned before Justice Kersten yesterday, charged with attempting to kill Henry King of No. 78 Wesson street during a drunken row at the home of the latter Sunday. Sebert, King, and a man named Wald became engaged in a general fight. King was slashed and Wald was badly cut. King was unable to appear yesterday, and the case was continued to May 23.

Promenade concerts at Tattersall's will be continued indefinitely every Sunday evening. The British Military Band will be reinforced by a stringed orchestra and the arena floored over on these occasions. A branch ticket office has been opened at No. 315 Wabash avenue, in charge of Thomas Morgan, who is said to be the sole survivor in this country of those in the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava.

Fourteen pickpockets, who were arrested Sunday afternoon while they were working the crowd that gathered at Humboldt Park to witness the unveiling of the monument of Fritz Reuter, were before Justice Severson yesterday morning. Among them were Andy Craig of the notorious Shevlin gang, Edward Williams, and Ellis O'Kiefe. Craig was fined $100, while the thirteen others received fines ranging from $10 to $50.

John Kenney was arrested for impersonating an officer by Detective Corbus yesterday. Kenney went to Kohl & Middleton's museum and flashing a star attempted to pass in. The doorkeeper told him his star was bogus, and Kenney grew boisterous. Detective Corbus arrested him and took him to the Central Station, where a star with the words "City Detective," a billy, and a police whistle were taken from him. He is not known to the police.

Andy Lowe was arraigned before Justice Severson yesterday morning, charged with assault with intent to commit murder. Barney White, No. 200 West Huron street, who was stabbed by Lowe, was not able to appear. The physicians at the County Hospital were unable to state whether White would recover or not. The two men became engaged in a fight Sunday afternoon in front of No. 556 West Ohio street, when Lowe drew a knife and stabbed White in the breast. Lowe was also stabbed in several places but not seriously. The case against him was continued until Friday in $5,000 bonds.

Jenkins Bros.' valves and Jenkins' standard packing. 31 and 33 North Canal street.

FOR ELEVATED LINES.

COUNCIL PASSES THE LAKE STREET AMENDED ORDINANCE.

Many Debates Over the Route and the Provisions Attached to It Before It Goes Through—Grand Central Elevated Ordinance Which Proposes a North Side Road Presented—To Arrange for the West Side Cross-Town Lines—Report on the Hyde Park Tunnel Discussed.

After two hours of dull routine the Council, at its meeting last evening, took up the Lake street "L" extension ordinance, which was a special order for the evening. The promoters of the ordinance were in a conciliatory mood, and had prepared amendments to meet the criticisms of the ordinance by the Aldermen and the public press. The first amendment abandoned the proposed loop on Randolph street and contented itself with a right of way on Market street, from Lake street to Madison street, over such portions of the roadway as the Mayor and Commissioner of Public Works might designate. The change was proposed by Ald. Powers and was adopted.

Then an amendment was submitted to the proposed north branch permitting the company to choose its route within six months and to file an exact description of the same with the Commissioner of Public Works. This was not satisfactory to Ald. Swift, who said that to leave the clause in the form as proposed would place a blanket mortgage on the property of a section of the West Division a mile wide. Ald. McGillen disputed Ald. Swift's statement, but finally the route was described as lying between lines running north and south 750 feet on either side of Halsted street.

Ald. Swift wanted the route exactly defined within ninety days, but the Council voted down his amendment. Subsequently Ald. Powers offered an amendment providing that all routes should be surveyed, defined, and described, and that the description be made a matter of record. An important amendment was inserted confirming the former ordinance of the company as to the right of way between Canal street and Market street, over Lake street. The route as finally adopted is as follows:

First—Beginning at some point upon its main line of road now constructed between La Salle street and Jefferson street and running from said point in a northerly direction to a point on Fullerton avenue between Sheffield avenue and Larrabee street, thence from said last mentioned point in a northwesterly and northerly direction to the city limits.

Second—Also a branch line beginning at a point on said road at Market and Lake streets, running thence in a southerly direction upon and along Market street to Madison street.

Third—Also a branch line north of Fullerton avenue, commencing at some point between Belmont avenue and Fullerton avenue, and running thence westerly to the city limits.

Fourth—Also, beginning at some point on the main line of said road on Lake street, 750 east or west of Halsted street, and running in a southerly direction to the city limits.

Fifth—Also a branch commencing at some point on the main line of said road on Lake street, between Hamlin avenue on the east and West Forty-first street on the west, and thence in a southerly direction to the south line of Madison street.

Sixth—Also a branch commencing at some point on the main line of said road on Lake street, between Rockwell street on the east and California avenue on the west, and thence in a northerly direction to Diversey street.

Question of "L" Crossings.

No material change was made in the other features of the ordinance until the clause relating to the elevation at which one "L" road crosses another "L" was reached. Ald. O'Neill proposed an amendment intended to provide that the "L" roads should pass fourteen feet over steam railroads when the latter are elevated. The amendment was voted down after a rather animated passage at arms between Ald. McGillen and Ald. O'Niell. Subsequently the Mayor, who was in the chair, expressed an opinion that a clause such as that suggested by Mr. O'Niell would have to be adopted or he must veto the ordinance. Ald. Madden met the objection as follows:

Provided that in the event of the elevation of steam railroads the "L" road tracks shall be carried over the same with a clear head room of sixteen feet.

This was accepted and adopted. It was also agreed that the roadway should occupy only twenty-two feet of width on Market street, said portion of the street to be designated by the Mayor and Commissioner of Public Works.

At this point Ald. Mann and Ald. Swift suggested that the ordinance be recommitted so that the Corporation Counsel might insert the amendment properly in the ordinance. Ald. Swift made a motion to that effect, but it was laid on the table.

The ordinance was then passed by a vote of 62 to 5. Those voting in the negative are Marrenner, Reed, Ernst, Mann, O'Neill. Ald. Martin was absent.

Before the Council adjourned Ald. Ryan moved to make the Midland Rapid Transit ordinance, whose branch lines cover the same territory as that of the new north and south branches of the Lake Street "L," a special order for next Monday evening. After several motions to adjourn had been voted down the Mayor put Ryan's motion and it prevailed by a large majority.

Grand Central North Side Line.

Ald. Ernst introduced the ordinance of the Grand Central railway company, giving the company the right to maintain and operate for a period of fifty years an elevated railway on the following route: Commencing at a point on Harrison street, between Market street and Michigan avenue, thence northerly across the river on a bridge or through a tunnel, to a point south of Center street; thence northerly and westerly, between Menominee street and Belden avenue, to a point between Orchard street and Herndon street; thence northerly to a point near Graceland avenue; thence north and northwest, between Sheffield avenue and the Chicago and Northwestern tracks, to the city limits.

The first branch shall commence at a point on the main line of the road between Wrightwood avenue and Melrose street and extend northwesterly to the city limits. The second branch to commence at a point on the first branch between Belmont and Graceland avenues and extend westerly and northwesterly to the city limits. The third branch commences at a point on the main line between Schiller and Eugenie streets and extends westerly and northwesterly to the city limits. The company must buy its right of way. Neither wood nor bituminous coal is to be used for fuel. Three miles of road are to be constructed within two years from the acceptance of the ordinance, and the remainder within three years. A bond of $100,000 is offered and also an annual license fee of $50 a car. Accompanying the ordinance are reasons why the Lake street extension ordinance for an elevated road and the Tripp and Muelhoefer ordinances for like branches should not be passed. The ordinance was referred to the Committee on Streets and Alleys North.

Ald. Schumacher presented an ordinance giving the West and South Town Street railway company right to lay tracks on West Twenty-third street from Homan avenue to Lawndale avenue. It was referred. Ald. Dorman followed it with the following resolution:

WHEREAS, This Council has heretofore granted unto the West Chicago Street railway company the right to operate cross-town lines; and

WHEREAS, Said cross-town lines have become a public necessity, and it appearing that said West Chicago Street railway company is now prepared to operate said lines, but is prevented from doing so by injunctions filed against it by the owners of various railroad tracks they are obliged to cross; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Chair appoint a committee of Aldermen through whose wards said cross-town lines are to be operated for the purpose of obtaining the necessary relief and the operation of said cross-town lines at the earliest possible moment.

The resolution was adopted.

Ald. Rogers introduced the following:

WHEREAS, During the recent campaign it was claimed that the city was losing a large amount of revenue by reason of the failure to collect water taxes under the laws and ordinances governing the same.

Ordered, That the Superintendent of Public Works be directed to report to the Council the amount of water used by each of six large breweries, and the rate charged per 1,000 gallons for the same; also giving the same information regarding six large packing houses and other manufacturing and industrial institutions where water is used by measurement.

The order was passed. The Finance committee's report giving the employes of the city a half-holiday Saturdays from May 22 to Oct. 28 was passed unanimously.

Ald. Horan asked to have reconsidered the Council's action at the previous meeting appropriating $8,000 for building a viaduct across the Illinois Central's tracks at Twenty-fifth street to be used by the city teams hauling street sweepings to a dumping-ground beside the lake. The motion to reconsider was lost.

The Commissioner of Public Works submitted the reports of the City Engineers in regard to the Hyde Park tunnel, which suggests an extension of the five-foot tunnel now under construction to a point just beyond the present one-mile intake. The matter of extending the two-mile tunnel, he says, will probably be a subject of future consideration after systematic observation of the currents of the lake. The project of extending the old intake, work upon which Shailer & Schnigian are now executing, he thinks unwise as now planned, but suggests that it be still further extended so as to connect with the Leyden & Drew tunnel. He suggests:

That the contract with Shailer & Schnigian be not executed, and that they be paid for the work they have done and expense incurred. That Leyden & Drew proceed with their work except the connection with the present tunnel. That for the season all water for the Sixty-eighth street works be taken through the existing intake. That systematic observation of the currents of the lake, the effect of discharges from the Calumet River and other sources of pollution be made the present season, for the purpose of arriving at an intelligent basis for the prosecution and completion of the tunnel in the future.

The report was ordered published and referred to the Finance committee. Commissioner Jones, in answer to a request for a report "by what authority the Chicago and Western Indiana railway company now maintains and uses railroad tracks recently laid without permit or ordinance therefor, south of Polk street," reported that April 15 E. Louis Kuhns, then Commissioner of Public Works, granted a permit, which was approved by the Law Department. The report was ordered placed on file.

The ordinance renting the foot of Fifty-sixth street to ex-Ald. O'Brien for dockage purposes at $1,500 for the season was passed.

Ald. Sexton introduced an ordinance dividing the recently annexed territory of Rogers Park and West Ridge between the Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Wards. This is the Democratic scheme. Ald. Finkler introduced an ordinance adding the whole territory to the Twenty-sixth Ward. This is the Republican scheme. Both ordinances were referred to the Committee on Elections, which is wholly Republican.

An order presented by the Mayor authorizing the renting of the Lake-Front by the Controller for circuses provoked considerable discussion, and on a division was referred to the Committee on Wharfing. Privileges on motion of Ald. Coughlin, who said that fooling with the matter had cost the city $35,000.

The Mayor also sent in the following appointments which were confirmed:

Charles White, Police Justice, Fourth District. Charles F. Deiterich, Market Master, Randolph street. Edward Nugent, Foundrekeeper, Englewood. Gustave A. Asher, Clerk Fifth District Police Court. Charles Sloan, Foundrekeeper, Grand Crossing. Patrick Dugan, Bailiff Ninth District Police Court.

DENOUNCE WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORY.

Methodist Ministers Discuss Scathing Resolutions on Sunday Opening.

At the weekly conference of Methodist ministers yesterday World's Fair Sunday closing was discussed. The subject was opened by the Rev. J. H. Ladd by the introduction of a set of resolutions defending the position of the Methodist Church on the sanctity of the Sabbath. Dr. Adam Miller immediately took issue with the form of the resolutions and moved that they be referred to a special committee for revision. The Revs. E. C. Arnold, H. H. Akrel, and J. H. Ladd retired for an hour's hard work at toning down the denunciations of World's Fair directors and business-men that had been phrased by Mr. Ladd. In the meantime the Rev. W. P. Stowe explained the money to be made from a Methodist Assurance Association and the Rev. E. P. Brown, editor of the *Ram's Horn*, read a humorous paper entitled "Points for Preachers from the Standpoint of a Bible Itinerant." The Resolution committee returned and read the result of their pruning as follows:

WHEREAS, The directors of the Columbian Exposition, in their degenerate determination to disobey the law of the United States requiring the closing of the gates upon the Sabbath, have by a vote (only seven dissenting) adopted an interpretation of the law which for sophistry and legal jugling is unsurpassed; and

"WHEREAS, Their patronizing attitude toward the workingman is at once an insult to him and a charge of conscienceless greed on the part of the employer which would seem to say: 'You are my slave for six days; go to the Exposition Sunday or not at all'; and

"WHEREAS, At this time, when harmony should be cultivated and aggravating agitations avoided, the directory, whose duty it is to obey the laws of the power that gave them official existence, persist in fomenting dissension and antagonism that are working irreparable damage to our magnificent Exposition; and

"WHEREAS, The honor of our city is by them imperiled and the laws of the Nation defeated; therefore, in order that the object for which the Exposition was destined may be realized, and in order that that which is of infinitely more importance than whether there be an Exposition or not may be secured—namely: that the good name of our city be preserved and our national respect be maintained at home and abroad;

"*Resolved*, First—That our representation of more than 140 Methodist-Episcopal Church organizations in Chicago and its suburbs and in the name of nearly 5,000,000 Methodists of the United States we denounce this rebellion of the directory against the National Government.

"Second—That as residents of Chicago we unite with all who care for the honor of our city in declaring to the world that their rebellion is the act of those who disgracefully misrepresent us.

"Third—That as American citizens we pledge ourselves in a compact with all who are law-abiding and patriotic throughout the land that we will exercise ourselves to the utmost that the Columbian Exposition may be a monument of obedience to law and not a lasting reproach or an example of rebellion and anarchy.

The Rev. Frank M. Bristol moved that all action be deferred until it was seen what next Sunday would bring out at the Fair.

The Rev. Mr. Axtell defended the resolutions and said that the expressions used were necessary in view of the persistent misrepresentations by the daily city press of those in favor of Sunday closing. "It is too late to buy a padlock after the horse is stolen," he continued, "and there is a great deal of anarchy abroad that does not follow a red flag. We must show our convictions and must show that we hold the observance of God's law more sacred than any consideration for our own convenience or rich people's feelings."

The Rev. H. G. Jackson, Presiding Elder of the North Chicago District, pronounced it a serious mistake to send out resolutions that would find no sympathy among the public by reason of their denunciation of respectable men. He did not think the Methodist ministers were competent to judge of a point of law, and, according to his understanding, the directors of the Fair were at this time trying to ascertain what their rights were. "It is all wrong to denounce these men as Anarchists, when all know that they are an entirely different set of people," he said.

The Rev. John M. Caldwell of the South Park Church spoke in a similar strain, and a number of speakers followed with short harangues. There was an evident majority for the resolutions, but when the motion was made to extend the time of the meeting so as to reach a complete understanding on all points the vote showed more than the required one-fourth against a continuation, and by this parliamentary maneuver the minority succeeded in squelching the amended resolutions, the meeting coming to a close.

THROUGH SLEEPER TO MEMPHIS.

CENTRAL I.C. R.R. ROUTE

Via Illinois Central R. R.

On and after Monday, May 15, the Illinois Central R. R. will run on its train leaving Chicago daily at 8 o'clock p. m. a through buffet sleeping car between Chicago and Memphis, Tenn., in connection with the Newport News and Mississippi Valley company's line from Fulton, Ky. Returning, sleeper will arrive at Chicago at 6:45 p. m. daily. Tickets at city ticket office, 194 Clark street, and at Twenty-second street, Thirty-ninth street, and Hyde Park stations.

The Popular Route to Milwaukee

Is the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway. Its double track between Chicago and Milwaukee has been completed and with its block signal system, absolutely preventing accidents from collisions, trains may be run at the highest rate of speed attainable. The equipment of the line is perfect.

Trains leave Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams streets, as per following schedule:

8:30 a. m. daily.
11:30 a. m. daily except Sunday.
1:00 p. m. daily except Sunday.
3:00 p. m. daily except Sunday
6:00 p. m. daily.
8:00 p. m. daily.
10:30 p. m. daily.
City ticket office, 207 Clark-st.

Faster Time to St. Louis and a New Train to Springfield.

A new time table takes effect on the Chicago and Alton R. R. Sunday, May 14, 1893. The St. Louis Limited will leave Chicago at 11 a. m. same as heretofore, and arrive at St. Louis 7:15 p. m., instead of 7:35 p. m., as heretofore, thereby shortening the time twenty minutes.

The Alton's Pacific Express will leave Chicago 2 p. m., instead of 1 p. m., as heretofore, and arrive at Springfield at 8:40 p. m. same day and Kansas City at 8:00 a. m. next morning.

The Alton now has five trains per day from Chicago to Springfield. City ticket office No. 195 South Clark street.

IT'S A QUESTION OF ENDURANCE.

That Is the Present Status of the Waiters' Strike—Other Labor Matters.

The striking white waiters met yesterday at No. 82 Lake street. Eight hundred attended. The strike has settled down to a question of endurance. The strikers were annoyed yesterday by the fact that the committee appointed by the Trades and Labor Assembly to push the matter of arbitration between the strikers and proprietors had taken as yet no action. A committee was named by the strikers, consisting of M. Doney, F. Smith, F. Eggers, G. Schaefer, and J. Munshaw, to hunt for the Trades and Labor Assembly committee and on finding it to ask it to do business or "get off the prairie." Addresses were delivered by W. C. Pomeroy, M. Hart of the Colored Waiters' Union, Anton Leroy of Philadelphia, J. D. Josephson of New York, and other waiters from outside cities. A conference of a number of down-town proprietors was held at the Grand Pacific yesterday afternoon to consider the waiters' strike. The claim made by the waiters' meeting Sunday that the new men would go out this week was denied.

The girl waiters who were organized into a union at Bricklayers' Hall last Sunday will assemble Wednesday night again at Bricklayers' Hall, when they expect to increase their membership to 400.

The Tin and Sheet Iron Job Workers' Union will meet employers tonight at Bricklayers' Hall, where it is probable they will settle amicably the long vexed question of hours and wages.

If you are suffering from brain fatigue from your trip to the World's Fair take Bromo-Seltzer. It will cure you promptly.

Are you a lover of champagne? Do you wish a superior article? Try Cook's Extra Dry Imperial Champagne. It is fine.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Use SOZODONT when you have eaten;
Use SOZODONT your breath to sweeten;
Use SOZODONT to aid digestion;
Use SOZODONT and ask no question.
Preserve your molars, and you wont
Regret the use of SOZODONT.

To combat anæmia in all its forms, nothing can replace Bugeaud's wine, tonic and nutritive, prepared with cinchona and cocoa. To be had of the principal druggists.

Brown's Household Panacea. "The Great Pain Reliever," for internal and external use; cures cramps, colic, colds, and all pain. 25c bottle.

Use Brown's Camphorated Saponaceous Dentifrice for the teeth. Delicious. 25c a bottle.

The best regulator of the digestive organs is Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—Weather forecast for Tuesday:

For Illinois, Indiana, and Lower Michigan, generally fair, slightly warmer at Port Huron, northwesterly winds.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Mean temperature.	Direction of wind.	State of weather.	Precipitation in 24 hours.
Abilene	30.02	72	76	N. E.	Clear	Trace
Bismarck, N. D.	30.30	60	62	E	Clear	
Boston, Mass.	30.14	54	62	E	Fair	
Buffalo, N. Y.	29.74	60	68	W	Cl'ndy	.01
Cairo, Ill.	29.82	68	74	N.	Fair	.02
Charleston, S. C.	30.08	72	78	W.	Cl'ndy	.01
Cheyenne, Wyo.	30.10	54	72	N. E.	Cl'ndy	
Chicago	29.94	44	46	N. E.	Fair	
Cincinnati, O.	29.96	62	68	W	Cl'ndy	.12
Cleveland, O.	29.72	56	64	N. E.	Rain	.62
Davenport, Ia.	29.94	54	62	N. W.	Fair	Trace
Denver, Colo.	30.04	76	76	N. E.	Fair	
Des Moines, Ia.	30.04	56	60	N.	Cl'ndy	
Detroit, Mich.	29.86	52	62	N. E.	Cl'ndy	.04
Dodge City, Kas.	30.04	70	74	N. E.	Clear	
Duluth, Minn.	30.12	50	52	Calm	Clear	
El Paso	30.00	78	80	E	Clear	
Kansas City, Mo.	29.72	58	64	N	Rain	.12
Galveston, Tex.	29.84	82	82	N	Clear	.04
Grd'Haven, Mich	29.86	46	52	N. W.	Clear	
Green Bay, Wis.	29.94	48	54	N.	Cl'ndy	
Helena, Mont.	29.88	68	80	S. E.	Cl'ndy	Trace
Huron, S. D.	30.16	50	62	N.	Clear	
Indianapolis, Ind	29.84	54	70	N. W.	Cl'ndy	.06
Jacksonville	29.90	74	84	S. W.	Rain	.10
Kansas City, Mo	30.04	62	68	N.	Clear	
Knoxville	29.76	60	68	N.	Rain	.88
La Crosse, Wis.	30.02	54	60	N. W.	Clear	Trace
Little Rock, Ark.	29.92	76	78	N.	Fair	
Louisville, Ky.	29.74	62	68	N.	Fair	.34
Manistee, Mich.	29.96	40	44	N. W.	Cl'ndy	
Marquette, Mich	30.00	38	38	N. W.	Cl'ndy	.04
Memphis, Tenn.	29.90	72	76	N.	Rain	.04
Miles City	29.94	74	78	E	Clear	
Milwaukee	29.96	42	50	N. E.	Cl'ndy	
Minedosa	30.14	48	62	E	Fair	
Montreal	29.82	56	68	N. E.	Clear	
Moorhead	30.16	58	68	E	Clear	
New Orleans, La	29.82	70	76	N. E.	Cl'ndy	.01
New York City	29.92	70	74	N	Cl'ndy	
Omaha, Neb.	30.10	60	64	N. W.	Clear	
Oswego, N. Y.	29.76	58	64	N. W.	Rain	.02
Palestine	29.96	74	80	N.	Clear	
Pierre, S. D.	30.16	54	64	N.	Clear	
Pittsburg	29.74	60	70	S.	Cl'ndy	.02
Port Huron	29.94	44	60	N. E.	Cl'ndy	
Pueblo	30.02	70	72	N.	Clear	
Rapid City	30.10	60	66	N. E.	Clear	
St. Louis	29.86	62	72	N	Cl'ndy	Trace
St. Paul	30.08	56	58	W	Clear	
Salt Lake City	29.92	62	64	S	Clear	
Santa Fe	30.04	64	66	E	Fair	
Sioux City	30.10	60	60	N	Clear	
Springfield, Ill.	29.90	56	66	N	Cl'ndy	
Springfield, Mo.	29.84	64	68	N	Clear	
Toledo, O.	29.74	58	62	N. E.	Cl'ndy	.04

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Mansfield, optician, TRIBUNE Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 52 degrees; 10 a. m., 52; 10 a. m., 52; 11 a. m., 52; 12 m., 52; 1 p. m., 52; 3 p. m., 53; 6 p. m., 52. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.93; 6 p. m., 29.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1893.

THE FREE TRIBUNE NEWSPAPER BOX.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE gives to every new subscriber in the city upon payment of one month's subscription (seventy-five cents) a Colby Lock Box, which guarantees him against newspaper thieves and also keeps his paper dry and clean. *These boxes are put up by THE TRIBUNE company without charge.* All new subscribers will receive a box free of charge and old customers can be supplied at half rates. The boxes can be had at the City Circulator's office, Room 4 TRIBUNE Building. Leave 75 cents at home, send a postal to THE TRIBUNE, and the thing is done.

BANKER ZIMRI DWIGGINS still has his name, at any rate.

IN the meantime do not lay aside your thick flannels.

KAISER WILHELM would have cut the Gordian knot with a meat ax.

AS THE Emperor of Germany grows older he becomes more and more Groverian in his ways.

FORTY thousand pounds of butter sold on the Elgin Board of Trade yesterday at 20 to 23 cents a pound.

GEN. DODDS, the hero of Dahomey, may possibly take the active management of some future French crisis.

THERE will be an explosion of political dynamite by and by that will explain the long continued and industrious silence of Senator D. B. Hill.

UNLESS American railways are built with more care than they generally have been hitherto the "locomotive of the future" will not travel far at the rate of 112 miles an hour without coming to a sudden and disastrous stop.

AMONG the World's Fair congresses no provision appears to have been made for a congress of Democratic revisers of the tariff. But six months is too short a time, anyhow, for such a convocation to agree on any practical plan.

TOM CARSON bases his opposition to the Democratic Congressional apportionment bill on the fact that its enactment would leave him in a Republican district. Has Tom Congressional aspirations? Or is his opposition one of the sessional jokes? Tom Carson in Congress would be too serious a joke at the expense of Illinois.

MAYOR HARRISON should follow up his proclamation about cleaning the streets and alleys by insisting on the rigid enforcement of its instructions. He has the power to enforce all of them. He means to do so no doubt, but it will require diligence, energy, and considerable political courage to do all that the proclamation promises.

FATHER THOMAS EWING SHERMAN, who is a member of the Order of Jesuits, seems to be as choleric as was his distinguished father, who led the march to the sea. His sermon in St. Louis Sunday night against secret societies, and especially against the Orange and anti-Catholic societies, was most virulent and hardly in keeping with a mission of peace on earth, or tending to the promotion of good will among mankind.

WHAT has become of Senator Thiele's electric lighting bill, passed by the Senate and now at some stage in the House? It merely provides that cities shall have power to furnish electric lights to the people. What is the objection to it? Why is it not advanced? Speaker Crafts should look into the causes of this delay. It is intended for the special benefit of Chicago, and some of the Chicago members should try to call it up this week and advance it to the final stage. It is not to their credit that it is not now a law.

ACCORDING to the reports from Springfield there is little doubt that the bill increasing the number of Cook County Judges will be passed this session. Gov. Altgeld is said to be in favor of the measure, which therefore will become law without much doubt. What steps are the County Commissioners taking to provide accommodations for the new Judges to be elected under this bill? From present appearances the new Criminal Court Building on Michigan street will not be finished for some time. Are the members of the County Board aware of the likelihood of the bill becoming law? Senator O'Conor, Senator O'Malley, and the friends of the measure ought to communicate with the Commissioners.

SOME of the financial sharks who abound in the British metropolis have became bolder than ever before in setting baits to attract victims. One of them, who has been exposed repeatedly and publicly and is reported to have been forced to repay with costs money obtained from a client and lost in straightforward speculation, seems to be the boldest of the lot. He is sending out printed circulars announcing the name of a lady member of the aristocracy as one of his customers and as still holding his stock. It is fair to presume this is done without the knowledge or consent of the lady, and it is to be hoped the wretch will be exposed so fully as to render it inadvisable for him to continue his nefarious operations.

THE stocks of grain in Chicago elevators and afloat last Saturday evening were 19,833,000 bushels of wheat, 1,912,000 bushels of corn, 598,000 bushels of oats, 173,000 bushels of rye, and 11,000 bushels of barley. Total, 22,527,000 bushels of all kinds of grain, against 9,559,000 bushels a year ago. For the same date the Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade states the visible supply of grain in the United States and Canada as 72,882,000 bushels of wheat, 7,829,000 bushels of corn, 3,527,000 bushels of oats, 608,000 bushels of rye, and 552,000 bushels of barley. These figures are smaller than the corresponding ones a week ago by 387,000 in wheat and 2,024,000 in corn. The visible supply of wheat for the corresponding week a year ago decreased 1,079,000 bushels.

THE Detroit *Free Press* says:

It is upon the authority of the Chicago papers themselves the statement is made that the hotel proprietors and the restaurant-keepers are charging exorbitant rates. They proceed upon the plan of bleeding a man when you can. It was expected that there would be some advance beyond the regular prices, but the charges now made exceed anything that was anticipated or that can be justified.

The *Free Press* has stated a condition of things which no longer exists. Will it now have the fairness to inform its Michigan readers "upon the authority of the Chicago papers themselves" that the hotel proprietors and restaurant-keepers no longer are charging exorbitant rates, and that the Michiganders can come here to see the Fair without any danger of being overcharged? Or will it continue to make such statements as the above, as some other hostile papers are doing, purely to gratify their malicious spirit?

A SUCCESSFUL bear attack carried Wall street prices down again yesterday, but there was a sharp rally just before the close. The local market was generally heavy, but with good support for some of the stocks and considerable investment buying. Sterling rates again advanced, and it is expected from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 will be needed for export this week. New York exchange sold at 75 cents premium.—The leading produce markets were only moderately active and narrow. Corn and provisions averaged steady, while wheat was weaker under reports of large stocks and the uncertainty in the financial situation. As compared with the latest prices of the preceding day July wheat closed ⅛ cent lower, corn steady, oats ⅜ cent lower, cash rye ⅛ cent higher, barley steady, flaxseed ½ cent lower, September pork 5 cents higher, and lard and ribs 2½ cents higher.

A DEFENSE OF THE DIRECTORS.

Director Bryan's letter to the National Board of Commissioners, which was printed in yesterday's TRIBUNE, should be studied carefully by the members of that body before they take any action. His temperate, logical defense of the course of the directory is likely to make them regret their hasty, ill-advised language of last week.

Mr. Bryan denies that any director intended the slightest discourtesy to the National Commission when it adopted its resolution for the opening of the grounds around the Exposition buildings. It is difficult to imagine any person seriously believed that the directors, who are gentlemen, would be guilty of a breach of good manners. And as it was and is the understanding of the latter that the commission made no claim to the control of the gates, but of the buildings and their contents only, there could be no discourtesy in not consulting the latter about a regulation relating merely to admission to the grounds.

Commissioner St. Clair of West Virginia was one of those who assailed the directors most vigorously for their action. Mr. Bryan makes an excellent point on this gentleman, who had held that Congress had violated its contract with the directors, and that therefore the Exposition buildings should be opened Sundays, but who became so irritated because the directors merely opened the grounds to that public which the Commissioner had asserted ought to be admitted to both grounds and buildings.

Mr. Bryan says he personally favors the repayment of the Congressional donation and the opening of the buildings. But as that is not feasible for some time anyhow it was deemed best not to deprive the public of the enjoyment of the park at least. Were it not necessary to meet the great expense of policing and maintaining the grounds and protecting the exhibits the directors would be disinclined to charge any fee. That is the only reason why they ask 25 cents for admission to the grounds.

Mr. Bryan repels with dignified earnestness the assertion "caught up from Commissioners and repeated with apparently revengeful gusto by men whose sacred profession should render them apostles of truth" that the directory was actuated by mercenary motives when it resolved that the grounds should be open to all Sundays. He believes that the unrewarded labors of the directors, their own financial sacrifices, their disinterested devotion to the interests of the Exposition should have saved them from such an attack. In the present, however, as in the past, the easiest and most catching charge which can be made against a man is that he is influenced by mercenary motives. Ministers and laymen alike resort to it to injure those who disagree with them.

It is denied that the directors were "influenced by money considerations to profane the Sabbath." On the contrary, they were governed by a conscientious sense of duty and a desire to respect as far as the law permits the will of the vast majority of the people. They deny—

That such "rest" as is to be found at the Exposition, such enlightenment, such expansion of the mind, such elevation of the soul, such innocent happiness are in any sense a profanation.

And they say they know that—

Religion and the institution of the Sabbath are rapidly becoming estranged from the masses of the people by this tyrannical exclusion and bar to innocent enjoyments.

Mr. Bryan's letter may not convince the victims of blind prejudice, the men who, while descanting on the purity of their own motives, deny that any who disagree with them can be honest, but it certainly will convince all readers who are amenable to reason.

THE GEARY CHINESE LAW.

The Supreme Court of the United States has upheld the constitutionality of the Geary law requiring the registration of Chinese laborers and the deportation of those who refuse to register. The court was far from being unanimous, however. Gray, Jackson, Brown, Blatchford, and Shiras were on one side, and Field, Brewer, and the Chief Justice on the other. The majority took the ground that the Nation has the power to prohibit the immigration of any class of aliens, or to require any such aliens already here to leave the country, and that the legislative branch of the government has full power to determine the regulations under which aliens should be permitted to remain, and to order their removal if they did not comply with them.

Mr. Justice Field drew a distinction between the exclusion of immigrants and the deportation of alien residents, and claimed that the law was inhuman and brutal and violative of the Constitution in every section. Mr. Justice Brewer believed the law unconstitutional and expressed the fear that if upheld other classes of aliens might at some time be legislated against as the Chinese had been.

The law having been sustained it remains now to be seen what the Chinese will do. As yet not one in twenty of those affected by it have registered. It has been asserted that they were holding back to see what the Supreme Court would do, and that if it decided against them they might obey the law. If they do not then the government will have to enforce it, although there is no doubt that Mr. Cleveland would prefer not to do so, and that he would have been pleased had the court reached a different conclusion. Its immediate and universal enforcement, however, is clearly out of the question if the Chinese laborers persist in their refusal to register, even after taken into court, owing to the fact that not enough money was appropriated by the last Congress to cover the expense of deporting any large number of the Celestials. That does not make it any the less the duty of the officers of the Treasury Department to go ahead and arrest Chinese who are found in this country without a certificate, and to take them before a judge so that their cases may be heard. When thus arrested it is probable that most of them, rather than be shipped back to China, will hunt up their witnesses and prove that they are entitled to certificates.

THE MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Mayor Harrison issued a proclamation Saturday calling the attention of the people to the ordinances which forbid the throwing of waste paper or other refuse into the streets or alleys and the mixing together of ashes and garbage in one receptacle. He appealed to them—

In full confidence that their sense of pride in the appearance of the city, that their conviction of the reasonableness of the ordinances, the public necessity of attaining the end sought to be secured, will enlist the hearty and cheerful coöperation of all classes, whether rich or poor. No appeal to the public spirit of the people of Chicago has ever been unheeded. Shall we not now be scrupulously attentive that each contributes his share towards keeping our fair city in gala attire, our streets clean and beautiful, free from the unsightly trash and litter cast from a hundred thousand homes, and free from the mass of disgusting filth that inattention to the matter will so readily permit to accumulate.

Such suggestions and appeals have been made before and fruitlessly. It is comparatively easy to create a public sentiment in favor of cleaning up in a small place where the shortcomings of any one are known by everybody else. It is not easy to do so in a large city made up of all sorts of people, a large proportion of them indifferent whether their surroundings are dirty or cleanly. If the observance of the ordinances to which the Mayor refers is left to depend on the self-respect and civic pride of the people they will be no better observed in the future than in the past. The Mayor gives notice, however, that—

These ordinances must hereafter be obeyed, and that the authority of the Executive as well as the vigilance of the police force shall not be permitted to relax until offenders understand that violation of these ordinances means the infliction of the penalties provided. Legal restrictions and penalties, however, ought to be unnecessary this year. Chicago pride and love of good health should be sufficient incentive.

If he will see to it that this is not permitted to be a mere idle threat there will be no difficulty about the enforcement of these ordinances. If he will order the police to make a number of arrests and direct the law officers to look after these cases and see that the offenders are fined and the fines paid, there will be a reform soon and people will begin to do out of fear what they will not do otherwise. When one or two shopkeepers in a block have been fined for sweeping refuse in the street their neighbors will respect the law. When one man has been fined for mixing ashes and garbage his neighbors will reform. After a man is arrested for throwing on the sidewalk or into the street the skin of the banana he was eating those who saw him carried off by an officer will be careful not to offend.

City ordinances for the enforcement of cleanliness are of no value when backed by moral suasion only. One arrest and fine are worth several reams of appeals. City officers have been altogether too timid in the past about making people obey the law, especially people who had votes. It is time to adopt a more energetic policy and to punish those who disobey the law instead of deploring the fact that they have so little public spirit.

THE TORRENS LAND TRANSFER BILL.

No one denies that the expenses and delays connected with the transfer of real estate in Illinois, especially in Chicago, are very great. The most moderate estimate of the cost of abstracts and lawyers' fees is sufficient to condemn the present system. There is a general agreement that it ought to be done away with if possible, for it will grow more expensive year by year. It is the belief of many that the adoption of what is known as the Australian or Torrens system of transferring land will free real estate from an unnecessary tax, which amounts to millions yearly, and will add to its value by making it more easily handled. This Torrens method was investigated by a commission appointed by authority of the Legislature. Its members prepared a bill which was submitted to the present General Assembly, and which has passed the Senate with only four dissentient votes. It has yet to be considered by the House, and though a majority of the members of the Judiciary committee of that body, to which it has been referred, are in favor of it, there are fears on the part of its friends that it will fail of passage because the session is nearing a close.

This measure meets with the unanimous approval of the Real Estate Board of Chicago, because its members know better than all others the intolerable delays and expenditures with which purchasers and sellers of real estate have to contend now. On the other hand, there are many lawyers in this city who, while sympathizing no doubt with the object the framers of the bill have in view, fear that it is revolutionary and that it will if adopted throw real estate law into chaos and aggravate the evils it is so desired to cure.

Whatever force their objections may have—and there are good lawyers who say they have none—is weakened by the fact that this bill is not compulsory. It does not say to a man that he must register his title, but that he may do so if he chooses. Therefore if it passes and goes into force on the 1st of July of this year it does not follow that advantage will be taken of its provisions for some time to come. Nothing will be done until lawyers begin advising their clients to register their titles under it. If after giving the new plan a more thorough examination and consideration than they have done yet the leading lawyers should tell their clients it would not benefit them they would let it alone. If they said it would they would use it.

If this bill is passed its provisions will receive the thorough, deliberate, careful scrutiny of all the best lawyers in Illinois, who will take a personal and practical interest in the subject they do not take now. If upon investigation they find it needs amendments future Legislatures can make them. If they decide that it is safe as it stands they will tell their clients to go ahead under the law. As it will be five years before any certificate of title given a real estate owner becomes indefeasible it is evident that there will be abundant time in which to remedy any defects which may be discovered without injury to any one.

If this bill were compulsory there would be reason for hesitation about making so radical a change. But it is not. He who prefers the present system can adhere to it. The two methods of dealing with real estate could exist side by side for years to come. Therefore, as the law would be an optional one the House should pass this bill without hesitation. Its action will amount to nothing unless ratified by the owners of real estate. The House members should look at the matter thus: This bill can do no harm because no one is obliged to resort to it. It may, however, do great good, wiping out serious evils, the existence of which all regret. The Senate is convinced it will. Consequently we ought to vote for it unhesitatingly. We have passed local option laws without question. This is an individual real estate option measure.

As there is no sound reason why any member of the House should refuse to vote for this bill, even if he does not believe that it will do a hundredth part of the good its friends claim for it, THE TRIBUNE hopes that that branch of the Legislature will pass it with as much unanimity as the Senate has done. Then it can be ascertained from practical experience how much value it possesses. That is the only wise way to settle the dispute.

THE WOMAN'S CONGRESS.

The Woman's Congress which meets this week at the Art Institute not only will be the most notable gathering of women the world ever has seen, but one of the most interesting features of the World's Fair Auxiliary assemblages outlined for the coming summer. Nearly 300 of the representative women of the world in all walks of life will be in attendance and in the eight different departments half this number will read papers on various subjects connected with the advance of woman, which will be listened to eagerly by thousands of other women, many of whom will take part in any discussions which may come up. These subjects embrace the widest possible scope. Representative women in the departments of politics, suffrage, temperance, religion, art, the drama, music, industrial economics, dress reform, education, finance, the trades and professions, society, the evolution and progress of women, science, trades unions, literature, morals, marriage relations, the family—in every department of thought, labor, and action, indeed, which concerns women—will bear testimony to what has been accomplished and will offer suggestions for the future which still further shall advance woman in all her rights and privileges. The purpose of this great and unique gathering has been stated succinctly by Miss Susan B. Anthony, the pioneer in asserting woman's rights, though her efforts mainly have been directed in the single direction of suffrage. That she now takes a broader view of the situation will be seen by the following statement which she makes in an interview:

We want to show womanhood first; we want to show how wifehood and motherhood are accidental thereto; we want to show that not every woman is designed and ordained for housekeeping; we want to show that woman should be directed toward or permitted to choose the life work for which she is designed, and thereby help to save many a man from being sacrificed to sour bread and like ills.

The sentiments advanced by Miss Anthony, it will be observed, are in line with those so happily brought forward by Mrs. Potter Palmer in her admirable address upon the occasion of the opening of the Woman's Building May 1. The congress not alone will represent woman's freedom, but what woman hopes to accomplish by the exercise of that freedom as well as the new influences which are working in Oriental countries, where hitherto the condition of woman has been servile. The outcome of the congress cannot be other than successful. Its theoretical and suggestive features are emphasized by the practical showing of what woman has done in the exhibits of her work in the great Fair itself. No stronger argument can be adduced in defense of the right of woman to follow the pursuits for which she is fitted, and to the same extent as man, than the sight of these exhibits. If there be any caviler or any one who has the hardihood to dispute the premises of the women of the congress all they have to do is to point to their exhibits in the Woman's Building, and in the Liberal Arts, Fisheries, Horticultural, Agricultural, and other buildings at Jackson Park for a triumphant and irrefutable reply.

That the representatives to the Woman's Congress will have a royal welcome goes without saying. It was specially courteous to give them the place of honor in leading off the World's Congresses, and no one need doubt that their week's work will be of an earnest, thoughtful, and thoroughly interesting character, and that it will commend itself to the attention of the world. In the words of Miss Anthony, "It will advance woman's cause a hundred years, because it will impart learning in every department of life in which man always has reigned but to which woman is, and always has been, eligible," and in the still more forcible language of Mrs. Palmer, the President of the Woman's Congress:

Having the full use of their faculties women rejoice in exercising them. This is entirely in conformity with the trend of modern thought, which is in the direction of establishing proper respect for human individuality and the right of self development. Our highest aim now is to train each to find happiness in the full and healthy exercise of the gifts bestowed by a generous nature. Ignorance is too expensive and wasteful to be tolerated. We cannot afford to lose a reserve power of any individual. We advocate, therefore, the thorough education and training of woman to fit her to meet whatever fate life may bring—not only to prepare her for the factory and workshop, for the professions and arts, but, more important than all else, to prepare her for presiding in the home.

WARD M'ALLISTER PRAISES THE FAIR.

Ward McAllister has said and written many foolish things, and not a few times has inflicted the merest dudish twaddle upon the public, but he now is showing that his case is far from being a hopeless one. He is improving, and in a recent letter from New York in relation to the World's Fair indicates the possession of what a former Mayor of this city characterized as "horse sense." He says there is no question that the exhibit buildings at Chicago are in perfect taste, and in extent surpass many times those of any other exhibition ever given. He declares the site is one of the most beautiful that could have been chosen, and that it is ample, while the Paris exhibition was crowded into the Champs de Mars and a small strip of land along the banks of the Seine. Besides this it was not universal, as many countries did not officially take part in it. He refers to the enormous fortunes that have been amassed in real estate and the industries, to the possession of modern works of art costing marvelous sums, the hospitals and charities, etc., not forgetting the luxuries of the table and the buffet. It is true that on some of these topics he speaks for the whole country, but graciously and distinctively admits that Chicago is entitled to a prominent place in the category of cities in which these results have been achieved, and the refinements of modern civilization attained in sequel to pecuniary success.

Mr. McAllister pays particular attention to what the foreigner may see on his arrival here and notes not a few features that are calculated to strike him with agreeable surprise. Among these are the fact that trotting races on the tracks and the road are indulged in by all classes, not limited to the titled few; the luxuriousness of our summer palaces by the seashore and on the mountains; the table delicacies that can be obtained in this country; the marvelous variety of climate we possess in Florida, Los Angeles, Monterey, and Santa Barbara; the superb hotels in St. Augustine, costing millions; our piny wood retreats, such as Lakewood, Asheville, and Aiken; and the sand hills of Augusta and St. Thomasville. Taking a higher flight he speaks of the marvelous submission of our people to the public will as illustrated in our elections; the universal reading of newspapers by the entire population; the wonderful knowledge of politics which the masses possess and their ability in discussing it; the striking characteristic of the American man and woman in adapting themselves to any and all circumstances of life, "it being an admitted fact that on this account an American woman is the best wife for a diplomatist"; the amount of recreation our people indulge in; the absorbing passion of men for the pursuit of wealth; and the wonderful control of our women over themselves, they filling many places that the men formerly occupied and doing with ability their work to an extent unknown in Europe.

Some of the allusions made by the gentleman in his letter may be excepted to as not in line with the highest order of thought, but as a whole it shows him to occupy a mental plane far superior to that indicated by his previous effusions. Evidently his ideas are not bounded by the narrow circle which embraces terrapin, wines frappé, and the dress ball attended only by members of the Four Hundred. And that he has had the courage to put himself outside the atmosphere of New York jealousy of the Fair and the city in which it is held marks him as one among a thousand of those who have assumed to speak for the dwellers on Manhattan Island. His remarks on the subject will have all the more weight as coming from an accepted leader of society there, and for that reason it is well, now they are found, they should be made a note of.

A NUMBER of professional foreigners met in a hall on Randolph street Sunday to take steps to protect what they called "the new education." Judging from the report of the proceedings the meeting was used to bolster up an old humbug—the teaching of a foreign language in the primary grades—and to insist on the retention in all the schools of the so-called physical culture teachers. Incidentally a proposition was made to establish at the public expense a gymnasium in connection with the county normal humbug at Englewood. One Max Stern was the leading spirit of the gathering. His interest in keeping the foreign language in the schools may not be disconnected wholly with his interest in a foreign language printing establishment. One of the speakers, Carl Plum, said that none but persons expert in the science of education should be appointed on the School Board. He doubtless wants such experts in pedagogy as William Boldenweck, E. G. Halle, and Fritz Goetz, and the latest accession to the board—Max Jacob Koene—to whom Stern and all the other speakers were so complimentary because he voted for the retention of the foreign language in the primary grades. Do those agitators think they can deceive the public, and that the people are not fully aware the meeting at Jung's Hall was promoted by the dumb-bell exercise men and the printers and publishers of foreign school-books who are threatened with the loss of jobs and of work?

THESE World's Fair Congresses are already creating a great deal of talk.

IN the days to come, when all the street cars are run by cable or electricity, when carriages and wagons are propelled by the use of storage batteries, and all men, women, and children ride bicyles, what is going to become of the horse?

THERE were eager crowds around all the heat exhibits in the Exposition buildings yesterday.

CHICAGO will be grateful if today is even "slightly warmer."

WHAT shall it profit an ocean greyhound if it gain a whole day and lose a thousand passengers by shipwreck?

THE heathen Chinee who refuses to register may pack his valise.

THIS anarchistic scheme to blow up the Columbian Exposition buildings with dynamite will shock the sensitive and sympathetic heart of the New York *Sun* and probably cause the good Dr. Dana to make frequent allusions to it in his editorial columns.

WE desire to call the attention of Secretary Morton to the fact that the Fourth of July is only seven weeks away.

IT May rain.—*Peoria Mirror*.
June know any way to prevent it?

FOR the season of 1893 the Fairyland of Science is Jackson Park.

THE Chinese m—t g—o.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Ilium Fuit.

New York Visitor (recognizing a familiar face)—"Hello! There's Anson!"
Chicago Man—"Who's Anson?"

Larry's Lament.

"Wurra! Wurra!" groaned Larry. "Bad luck to the day I was bor-r-n! Here's thim banks all bustin' up an' me not got a cint in anny wan av 'em.

He Coincided.

"May is generally one of our pleasantest months," explained the Chicago host, "but spring is unusually backward this year."

"It does seem painfully shy on sunshine," observed the shivering excursionist from Florida.

Why He Couldn't.

"No, I haven't seen much of the World's Fair," sighed Young Sporty. "I can't afford to go to the World's Fair and the races too."

"That's because you go to the races first," said his experienced friend, Old Sporty.

Non-Committal.

Reporter—"Mr. Cody, may I ask how you stand on the subject of closing the World's Fair Sunday?"

Buffalo Bill—"Young man, I take a conservative view of this question, but I haven't any opinion to give out. Please stand aside. You're blocking the gateway."

Rival Reformers.

Upguardson (lighting his cigar)—"Do you know, sir, that the money squandered every year by the people of the United States in ministering to the depraved habit of drink would pay all the soldiers' pensions and establish a public library in every town in the country?"

Atom (stirring his toddy)—"No, sir; but I know that the money they waste in gratifying their abominable and filthy appetite for tobacco would build a fine church every day in the year and put a copy of the Bible into the hands of every man, woman, and child in Africa, confound you!"

PERSONALS.

Gov. Pennoyer of Oregon is said to regard himself as being directly in the way of the lightning of 1896. Beside his the ta-ra-ra boom is a very small circumstance.

Editor Charles A. Dana is in Europe. Editor Joseph Pulitzer is in New York. Editor James Gordon Bennett is on the ocean. Thus is the equilibrium maintained.

Mrs. Rachel Cooper, a colored woman who died last week in Philadelphia, was in her 118th year. It was her boast that she "had been a Christian for ninety years." She was in full possession of her faculties up to within a few days of her death.

President Cleveland, it is reported, is seriously contemplating placing fourth-class Postmasters within the rules of the classified service and requiring them to undergo civil examinations as to fitness for the positions. He is of the opinion that such intention, if it is ever carried out, will cause a revolution in the politics of the country.

The Rt.-Hon. John Campbell Hamilton Gordon, seventh Earl of Aberdeen, who is about to become Governor-General of Canada, was made Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland in 1886, and became extremely popular there. Upon the fall of Gladstone's Cabinet Lord Aberdeen was made the object of a most enthusiastic "leave-taking" upon vacating the office.

Gen. Wade Hampton, Commissioner of Railroads, will start today on an official inspection tour of the subsidized Pacific railroads. He will travel in a car placed at his disposal, so that he can stop off at will. He will go direct to San Francisco. Gen. Hampton is not in the best of health, but has partially recovered from the grip, of which he has been a victim for a year or more.

The President's new summer home is in a pleasant locality, about eight miles from the White House. The place is too far to walk, not easy of access by street railroads, expensive for carriages, and precious few unbidden persons will ever go there in any manner. This, it can be said, was among the reasons for selecting it. To this retreat the President will betake himself for days together, and it will be bad luck for any officeseeker to pursue him there. There will be plenty of company, however, but none of the sort the master does not want.

Col. John S. Mosby, the famous ex-Confederate guerrilla, is past 60 and his hair is nearly white, but he stands as straight as an arrow, walks with a firm step, and seems to be full of vigor. He is practicing law in San Francisco, but he finds time to act as Commissioner for the Juarez Lottery of Mexico and superintend their monthly drawings. He defends his connection with a lottery by saying that George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, and many of the distinguished men of the country were directors in lottery companies.

Postmaster-General Bissell is said to be decidedly democratic in his official methods and easily approached by all who have business with him. Visitors to the Postoffice Department and employés there are offering even money that before the end of August Mr. Bissell, who is rather fleshy, will receive in his shirt sleeves, making himself as comfortable as possible while transacting the public business. He is said to explain his methods by saying that the work of the department is very heavy and he has no time to waste on flummery.

THE STATE PRESS.

Benton *Standard* (Dem.): A. E. Stevenson will make a good candidate for President in four years. "We love him for the heads he has chopped off."

Bloomington *Eye:* An honest Legislature is the noblest and rarest work of the Democratic party, and so far it has not been able to produce one in this State.

Springfield *Journal:* Morrison has more influence at Washington than any other Illinois Democrat, and this is shown every time that Illinois is lucky enough to grab a piece of the pie.

Quincy *Whig:* The Democratic party has need of what Uncle Silas would call a "swearing-room." Leading Democrats would want to use it every time they contemplate the Illinois Legislature.

Aurora *Beacon:* This Legislature has fooled away nearly a million of the people's money and has done nothing. It is high time that the Republican minority asserts its power and brings the useless session to a close.

Springfield *Register* (Dem.): The officeseekers of the land—a very large and influential lot of people, by the way—after reading the latest fulmination from the White House will wonder upon what meat President Cleveland feeds that he has grown so exclusive.

Springfield *Journal:* Up to this time the Democratic Legislature has been paid $125,860 in salaries and not a single measure of the slightest value to the people has been passed. A review of the really good legislation that has failed will be of interest after the session is over.

Joliet *Republican:* As the season is wearing on and the day of adjournment draws near the Democratic leaders begin to realize that something must be done, and hence the present is to be a busy week; that is, if the Democrats can get enough of their members present to transact business.

Paris *Beacon:* The Democrats will do well to get their reapportionment outrage consummated before the present Legislature adjourns. With the districts left as they are at present they would be so unmercifully whipped in 1894 that they would never have another chance to perpetuate their infamous reign in the State.

Springfield *News:* This was to be a reform administration—a Democratic administration, an administration of the people. If it is, may the gods forgive us, but give us the old kind. The Governor stands in need of sympathy. It is the heroic sympathy, however; the sort that lifts its foot in ejectment while tendering sympathy to the other party.

Bloomington *Leader:* From indications at present the Legislature at Springfield will be unable to pass either the Congressional or Senatorial apportionment bills now pending. They are such vile measures that even the Democratic members will not vote for them. When bills are so bad that Democratic legislators will not vote for them they must be terrible.

Decatur *Republican:* The people should not fail to note the fact that the present Democratic Legislature never fails to secure the attendance of every Democrat when some partisan legislation, such as the present attempts to disgrace the State by the passage of an infamous and unconstitutional gerrymander of the State is involved, but when it comes to legislating for the people they always fail to force their members to be present and the people's interests are allowed to suffer.

CURRENT NOTES.

It is a sign that the trees have come to stay another season as soon as they begin to leave.—*Rochester Democrat.*

"I shall demonstrate the caws and effect." said the crow, as he followed the farmer who was dropping corn.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

Little Willie—"What is a phonograph?" His Mamma—"A thing you talk to and it talks back." "O, I thought that was a servant girl."—*Harvard Lampoon.*

If the spring poets will only swear off versifying they may yet get their reward. Look at Ruskin! See what he has got for not writing poetry.—*Boston Transcript.*

"What do you want?" she asked through a small opening in the doorway. "I'm lookin' fur a square meal." "Well," she replied, with a gesture toward the wood pile, "suppose you begin with a chop."—*Washington Star.*

Millionaire Waterstock—"But, my dear fellow, the law is all against you." Millionaire Grabgame—"What of that? Do you suppose I pay one of the most eminent members of the legal profession $10,000 a year for nothing?"—*Troy Press.*

Congressman—"I intend to introduce a bill providing for the coinage of half-cents. If it passes, my reëlection is assured." Friend—"How do you make that out?" Congressman—"All the church people in my district will vote for me."—*Puck.*

Jack—"America is a glorious country for freedom. A man can do just as he likes here." Tom—"O, no, he can't; not always." Jack—"Yes, he can. All he has to do is to drop a cent in the slot and he can have his own weigh any time he wants."—*Kate Field's Washington.*

There Is Good in Procrastination.

New York *Recorder:* The fact is, Democracy obtained possession of the government on false pretenses. The evils it condemned it is now beginning to see are not evils at all, and the leading features of the policy it opposed will probably be adopted by it before the Cleveland administration comes to an end. That has been the history of the party during the last thirty years. Nearly everything which it condemned in 1860 it supports in 1893. Mr. Cleveland is wise in his policy of procrastination. The Chicago platform, if fully carried out, would revolutionize the industries of the country and bring wages down to the lowest point they have ever reached in the republic. The party which brought that ruin in its train might as well abandon the field of national politics for a generation to come. The longer Mr. Cleveland persists in doing nothing the better it will be for the Republic.

An Entering Wedge.

Indianapolis *Journal:* The holding of the Republican League convention in Louisville ought to be the first stage in a victorious march Southward by the G. O. P. Republican policies should commend themselves to that section if they are properly presented. The industrial future of the South depends upon them.

North and South.

Cincinnati *Times-Star:* While Northern papers are filled with accounts of the World's Fair and Columbia's glorious future the uppermost topics in the Southern press are the bones of Jeff Davis and garlands for the dead past. Dixie should right about face and take her place in the procession.

May Be Reversed.

Providence *Journal:* In view of some recent occurrences it may be permitted to think that Secretary Carlisle's refusal to be interviewed regarding Treasury policy is not unconnected with a fear that what he might say today would be explained by the President to mean something else tomorrow.

The Ward McAllister Language.

Minneapolis *Tribune:* There is one thing strongly against reciprocity; it allowed the free importation of 200 monkey words gathered in Africa by one Prof. Garner, and every one of them is now being used against reciprocity.

The Passing Officeseeker.

Baltimore *American:* The unsuccessful officeseeker who, a short time ago, believed that he was the coming man is now convinced that he was wrong. He is now the going man, and is not standing upon the order of his going.

Not Worth the Cost.

St. Paul *Pioneer-Press.* It is now definitely settled that no effort will be made to inoculate Gov. Pennoyer with the bichloride of brains. The expense of trephining is greater than the improvement would be worth.

Decay at the Top.

St. Louis *Globe-Democrat:* When the Republican party was at its best it had its ablest men at the front; and it did not lose its ascendency until it intrusted its affairs to the control of amateurs and pretenders.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

Like a tiger lily in a field of common vegetation stood Ada Rehan last night when she played the Russian Baroness at Hooley's—the heroine of "The Last Word." From her tawny head to her foot she was a Princess rather than a Baroness; and she was attired in pronounced colors symbolical of the Tartar blood. No great effort was required of her in the company, but when she was called upon to portray dignity she looked like the statue of the Republic in the Court of Honor of the World's Fair. And yet she was an incidental figure in the story when she was by right divine the central one. This was the mistake of the performance. A figure like that of the Baroness Vera Bouraneff could find fitting surroundings only in a tragedy; yet here it was incidental only in a comedy, and attention had to be accorded less to her fortunes than to those of certain of her careless companions. The usual fashionable audience welcomed the Daly company and warmly applauded it, but the play, although it was followed with the closest attention, was somewhat disappointing. It is an adaptation to American conditions by Mr. Augustin Daly of a German comedy by Franz von Schoenthan. The story concerns itself in the present shape with a stony-hearted statesman (George Clarke), who casts from his home and heart his daughter (Isabel Irving), who makes a match contrary to the parental liking. The interceding angel for the young couple is the fascinating Russian widow personated by Miss Rehan. The fault of the play is that one hears too much of the cruel father and the silly lovers and not half enough about the brilliant widow. Miss Rehan uses a dainty accent which she sustains consistently throughout the performance, though her admirers may feel jealous of the purity of English to which she generally does such honor. At the end of the third act she is called upon to do a bit of pathos; this is the telling of a sentimental story, which by a less expert actress might easily be made maudlin. Miss Rehan affects the gentler members of her audience, and she makes the passage respectable to those mild auditors who recognize its essential speciousness. Miss Rehan in this impersonation makes the Russian woman more charming than fiction has ever taught us; indeed, it is not ungrateful to suppose that she has engrafted American attributes on a foreign stock. It is the greatest praise of the actress to say that in this piece she made the Baroness Vera Bouraneff so individually interesting that the spectator witnessed her actions through four acts, caring little or nothing for what became of the personages upon whom her influence operated. A poorer comedy than "The Last Word" would have been irradiated by such a personality and such acting. Mr. James Lewis was called upon to portray a fop. He did the part with his customary sprightliness; also, with the assurance and with the flippancy which make so much of the American idea of humor. Mr. Lewis pleased his audience, as he always does. One begs to dissent from the judgment, however, which would concede to such a wooer a maiden such as that portrayed by Miss Lula Smith. The two principal lovers of the story were in the hands of Miss Isabel Irving and Mr. Sidney Herbert. The young people acted acceptably; but the characters that fell to them were hopelessly insipid; and whether the two were finally blessed and united was to the average auditor a matter of utter indifference. Mr. George Clarke was somewhat stiff as the fatherly statesman—a Secretary of the Cabinet at Washington—but he invested it also with considerable dignity. Charles Wheatleigh was extremely natural as an elderly personage, though his playing a piano in the third act during an affecting scene was a decided dissonance.

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The spirited and excellent acting of Joseph Holland, M. A. Kennedy, and Miss Evelyn Campbell was the means of placing "The Sportsman" in favor with the large audience that assembled at the Schiller Theater last night to greet Frohman's comedians. To imagine the farce handled by less skillful hands or its risky situations less delicately enacted would be to place it with the long list of Mr. Frohman's French importations which have found an early and secure resting place on the closet shelves. The piece was adapted to the needs of the company and American play-goers by William Lestocq, the author of "Jane," from the French of George Faydeau. As in the case of "Jane," the adapter has been able to transfer the rapidly changing and humorous scenes from French to English ground and sentiment without destroying the delicate Frency flavor that must permeate the play in its original. There is much clever dialogue, and the situations that arise from misunderstandings and cross-purposes are frequently highly humorous. The second act entirely exceeded the promises of the first, and the last act, so often mere nothing in its relation to the story at hand, retained enough of the flavor of the second to carry out the interest to the end.

The plot is as light and frothy as the dialogue, but it carries out a definite purpose. Harry Briscoe, a young husband is in the habit of going to a neighboring town on poker playing expeditions, excusing his absence to his wife with the plea that he goes hunting with a friend. Dr. Holroyd, who is a friend and former admirer of his wife, has reason to suspect his sincerety concerning the hunting trips and induces his wife to keep a close watch of her husband's actions. During Mr. Briscoe's absence, the man with whom he is supposed to be hunting puts in his appearance and reveals the fact that he has not seen the supposed hunter for years. Mrs. Briscoe in despair seeks out Mr. Holroyd in the next town and goes for advice to his offices, which are in the same building that her husband's poker club is situated. Then comes the effort of Dr. Holroyd to prevent husband and wife learning of each other's presence in the place. In the midst of the confusion the house is raided by the police in an effort to suppress gambling, Dr. Holroyd declares Mrs. Briscoe to be his wife to avoid scandal, and finally is arrested by the police in the place of Mr. Briscoe, who has made his escape. From this point the happy termination is reached. The burden of the acting fell upon Mr. Kennedy, who gave a highly humorous impersonation of Dr. Holroyd. Mr. Joseph Holland, excellent actor that he is, was a lively, quick-witted Mr. Briscoe who kept the audience in constant laughter by his antics. Miss Evelyn Campbell, a new-comer in the cast in the place of Mrs. Georgie Drew-Barrymore, was entirely satisfactory as the confiding Mrs. Briscoe. Charles Abbe, who will be remembered for his excellent work as the man-fish in "Settled Out of Court," filled a minor part satisfactorily, as did Robert Hickman as Mr. Perkins and Minnie Tittell as Mrs. Fritchley. "The Sportsman" is a breezy trifle, molded on the conventional plan of the French farce, which will find favor with play-goers who go to the theater to laugh rather than to think. Preceding the farce was presented a one-act play entitled "Sweet Will" by Henry Arthur Jones. It was a pretty little love story, charmingly told and possessing one exceedingly well conceived situation in which a young man in financial trouble yet deeply in love with a young woman finds himself compelled to dictate a letter in which she accepts the hand of a rival. Of course the letter is not sent, the cloud of embarrassment is lifted, and there is a happy union. Miss Evelyn Campbell as Judith Loveless, the sweetheart, was lacking in the sentimentality and sympathy that might have made her acting feasible. Mr. Frank Gilmore was a little too stiff and formal as the young lover—he seemed to be laboring under embarrassment, not owing to the audience, but to the eyes of his sweetheart—an embarrassment somewhat out of place. Miss Minnie Tittell was graceful and pleasing as Mary Darbyshire, the sister, and Miss Ada Curry was satisfactory in the role of the mother.

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E. H. Sothern appeared before a large audience in a familiar rôle at the Columbia last evening, when he stepped before the footlights in the mud-stained boots and homespun clothing of Allen Rollitt, the young Devonshire farmer in Jerome K. Jerome's delightful play entitled "The Maister of Woodbarrow." His portrayal of Allen Rollitt was not lacking in its previous sincerity and charm and there was keen humor in his grotesque attempts to affect the niceties of London society. The pathos in the last act, when the prodigal returns to the country fireside, was also accomplished in Mr. Sothern's strongly human and realistic acting. Miss Virginia Harned repeated her old characterization of the adventuress satisfactorily, and Miss Rebecca Warren was fair as Deborah Deacon, the sweetheart. Miss Kate Pattison-Selten acted the mother, Mrs. Rollitt, warmly and sincerely. The rôle of the flunky, Peters, formerly filled by Mr. Joseph Cook, now with Daniel Frohman's Stock company, was satisfactory. The play will be continued throughout the week.

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The spectacle of "America" at the Auditorium has settled down to its long summer's run and the performances are entirely satisfactory. The audiences are growing steadily and a certain amount of success to the projectors of the spectacle seems certain.

A Fact to Be Remembered.

Kansas City *Star:* The fact ought to be kept prominent in the public mind that it is a good deal easier to criticise the management of the World's Fair than it is to carry an enterprise of that magnitude through to a successful conclusion in two years.

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BIG BANKS GO DOWN.

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL CRASHES REPORTED IN AUSTRALIA.

Queensland National Bank, Commercial Banking Company of Sydney, and the Bank of North Queensland Forced to Suspend—Failure of a Denver Banker and Real Estate Man—Run on a Minneapolis Concern—Favorable Reports on the Condition of the Chemical National.

BRISBANE, May 15.—The Bank of North Queensland, Limited, and the Queensland National Bank have suspended. The deposits in the Queensland National last December amounted to £8,500,000, of which amount half was from Great Britain. The subscribed capital of the Queensland National is £16,000,000, of which half is paid up. The bank, which has claimed a reserve of £485,000, has a branch in Sydney, N. S. W., and in various other places in Australia.

LONDON, May 15.—The suspension of the National Bank of Queensland caused no excitement in financial circles. The officials of the National cable from Brisbane that the stoppage is due to the persistent withdrawal of deposits. The shares of the National Bank of Queensland have been at a discount for weeks in the Stock Exchange, and the stoppage of the bank causes no surprise. The officials of the bank express confidence that it will be reconstructed, as it still retains valuable securities.

Private cable dispatches have been received to the effect that the Commercial Banking company of Sydney, N. S. W., has also suspended. For this and other reasons the unfavorable on the London Stock Exchange increased toward the close. The Commercial Banking company of Sydney is one of the oldest banking establishments in the antipodes, having been established in 1834 and incorporated in 1848. The capital is £600,000 and the reserve was stated to be £830,000. T. K. Dibbs is the general manager in Sydney and the board in London consists of Sir James Arndell Youl, F. H. Dangar, A. O. Robinson, B. Buchanan, the Hon. Edward Knox, and Nathaniel Cork, the last named being the London manager. The Commercial Banking company has many branches in Queensland and New South Wales.

BRISBANE, May 15.—The Permanent Building and Loan Association of this city suspended payment today. The New South Wales Government has proclaimed bank notes legal tender.

FEVERISH FEELING IN LONDON.

Australian Failures Have a Disturbing Effect on the Stock Market.

LONDON, May 15.—The official hour of closing today left the Stock Exchange feverish and excited over the developments of the day. Three defaulters had been posted while it was known that the fourth and most important failure had only been deferred until tomorrow. The dealings in the street proceeded from bad to worse, and ended in a feeling that might fairly be called panicky. Besides the Australian collapses, amongst which the failure of the Commercial Banking Company of Sydney was the gravest yet announced, the reported gold shipments to New York and the advices of lower prices from Wall street added to the depression. When the street business ceased the Colonial government stocks had gone down an average percentage of 2½ on the day's transactions. Railroads which were heavily sold to close accounts and were freely taken by Amsterdam houses showed a better tendency at the last moment. The day's fall on Lake Shore was 3 per cent, Illinois Central 2¼, Milwaukee, Atchison and Denver preferred 2, and other American railroad securities from ¾ to 1¼. In regard to tomorrow it is feared that the troubles both in financial and commercial circles will be increased by the failures of Glasgow and Edinburg houses, heavily involved through the suspension of Australian banking houses.

B. Hodgson & sons, well known as brokers for thirty years past, who were mentioned Saturday as having failed, have been helped over the difficulties. The failure of two small brokers has been announced.

RECEIVER FOR A STREET RAILWAY.

Inability to Raise Money Makes Trouble for a Sioux City Line.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., May 15.—[Special.]—The Sioux City Street Railway company's properties went into the hands of a receiver today. James F. Peavey, President of the road, being made receiver. He qualified under a bond of $50,000. A. F. Nash, a heavy stockholder in the company, made the application for the appointment. In his petition he stated that the company is insolvent. The company's total liabilities are $750,000. In 1890 it placed $525,000 worth of bonds through the Fidelity Loan and Trust company of this city, giving a trust deed to secure them. In 1892 a bond issue of $1,000,000 was made, the bonds being due in thirty years. Of these $525,000 worth were placed with a trustee to take up the first issue and $475,000 worth were hypothecated. The Metropolitan Trust company of New York is trustee of the company. The company owns the best franchises in the city and has thirty miles of track in operation in the most populous portions. It is equipped with electric motor power, operated from the company's own power house. Nearly all the stock is held in Sioux City. James F. Peavey is President, John Hornick Vice-President, and Craig L. Wright Secretary and Treasurer. The franchises, track, and equipment are estimated to be worth twice as much as the liabilities. President Peavey stated that in ordinary money times the company would have been solvent and claims that the embarrassment is only temporary.

WALL STREET STILL NERVOUS.

Favorable Statement Touching Cordage Lends Buoyancy to the Market.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—The stock market is still acutely nervous and subject to fluctuations as varying rumors come to influence it. Weakness prevailed throughout the market today until toward the close, when the announcement came out that an official statement to be presented by the receivers of the Cordage company would show that that property had assets of $10,000,000 in excess of its liabilities. This was a tonic surprise to the street, and the whole market, under the lead of cordage stocks, showed sudden firmness. Cordage common stock sold up sharply. Beyond any question the street has been worrying over exaggerated estimates of the bad condition of Cordage finances. Such an industry, controlled so largely by one company, is not likely to go all to smash over night.

The Australian troubles increase. Dispatches today announce the failure of three more banks having deposits between them of something like $100,000,000. Indirectly this means something to Wall street, for the reason that heavy losses fall through these failures upon London and remove the probability that American stocks will be bought for some time to come for the account of British interests. It seems to be plain that many stocks are swaying around on bottom, and that intrinsic values in many cases are more than market prices; but at the same time it is similarly plain that a determined liquidation is under way and that stocks are being closed out regardless of anything but the desire and necessity existing to turn securities into cash, and this liquidation according to the present outlook is likely to go considerably further.

H. ALLAWAY.

CHEMICAL NATIONAL IN GOOD SHAPE.

Favorable Report of Its Condition Sent to Controller Eckels.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—Controller Eckels received word today that the stockholders and officers of the Chemical National were positive they would be able to resume. It was represented that they have money enough for this purpose and that they were ready to meet the Controller's requirements in the way of providing new officers and an entirely new organization. If they are able to do this of course a new receiver will be necessary. Their plans, however, have not been submitted in detail yet for the Controller's approval. The communication to the Controller stated:

No effort is being spared to bring about a speedy resumption of the business of this bank. A thorough examination of the assets of the bank made by Examiner Sturges, assisted by a special committee from our Board of Directors, as soon as this examination is complete, and Mr. Sturges and the committee are ready to report the stockholders stand ready to take the necessary action. Plenty of money will be put into the reorganization to insure its success, and to take anything out of the assets that may be the least questionable. New names will be added to the directory, so that the bank may reopen with not only the confidence of Chicago, but of the whole country, and especially with your department. There is no bank officer or director who does not stand ready to tender his resignation at the proper moment. We stand ready to assist your department in any way within our power to bring about a speedy resumption of the business, not only of the main institution, but of the branch bank as well.

As to the Columbia Bank there is no probability that it will be permitted to resume. Every report received at the Controller's office shows that its affairs are worse tangled up than anybody imagined, Examiner Cooke will have authority to employ as many experts as are needed in order that a complete statement may be made at a date as early as possible. That prosecutions will be ordered as a result of the bank's method of doing business is now pretty certain. The particulars, however, are withheld, but District Attorney Milchrist is understood to be looking after the government side of the case.

A telegram from President Dwiggins and Cashier Bentley of the Columbia Bank announced their intention of coming to Washington within forty-eight hours to hold a conference with the Controller. Furthermore, they promised to submit a scheme looking to the resumption of business by the Columbia Bank, but the project is not very favorably looked upon by the Controller. Reports as to the condition of this institution show that its affairs are so badly mixed that nothing can be determined from the books. A rigid examination is to be conducted, but there is no likelihood that it will attempt to carry on business in the future. Mr. Dwiggins will be duly advised on this point when he meets Controller Eckels, who declares that he will not mince matters in discussing the situation with the officials of the Columbia Bank.

PRESSED FOR READY MONEY.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company Is in Financial Difficulties.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 15.—[Special.]—It was reported in this city and St. Paul today that the Northwestern Guaranty Loan company, which had become involved in financial difficulties, had suspended. The rumor, although gaining general credence, was found to be false. It is expected, however, that the company will be compelled to suspend in a few days. Officers and directors of the concern admit as much. L. F. Menage, President of the company, will not talk for publication, save to express the conviction that the company will eventually pay every dollar. Just how much time will be required for this is unknown. The trouble with the company is that from various causes many of its patrons have refused to take up or renew their notes. The company's difficulties, it is the general belief, are only temporary. Some of the wealthiest men of the city, Thomas Lowry and others, are back of it, and it is believed that the company will be able to satisfy all demands. It will not be possible to ascertain the exact condition of affairs unless the company suspends.

One of the results of the rumors regarding the Guaranty Loan was a run on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank today. The depositors are largely working people. The bank is not alarmed, being able to meet all demands. It has nearly $3,000,000 of cash and securities, and could stand a run of eight days if necessary. The run is nearly if not entirely over. The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, a concern with small capital, suspended, but will undoubtedly resume in a day or two.

It is said that Thomas Lowry, who transacts business with the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, furnished that institution today with $80,000 to help it meet the run. The Security Bank, it was said on the street, also stood ready to furnish a large amount of money for the same purpose in case it was needed. The crowd drawing out money consisted almost entirely of clerks and other working people, whose deposits ranged from $50 to $200 or $300. They were good natured and did not appear excited. One customer offered to deposit a considerable sum, but was met with the statement: "No, we don't want any money. We are busy paying out today." It is said that so far from losing money the bank will make by the run $40,000 or $50,000 by saving the interest which under the rules of the bank is forfeited by depositors who had not left their funds on deposit long enough to draw interest.

THOR, N. Y., May 15.—Nehr & Carpenter, Eastern managers for the Northwestern Guaranty Loan company of Minneapolis, this morning made a general assignment and closed their doors. Two million dollars of $16,000,000 worth of debenture bonds recently issued by the Northwestern Guaranty Loan company has been disposed of to people in this city and vicinity through the Eastern managers.

DENVER BANKER IN TROUBLE.

William H. Mygatt Makes an Assignment Owing About $508,000.

DENVER, Colo., May 15.—William H. Mygatt, banker and real estate dealer, formerly of the firm of McIntosh & Mygatt, assigned this morning. The assets in the schedules filed in the office of the County Clerk are given at $591,860 and the liabilities at $507,889.35. The principal creditor in Denver is the National Bank of Commerce, to which Mr. Mygatt owes over $40,000. Another large creditor here is William Palmer, in the sum of $26,660.66, but he is secured by a mortgage on the Oxford Hotel. Many other Denver creditors hold Mr. Mygatt's notes for various sums. Among the Eastern creditors are the People's Bank of Providence, R. I., $37,500; the New York Guarantee and Indemnity company, $40,000; Chase National Bank of New York, $25,000; A. D. Worthington of Hartford, Conn., $19,950; and the Bank of North America, Boston, $20,000. James P. Hopkins is named as the assignee. Mr. Wygatt spoke as follows in regard to his assignment:

A conservative business man who has examined my schedule says that the assets are really worth more than the statement filed. As the statement stands, I will pay out and have a margin left. The property is good, but with the present condition of the market I could not realize, hence made an assignment. I feel confident of being able to pay out 100 cents on the dollar. The Eastern banks are becoming afraid of all security and are especially discriminating against Western paper. The banks with which I have done business for a long period recently refused to take securities which they had hitherto desired to accept, and in fact desired to obtain.

SHOWING OF CAPITAL NATIONAL.

Partial Report Is Made and Conditions for Resumption Are Favorable.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—It was announced today that the Capital National will go into liquidation some time this week. If it should be decided to resume business, it will be reorganized under new officers. The following partial showing was made today:

Cash in hand, about	$ 80,000
In other banks, about	130,000
In Chicago Chemical Bank	80,000
Paper that can be realized on in five days	50,000
Paper that can be realized on in thirty days	150,000
Total cash in thirty days	$480,000

The Capital owes other banks $500,000, and it is presumed some temporary arrangement with a portion of these creditors is contemplated by which the banks will not call upon the Capital at once for their funds. It is claimed that of the bank's $1,000,000 of paper, all is good, with the possible exception of $50,000, which may not be convertible at present into money.

Country Bank in Trouble.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., May 15.—[Special.]—The Exchange Bank of Normal will not open for business tomorrow morning. There was a run of moderate dimensions on the bank today and after consultation of the heaviest depositors tonight suspension was determined upon. The bank was owned by W. H. Schneerman. It had dealings with the Columbia National Bank of Chicago. Schneerman says he will resume business in three days.

Shoe Failure at Decatur.

DECATUR, Ill., May 15.—[Special.]—Today three executions for $4,300 came from Chicago against the boot and shoe firm of Ferriss & Lapham, and the store was closed by the Sheriff. The stock is worth $25,000. The store is a branch of the Chicago wholesale firm of L. L. Ferriss & Co., which failed last Saturday.

Heavy Coal Failure.

TORONTO, Ont., May 15.—The Ontario Coal company assigned today. The Molson Bank is the principal local creditor, the amount of paper held by it being between $250,000 and $400,000. The Ontario Bank is interested to the extent of over $100,000.

RACE FOR LIBERTY.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER, HELD THREE MONTHS, FINALLY ESCAPES.

United States of Colombia Will Be Called to Account for an Unwarranted Outrage That Indirectly Resulted in the Drowning of Eight Men—Foreman Murdered in Broadway by a Man Whom He Discharged Who Then Killed Himself—Senator Sherman Scores Tom Platt.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—Had the steamer Antonio Zambrino, which arrived here Sunday from the Magdalena River in the United States of Colombia, been flying the Stars and Stripes, an American cruiser would have been plowing South American waters a month ago. The steamer now lies at the Atlantic dock, Brooklyn, with the cargo of coal and resin which it carried away from Philadelphia Dec. 29, still in its hold.

W. W. Hurlbut & Co., of No. 18 Broadway, who chartered it, will demand damages from the United States of Colombia on account of the refusal of the customs authorities at Baranquilla to allow the landing of the cargo, and their action in detaining it at the Port of Colombia for nearly three months.

Mr. Hurlbut said today that his claim would be at least $50,000. It remains to be seen what action the Norwegian Government will take in regard to the imprisonment of first Officer Stubbs, who is a Norwegian citizen, and the generally outrageous treatment which led indirectly to the drowning of Capt. Boe and seven men.

The steamer is owned in Christiania. The Captain and men are Norwegians. Capt. Keough, who was sent to Puerto Colombia, to effect the release of the steamer and who ran it out to sea two weeks ago after slipping his anchors to avoid further detention, brought the steamer into port here today. The Captain told the story practically as follows:

The Zambrino's cargo was consigned to Raphael Saleedo at Baranquilla, a port in Magdalena River, which has long been unnavigated because of a sandbar in its mouth. Capt. Boe, who was in command of the ship, put into Puerto Colombia, which is near the mouth of Magdalena. Having made sure that it would be impossible to cross the bar, he intended to discharge his cargo at Puerto Colombia and forward it to Baranquilla at his own expense. He was refused permission to do this and was ordered to proceed up the river. He declined, but finally decided to examine the bar himself. Capt. Jansen, an insurance man who happened to be called to Puerto Colombia, accompanied Capt. Boe in a cutter rowed by a shore crew of six men. They got into the surf which was running over the bar, the boat capsized, and all hands were drowned.

First Officer Stubbs then took charge of the Zambrano. He, too, refused to cross the bar. By the end of January the ship's provisions were exhausted, and when Stubbs went ashore to obtain food he was seized and thrown into prison. He was told that he would be fined $2,000 and imprisoned until he consented to take the steamer over the bar and up to Baranquilla. The customs authorities removed the steamer's eccentric rods in order that the crew could not steam to sea without Stubbs.

He hastened to Carthagena, where he sought the aid of the United States Vice-Consul Niehaus and the Norwegian Consul, Mr. Stevenson. They brought the matter before President Noonis, who ordered the Collector at Baranquilla to release the steamer. Stubbs was paroled on the same day and I prepared to put to sea. I had secured the eccentric rods with my clearance papers and supposed the trouble was over. It was not. A boatload of soldiers put off shore and rowed toward the Zambrino and I, believing that a final attempt to extort the $2,000 demanded from Stubbs was about to be made, cut loose the anchors and steamed out to sea.

MISS BEND WILL NOT WED MR. NORRIE

Their Engagement Broken a Second Time by Mutual Consent.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—Just a month ago the newspapers announced the engagement of Miss Amy Bend, eldest daughter of George H. Bend, to A. Lanfear Norrie, one of the best-known young men of fortune and good family in the city. Miss Bend has been noted among the belles of New York for her exquisite beauty and her lovely complexion, which Chaplain put on to canvas, styling his picture "The Rose of America."

It was announced today that by mutual consent the engagement was broken. It will be all the more of a surprise as society has been eagerly waiting for the invitations to the marriage, expected early in June, for which, however, no absolute date has ever been set by the family of Miss Bend. Every preparation had been made in the way of the wedding gown and the trousseau, which Mrs. Bend and her daughter brought with them from Paris a week ago.

This is not the first time the engagement has been broken. It was not known outside the two families that Miss Bend and Mr. Norrie were engaged once before and the engagement shortly after declared off, but such is the case. It is not even the second but the third time that Mr. Norrie has been obliged to declare a matrimonial engagement off. Three years ago he announced to his many friends his engagement to Miss Fannie Bostwick, a daughter of the late Jabez Bostwick, a Standard Oil multimillionaire. Less than a month after that announcement was made the engagement was declared off by "mutual consent." Miss Bostwick married Capt. Albert J. Carstairs of the Royal Irish Rifles at the country place of her father, at Mamaroneck, N. Y.

THINKS PLATT AS BAD AS TAMMANY.

Senator Sherman Adds That Neither Would Be Tolerated in a Western State.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—Senator John Sherman and ex-Senator T. C. Platt did not meet today. Both slept last night under the roof of the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Since Senator Sherman's alleged utterances that there was not the difference of the toss of a copper between Tammany and Mr. Platt he has not been in Gotham until yesterday. He said in an interview today:

"I cannot recall saying that I would not give the toss of a copper between Tammany and ex-Senator Platt, although I may have said so. But, really, what difference does it make whether I said so or not? Why, if I should meet Tom Platt I would not mind telling him so. I would speak to him pleasantly, just as I am speaking to you, and I would say that it makes no difference whether I made the alleged remark or not. I do not consider it worth answering. I do not believe in bossism. The one-man power or bossism that prevails in the States of New York and Pennsylvania in both parties, would not be tolerated in Ohio. Why, Mr. Platt would have lost his head long ago in Ohio, or most any Western State. I do not mean his physical but his political head. Such a state of affairs politically as exists in New York and Pennsylvania could not exist in any of the Western States."

MURDER ON CROWDED BROADWAY.

Foreman Shot by the Man He Discharged, Who Then Killed Himself.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—August Wanner was an insubordinate employé of S. F. Helstein & Co., furriers, No. 589 Broadway, and was discharged last Saturday. This morning at 7:25 he deliberately murdered Henry Gebhardt, the foreman who discharged him, and then blew out his own brains and fell dying at his victim's feet.

The murder occurred on the open sidewalk in one of the most crowded parts of Broadway, and at an hour when the street was filled with thousands of people on their way to work. The scene was in front of the Broadway Central Hotel, formerly the Grand Central, where James Fisk was shot and killed by Edward S. Stokes.

Gebhardt was on his way to the shop, which was only a few doors below where he met his death. He lived with his wife and five children at No. 7 Clinton place and left his home in the best of health and spirits not more than twenty minutes before he was murdered. It was his custom to go to the store by way of Mercer street, but today was so bright and warm that, for the first time in many months, he went over Broadway and down that thoroughfare, where the assassin was waiting for him. Wanner died a few minutes after reaching the hospital.

TRYING TO CLEAR WEEKS' MUDDLE

Assignee Can Make No Statement for Several Days.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—Assignee N. G. W. Welling said today that it would be several days before he could make a statement of Mr. Weeks' affairs. He had not the slightest idea where Mr. Weeks had gone. S. E. Kilner, who succeeded Mr. Weeks as Secretary and Treasurer of the West Superior Land and River Improvement company and who is also one of the executors of the estate of Frederick Billings, who was at one time President of the Northern Pacific road, said today:

The Billings estate is heavily interested in the West Superior Land and River Improvement company, but had no financial interest in Mr. Weeks and is in no way affected by his complications.

INFANTA STARTS FOR NEW YORK.

As a Royal Peace-Offering a Brigadier-General May Join Her Escort.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—A cablegram received today at the office of J. M. Ceballos & Co., No. 80 Wall street, said that the Infanta Eulalia of Spain had left Havana on a special steamer of the line represented by Ceballos & Co. in this city and would arrive in New York Friday.

Mayor Gilroy announced today the Infanta would be met down the bay by Commander Charles Henry Davis of the navy and Señor Don E. de Muruaga, the Spanish Minister, who will escort her to Jersey City, where the party will take a train for Washington. On her return she will probably occupy apartments at the Hotel Savoy and later be taken to West Point to inspect the military academy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—According to State Department information the Infanta Eulalia is coming to the United States. Consul-General Williams cabled Secretary Gresham from Havana today that she and her suite were to sail for New York at 5:30 in the afternoon. Probably a cable will be received from the Consul-General in the morning saying that she has actually sailed. Minister Muruga said this evening that he had no further official information to give on the subject and had not been notified of the departure from Havana. He had learned from his home government that Minister Snowden in Madrid had been in consultation with it and he presumed everything was satisfactorily adjusted.

Much misunderstanding still exists regarding the reception that is to be given to the Infanta. The Spanish Government, while it would doubtless be gratified to have her met on landing by the President, knows that this was a little more etiquette than was customary, but it did think that the President of the United States might with entire propriety return the call of the Infanta. This is the one point which the Spanish Minister has insisted was due the personal representative of the Queen Regent when she visited the United States as its officially invited guest. He still thinks that this is due his government and the diplomatic corps sustains him. The State Department has given no assurance that the Infanta will be paid a visit of ceremony by the President, though it is stated that the Spanish Government will have no reason to complain of a lack of official courtesy to the visiting representative of the Royal family.

Commander Davis of the navy, who has been detailed to receive the Infanta in New York and act as her escort to Chicago, will leave for New York tomorrow. He said this evening that he had been notified of no change in the original program. There is talk that a Brigadier-General of the army may be detailed in connection with Commander Davis, but no definite steps have yet been taken looking to such an assignment.

NOTES FROM THE METROPOLIS.

Officers of the Visiting Ships Entertained at a Reception Last Night.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—Mrs. Charles Loughran welcomed the officers of the visiting warships to her home at No. 2 West Twelfth street this evening. The reception was in honor of Admiral de Liberan of the French navy and the officers of the Arethuse and the Huzzard. There were present Admirals Gherardi and Benham, several foreign Admirals, dozens of Captains and Lieutenants from the various American and visiting men-of-war ships in the North River, the French Consul-General, Vicomte Paul de Absac, and Mayor Gilroy, Richard Croker, and various other city officials.

What George Gould Will Accept.

If the Rapid Transit Commissioners will let the Manhattan railway company build extensions to Fort George and to Kingsbridge, leaving out of account for the present an extension beyond Kingsbridge to the city limits, and if in computing net earnings allowance be made for $2,000,000 interest of bonds George Gould will recommend to the directors of the Manhattan company to accept the other terms submitted to the company by the Commissioners in respect to the elevated railway extensions. This was the outcome of the meeting nearly all this afternoon. The Commissioners will meet in executive session tomorrow again, and try to frame something in the line of today's discussion for the Manhattan directors to consider.

West Shore to Retire from Through Service.

The Grand Trunk railway has arranged for through car service from New York to Chicago with two new railroads, the Reading and New York, Ontario and Western, to supply the place of the West Shore, which withdraws from the through line passenger service between the two cities at the end of this month. The West Shore trains will go over the Michigan Central, and some, perhaps, over the Nickel Plate. The separation from the Grand Trunk is taken to mean that the Vanderbilt lines will confine their business, as far as possible, to their own group.

Left His Pin as a Souvenir.

One of the party of English editors who have been making a visit to the World's Fair, Sir William Leng of the Sheffield *Telegraph*, explains a little encounter he had in this way: "I was standing, you know, in the corridor of the hotel, where there were a number of people. A well dressed gentleman came up to me and said: 'Excuse me, but there's a bit of dirt on your necktie.' He took his handkerchief and brushed it way, and took my diamond scarf pin with it. I suppose he wanted it for a souvenir."

Talmage May Leave Brooklyn.

The financial troubles which have hung over the Brooklyn Tabernacle since last year appear to be clearing and the departure of the Rev. Dr. T. Dewitt Talmage for some other field of ministerial labor is again threatened.

Gotham Brevities.

Vice-Admiral Kazenakoff of the Russian squadron in this port will attend the unveiling of the monument to Farragut in Boston in June. He is an ardent admirer of the great American sailor.

Judge Cowing today denied the motion of William E. D. Stokes and William R. Martin on demurrer to the indictment for libel in which Edward S. Stokes is the complainant. The defendant will have to stand trial.

The suit for the annulment of marriage brought by Col. W. E. Sinn against his wife, Cora Tanner, the actress, in the Brooklyn city court was submitted upon briefs to Chief Justice Clement today, and judgment was reserved.

The Countess Carolina von Koechler-Schawndorf was allowed $7 a week alimony and $35 counsel fee by Judge Bartlett in Brooklyn today, pending the trial of her suit for separation against her husband, Count Hugo H. S. von Koechler-Schawndorf.

Miss May Yates, a celebrated English vegetarian, arrived today from Liverpool on the steamer Arizona. She will remain in New York for a few days, visit Philadelphia, and then go to Chicago to complete arrangements for the vegetarian congress to be held there early in June.

No gold will be shipped tomorrow, but there is talk about some to go out the last of the week. Today an official Treasury statement places the gold at $324,000 above the reserve limit. There is, however, about $1,500,000 more to be added, which makes the free gold amount to about $2,500,000.

THEN COMMISSIONERS LEFT THE HALL.

Lund's Objection to a Toast to the Danish King Causes Trouble.

The function by which the Danish Society Dania last Sunday evening meant to honor the World's Fair Commissioners and workmen from Denmark who have charge of the Danish structures and exhibits was interrupted toward the close by an unpleasant episode that marred the enjoyment of everybody who was present. Johannes Hertz, after a number of toasts had been drunk, offered one for the King of Denmark, whose representatives were present in the hall. It was a perfunctory toast required socially by the presence of several distinguished Danish subjects, but Valdemar Lund took occasion to denounce the King in round terms and pronounce it a shame that such a toast should be offered in the presence of American citizens. After this outburst the embarrassment was general, and the Commissioners, as well as the acting Danish Consul in this city, had no choice but to leave the hall and go home at the first opportunity. The members of the society disavow the act of the member.

Illinoisan Shoots His Divorced Wife.

CARTERVILLE, Ill., May 15.—[Special.]—Warren Waggoner shot his wife at Crainsville, near here, tonight. It is but the end of a long-continued quarrel between the two. It began early in February, when Waggoner left his family and went to Cape Girardeau, Mo., and told his wife to sell the household goods and come to him. He having left her in destitute circumstances she refused to follow him, filed a bill for divorce, and got a decree last Saturday. Mrs. Waggoner's injuries are serious. Waggoner attempted to commit suicide by taking poison, but was restored before the poison had done its work.

Dry Goods Disaster at Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., May 15.—[Special.]—John Gilchrist, one of the oldest dry goods dealers of this city, doing business at Nos. 5 and 7 Winter street under the firm style of H. & J. Gilchrist, has failed. The liabilities are estimated at about $350,000. The assignees are Thomas J. Lane and Henry Norwell, the latter being a member of the well known dry goods firm of Shepard, Norwell & Co.

ASKS FULL LIBERTY.

IRELAND SHOULD BE FREE TO DEAL WITH ALL ITS AFFAIRS.

Mr. Gladstone Characterizes as Absurd Restrictions Suggested for the Irish Legislature—Interchange of Persiflage Over a Mythical Flag of the "Republic of Ireland"—Value of the Irish Postoffices—German Press on the Effort to Bring Together the Emperor and Bismarck.

LONDON, May 15.—In the House of Commons today Sir J. B. Maple, Conservative, asked Mr. Gladstone whether the value of the postoffice property in Ireland which the Imperial Government proposed to give free of cost or compensation to the new Irish Government to be created by the home rule bill amounted in the total to £4,000,000.

Mr. Gladstone replied that he considered the estimate a fabulous one, but that Ireland would receive the postoffice property free of any charge.

C. J. Darling, Q. C., Conservative M. P., asked whether there was any truth in the report that some Irishmen on board a vessel called the Hazel Kirke, at New York on May 11, hoisted a flag of the Republic of Ireland, which flag was saluted by German and American vessels.

Sir Edward Grey, Parliamentary Under Secretary for the Foreign Office, replied that the government had no information of such an incident having occurred.

Mr. Darling then asked: "Will the Foreign Office request information concerning it?"

Sir Edward Grey replied: "No doubt a report is coming concerning the matter, and it is undesirable to simulate any nervousness in regard to it."

The debate of the Irish home rule bill was then resumed, and the amendment offered by Victor Cavendish, Conservative, was taken up. This proposed amendment provided that the bill should specify the subjects with which the Irish Legislature should deal, the Legislature to be kept strictly within the limits specified. Mr. Gladstone said that it would be absurd to give the new Parliament only subjects here and there upon which it could decide, keeping back others. The Irish Legislature ought to have full liberty to deal with affairs. The Cavendish amendment to the home rule bill was rejected by a vote of 275 to 228.

Most of the evening was passed in discussing and dividing on trivial motions to amend the home rule bill. The proceedings were observed from the diplomatic gallery by Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan of New York.

Chandelier Fell at a Dinner.

During a dinner last evening at the house of Finance Minister Peytral the chandelier fell to the table. M. Challemel-Lacour, President of the Senate, was cut on the head. His physician says that the wounds, although severe, are not dangerous.

LETTER WILL NOT BE EFFECTIVE.

Comments on Prince Albrecht's Effort to Conciliate the Emperor and Bismarck.

BERLIN, May 15.—The letter published Saturday by the *Vorwaerts* purporting to have been written by Prince Regent Albrecht of Brunswick to Chancellor von Caprivi in an effort to bring about a reconciliation between Emperor William and Prince Bismarck has caused widespread newspaper comment and is viewed altogether from the political standpoint of the commentators.

The *Vossische Zeitung* treats the letter as a political maneuver akin to the semi-official reports of the movements of French troops, and says that the letter will excite resentment on the part of Bismarck.

The *Cologne Gazette* says that the restablishment of friendly relations between Prince Bismarck and Emperor William would certainly exercise a happy influence upon the internal affairs of the empire, but that the letter of Prince Albrecht will not effect the reconciliation.

The *North German Gazette*, a semi-official organ, dismisses the subject in a few words questioning the authenticity of the letter.

Reports for Political Effect.

The statement is made on semi-official authority that the reinforcement of the French troops stationed on the Eastern frontier of France is proceeding with method and regularity. The French Government, according to the same authority, is likewise extending and strengthening the military lines adjoining the German frontier and planning with a view to prompt and effective contraction. It is also stated that men are at work night and day laying double lines of rails on the line of the Paris and Nancy railway between Blesme and Revigny in order to hasten the mobilization of the French troops.

The Frankfort *Zeitung*, commenting upon the foregoing statement, states that reports of the kind are obviously intended to influence the electors in the coming elections for the Reichstag in favor of candidates who support the army bill.

Prof. Koch's Wife Secures a Divorce.

The wife of Prof. Koch, the celebrated bacteriologist, recently procured a divorce from her husband, and the professor has now been ordered by the court to pay to her one-fourth of his income. It is announced that Prof. Koch will marry a young actress.

FRENCH MINERS THREATEN TROUBLE.

Troops Sent to Quell the Strikers—Day with Coaching Parties.

PARIS, May 15.—The striking miners in the district round St. Etienne threaten violence and troops have been sent to preserve order.

Americans in Paris.

Americans registered today were: L. Nessler, A. Talbot, H. Hofheimer, Sam Schiff, F. Blumenthal, Des Lorenz, M. Glaser, Mrs. and Master Hoenighaus, Victor Erbacher and family, Mrs. Peter, Miss Maden, Mr. and Mrs. Fischer, J. Stearns, Jacob Lichtenstein, T. Johnson, A. Bader, C. Fish, K

DIABLO THE WINNER.

AN OLD SELLING PLATER LANDS THE BROOKLYN HANDICAP.

Lamplighter Beaten by Alleged Foul Means, the Result of a Combination—Trainer Huggins' Plain Talk—The Race Full of Crowding and Fouling—Lamplighter Badly Treated—Diablo Not Backed by His Stable—Chateau Won the Expectation—Local Betting on the Race.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—Diablo won the Brooklyn Handicap at Gravesend today and surprised the greatest crowd that has ever gathered on the Dwyer race track. It was not a true run race, for if it had been the favorite Lamplighter would have been returned the winner. He was knocked about and interfered with throughout the whole journey in a way that was not only suggestive but almost plainly indicative of criminality on the part of the jockeys of some of the contending horses. It was no secret before the race that there was a scheme on foot to beat Pierre Lorillard's colt by fair means or foul, and the deed was accomplished. Five different times during the race was Lamplighter crowded out of his place, and on the last occasion, when the field was just starting around the last turn for home, he was almost knocked off his feet, and was forced from a good position back to next to last. Yet by a magnificent effort he made up nearly all of the lost ground, running around the whole field in front of him, and at the end was beaten only a length and a half. Fairly opposed he could not have lost. Leonawell was third, at Lamplighter's throat-latch.

DIABLO.

John Huggins, the trainer of Lamplighter, was the maddest man on the race track immediately after the winner's number was hoisted. Mr. Lorillard, the owner of the colt, was not present to see the race and Huggins straightway telegraphed to him a full statement of the way in which Lamplighter had been treated. He would not say just what this statement included, but from what he did let fall the inference could be easily drawn that he had asked Mr. Lorillard to enter a formal protest against the awarding of the stake. Not only was Huggins wrathful at the way his horse had been banged about, but he also intimated that Sims had not given him an honest ride. Soon after the race Huggins hunted up John Hunter, President of the Board of Control, and in a forcible manner explained to him his grievances. Mr. Hunter declined to say whether the running of the big race would be the object of an official investigation.

It was certainly a most sensational contest and its history was not completed when the judges made their official announcement of the first three horses.

Diablo Not Backed by His Stable.

That Diablo should win with odds varying from 30 to 1 up to 40 to 1 was a great triumph to that astute trainer, John Campbell, who has furnished a surprise in nearly all the big spring handicaps for the last three years. Since he sent Castaway II. to the post to win the Brooklyn Handicap in 1890 he has always had a rod in pickle for the owners of the best handicap horses in training. After Castaway's success his stable companions, Cassius and Pessara, both surprised the multitudes on subsequent big handicap days, and now comes Diablo, a rank outsider, to complete the list. Cassius repeatedly was not far from winning the Suburban, and Pessara was beaten only a head in last year's Brooklyn.

FRED TARAL.

The public that flocked to the track and poured its money into bookies' coffers numbered upward of 20,000. The ten routes to the course proved totally inadequate to transport the throng, and there was absolutely no comfort in the trip. At the track matters were just as bad, and although there were 125 bookmakers in line there were far from being enough to handle the public money with any facility.

The preliminaries for the great encounter, although quickly arranged, attracted universal attention, the track being so crowded with people that the horses hardly had room to work through the quarter stretch.

"Mike" Dwyer's trio, Nomad, Raceland, and Banquet, were breezed three furlongs, Banquet showing to the best advantage. Diablo went a sharp quarter, the bandages on his forelegs indicating the dickiness of those limbs. Few thought he had any chance and few noticed how easily and freely he strode or in what good condition he really was. Charade, with Cass Sloane up, moved a slow half mile, and "Bill" Daly's pair, Terrifier and Fidelio, with Doane and little Jimmie Lambley up, went a quarter at top speed, Terrifier making the better move. Pickpocket cantered through the quarter stretch and Greene Morris' pair, Judge Morrow and Illume, went a mile at half speed. Mars and Lamplighter each negotiated a slow quarter. Leonawell was not worked.

The opening and closing odds were:

Opening.	Horses.	Closing.
40 to 1	Diablo	30 to 1
2 to 1	Lamplighter	8 to 5
8 to 1	Leonawell	10 to 1
8 to 1	Charade	8 to 1
10 to 1	Mars	15 to 1
12 to 1	Fidelio	20 to 1
30 to 1	Terrifier	50 to 1
20 to 1	Nomad	50 to 1
50 to 1	Illume	60 to 1
5 to 1	Judge Morrow	4 to 1
4½ to 1	Banquet	4 to 1
15 to 1	Raceland	20 to 1
20 to 1	Pickpocket	15 to 1
50 to 1	Alonzo	60 to 1

How the Horses Looked on Parade.

When it came time for betting on the big race it was almost impossible to move about the betting ring. The money went on in thousands and with a continual rush. Lamplighter was the favorite all through the betting, and a tremendous favorite at that. Some of the bookmakers posted 2 to 1 against him, but it was gobbled so quickly and in such heavy sums that the price dropped at once to 8 to 5, and there it remained. Although barrels of money went in on Banquet, Judge Morrow, Raceland, Pickpocket, Charade, and Leonawell, the pressure on Lamplighter was never relieved, and after the opening it was impossible to get better than 8 to 5 against him. For the place his opening price was 4 to 5, but this was forced down to 3 to 5 long before the close. Of the others Banquet and Judge Morrow were the most fancied.

Banquet, who was the choice of "Mike" Dwyer's three, carried a commission for his owner, and dropped from 4½ to 1 at the opening to 4 to 1 at close. Judge Morrow was backed from 5 to 1 down to 4 to 1. Raceland opened at 15 to 1, but at the end 20 to 1 was obtainable against him. The public always had a fancy for "Old Bones," as Raceland is familiarly termed, and it was public money only that went on him. Pickpocket opened at 20 to 1 and closed at 15 to 1, the Morris Park contingent being sweet on him.

Judge Morrow Off in Front.

With a little final touching up in the paddock they were sent to the post, where Starter Rowe was in waiting with a crowd of at least 3,000 persons stretched out in the infield behind him. Raceland drew the favored position next to the rail, with Pickpocket next, then Judge Morrow, Charade, Lamplighter, Illume, Diablo, and the others stretched out in a line, with Leonawell the last of the thirteen on the outer rail. Pickpocket was unruly at the post and by his antics got most of the others into a state of nervousness. There were two false breaks, and then, after the starter had given the jockeys a sharp lecture and had imposed a few fines, they got the flag on the third effort.

Judge Morrow was in front, with Lamplighter second, Terrifier third, Nomad fourth, Leonawell fifth, Diablo sixth, Raceland seventh, Banquet eighth, Illume ninth, Mars tenth, Fidelio eleventh, Pickpocket twelfth, and Charade thirteenth. Between the first and the last horse as they came to the stand there was not six lengths difference. Such a crowding and jostling was never seen before in one of the big handicaps. The jockeys in front all seemed to have waiting orders, and those behind all apparently wanted to get through instead of going around their field. As a consequence everybody squeezed in toward the rail and the thirteen ran in a confusing bunch. Swinging around the first turn half of the horses interfered with each other, but most of them managed to retain their positions.

Leonawell and Terrifier showed the way into the back stretch half a length in front of Mars. Garrison here began to work his passage on Banquet. The "Snapper" sent the brother to Tea Tray up with a rush, and soon had him alongside of Lamplighter.

Lamplighter Much Bumped About.

When the two got side by side there was a collision. Both horses recovered, but Banquet bore in on Lamplighter and Sims was forced to pull up short, Lamplighter almost going to his knees, and before the favorite could get in his strides again he was lost. Sims foolishly tried to send him through the field then, and there was another bump, Fidelio this time hitting Lamplighter. The horses were still bunched, the leader, Leonawell, not being more than eight lengths in front of Charade, who brought up the rear. Leonawell drew out a bit from the field nearing the old clubhouse at the far turn, and seeing Leonawell draw out Sims decided to give up trying to work through the field.

Suddenly swinging out he sent Lamplighter up on the far outside of the track free of everything. To get this position he lost four or five lengths, and for the second time in the race the favorite showed last. But it was for a moment only. Once the road was clear Lamplighter set sail for the leaders. He was eight or ten lengths back on the big turn, but showed seventh as the field swung into the stretch. The cry "Lamplighter is beaten" had gone up when he was seen to fall back at the old club-house, but soon after others shouted, "He's coming again." Into the stretch it was Leonawell by a length, Illume, who showed a marvelous burst of speed on the turn and who was prettily handled by little Noble, second, Judge Morrow, whipping, third, Pickpocket, also driving, fourth, Diablo fifth, Fidelio sixth, Lamplighter seventh, and the others lagging. The race had begun in earnest here. The pace had not been stiff enough up the backstretch and everybody began to drive at the turn for home. Diablo made a good swing into the stretch. Taral by a masterful piece of work saving a length or more and then by punching his horse, managing to carry the others wider than was good for them. Sims swung Lamplighter in behind again and went at the favorite whip and spur. As he slowly gained on the others he was fortunate enough to find an opening and getting through became again an active factor in the race. Diablo and Leonawell were neck and neck a sixteenth from home, Diablo with something in reserve, and Leonawell game but not speedy enough and making all the running, Judge Morrow was third, two lengths back, but chucked it up when Lamplighter challenged. Taral said that he had the race safe as far as Leonawell and Morrow were concerned, and only looked out for Lamplighter. Sims was driving hard, but the favorite was not equal to the effort and Diablo won by a length and a half, Lamplighter second a neck or so ahead of Leonawell, with Pickpocket fourth, Illume fifth, and the others strung out, the M. F. Dwyer lot being at the tail of the lot. There was a lot of shouting but not much cheering, the result being an awful facer for the crowd. Soon the story of Lamplighter being fouled got out and there was some ill-feeling shown. The result of Mr. Higgins report to Mr. Lorillard will be anxiously awaited.

History of the Handicap.

The history of the Brooklyn Handicap is told in the tables below.

Year.	Winners.	Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Time.	Track.
1887	Dry Monopole	4	106	A. McCarthy	2:07	F
1888	The Bard	5	125	Hayward	2:13½	H
1889	Exile	4	116	Hamilton	2:07½	F
1890	Castaway II.	4	100	Bunn	2:10	F
1891	Tenny	5	128	Barnes	2:10	G
1892	Judge Morrow	5	116	A. Covington	2:08¾	F
1893	Diablo	a	112	Taral	2:09	F

The second and third horses and value of the stake to the winner, with his post price, have been:

Yr.	Sts	Second.	Third.	Odds.	Value.
1887	17	Blue Wing	Hidalgo		$5,850
1888	11	Hanover	Exile	4 to 1	6,925
1889	7	Prince Royal	Terra Cotta	8 to 1	6,900
1890	9	Badge	Eric	20 to 1	6,900
1891	21	Prince Royal	Tea Tray	2 to 1	14,800
1892	12	Pessarra	Russell	7 to 1	18,000
1893	14	Lamplighter	Leonawell	30 to 1	18,000

The Bard's win was in the mud, and the 1887 race a most remarkable one, Dry Monopole, Blue Wing and Hidalgo finishing heads apart in the fastest time in the handicap's history. Exile won very easily by three lengths. The betting was 8 to 1 against him, Prince Royal being an 8 to 5 favorite, Terra Cotta at 9 to 5. In 1890 Castaway's post price was 20 to 1, and he made a runaway race of it, winning in a canter by eight lengths. Los Angeles was favoite at 2 to 1, Badge 3 to 1, Sir Dixon 9 to 2. Tenny was the 1891 favorite at 2 to 1, and he won easily. Last year Judge Morrow won by a head.

Kingston Beats Dr. Hasbrouck.

Although Mike Dwyer's candidates were beaten off in the big race he had the pleasure of seeing horses bearing his colors carry off three of the other events on the card. Nearly every man on the track thought that Dr. Hasbrouck could not lose the opening dash of four furlongs for all ages and he was a red hot favorite at even, with old Kingston second choice at 2 to 1. Dwyer's aged sprinter had all his old-time speed and in a rattling fight beat Dr. Hasbrouck out by a head. Correction was a fair third.

Sport at 7 to 5 and Rainbow at 8 to 5 carried all the money in the dash of a mile and a sixteenth for 3-year-olds. Rainbow made all the running and won in a gallop by a length and a half from Sport, who was ridden out with whip and spur. St. Domingo, a rank outsider at 30 to 1, was a close third.

The Expectation Stakes, for 2-year-olds, at half a mile, was won by "Mike" Dwyer's good colt Chateau, who was a hot favorite at 2¼ to 1, his owner betting $5,000 on him. Blackhawk led to the homestretch, when Chateau overhauled him and won, with a slight rousing, by a neck. Blackhawk beart Hurlingham a like distance for the place.

The half-mile selling dash for 2-year-olds resulted in a victory for Token, a 6 to 1 shot, who led all the way and won by half a length from Josie, favorite at 2½ to 1. who beat Lord Nelson three parts of a length for the honors of the place.

The day's sport wound up with a six-furlongs selling race, which was won by Mike Dwyer's 3-year-old colt Harvest, second choice at 2¼ to 1. He had a rattling fight with the 8 to 5 favorite Lyceum and beat him out by a neck. Mordotte was a poor third.

Summary of the Races.

First race, for all ages, five furlongs—Kingston, 125 pounds (Lamley), 2 to 1, won; Dr. Hasbrouck, 125 (Doggett), evens, second; Correction, 120 (Littlefield), 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:00⅖. Lizetta, 117 (Doane), 60 to 1, and Tormentor, 120 (Garrison) 12 to 1, also ran.

Second race, for 3-year-olds which have not won a race of the value of $2,500, one mile and a sixteenth—Rainbow, 112 pounds (Littlefield), 8 to 5, won; Sport, 112 (Taral), 7 to 5, second; St. Domingo, 122 (Thompson), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:44⅗. Longdock, 107 (Sims), 20 to 1; Gov. Foraker, 122 (Lillie), 12 to 1, and Lawless, 122 (Garrison), 10 to 1, also ran.

Third race, the Expectation Stakes, for 2-year-olds, half a mile—Chateau, 118 pounds (Lamley), 5 to 2, won; Blackhawk, 118 (Taral), 10 to 1, second; Hurlingham, 108 (Hamilton), 15 to 1, third. Time, :50⅖. Montepool, 118 (Bergen), 15 to 1; McIntyre, 118 (Thompson), 30 to 1; Melody, 118 (Littlefield), 10 to 1; Sir Excess, 118 (G. Taylor), 6 to 1; Solitaire, 118 (Sloane), 30 to 1; Dollie colt, 118 (Overton), 15 to 1; Little Pirate, 118 (Doggett), 30 to 1; St. Maxim, 118 (Blake), 12 to 1; Sewell, 118 (Lillie), 15 to 1; Declare, 118 (Sims), 12 to 1; Marplepost, 118 (N. Hill), 50 to 1; Anglo, 118 (Midgley), 40 to 1; and Enfield, 118 (McDermott), 20 to 1, also ran. Lenella, 118 (Fitzpatrick), 10 to 1, fell.

Fourth race, the Brooklyn Handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards, $500 each, half forfeit or 50 if declared, the club to add an amount necessary to make the value of the stakes $25,000, of which the second horse shall receive $5,000 and the third horse $2,000, one mile and a quarter—Diablo, 112 pounds (Taral), 30 to 1, won; Lamplighter, 125 (Simms), 8 to 5, second; Lenoawell, 110 (Doggett), 10 to 1, third. Time, 2:09. Illume, 100 (Noble), 60 to 1; Pickpocket, 103 (Taylor), 15 to 1; Charade, 105 (P. Sloane), 15 to 1; Fidelio (J. Lamley), 30 to 1; Terrifier, 108 (Doane), 50 to 1; Raceland, 116 (Lamley), 40 to 1; Banquet, 123 (Garrison), 5 to 1; Judge Morrow, 116 (A. Covington), 6 to 1; Mars, 114 (Littlefield), 15 to 1; and Nomad (McDermott), 50 to 1, also ran.

Fifth race, for 2-year-olds, one-half mile, selling—Tokin, 108 pounds (Hamilton), 6 to 1, won; Josie, 103 (Goodale), 2½ to 1, second; Lord Nelson, 108 (Sloane), 30 to 1, third. Time, :50. Society, 95 (Messenger), 30 to 1; Nonsense, 107 (Doggett), 10 to 1; Cunarder, 105 (G. Evans), 12 to 1; Duke of Fife, 103 (Penn), 12 to 1; Careless, 106 (Simms), 12 to 1; Alanthracite, 100 (Taylor), 10 to 1; Jamestown, 98 (Noble), 20 to 1; Jennie W., 95 (Griffin), 5 to 1; Gertie, 98 (J. Lamley), 8 to 1; and Calando, 104 (Lamley), 8 to 1, also ran.

Sixth race, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling, three-quarters of a mile—Harvest, 88 pounds (Griffin), 2¼ to 1, won; Lyceum, 107 (Simms), 8 to 5, second; Mordotte, 102 (Bergen), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:14. Chesapeake, 111 (P. Rogers), 16 to 5; Onward, 108 (Sloane), 10 to 1; Alcalde, 97 (J. Lamley), 12 to 1; Speculation, 102 (G. Taylor), 7 to 1, and Eagle Bird, 110 (Goodale), 8 to 1, also ran.

Tuesday's Brooklyn Entries.

First race, half a mile—Discount, 115 pounds; Curacoa, Lady Alice colt, 115; Hartford, 115; Dobbins, 115; Quartz, 112; Springtime, 112; Miss Lilly, 112; Fawn filly, 112; Ferando, 112.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Harlem, 107 pounds; Addie, 107; Sirocco, 114; Chesapeake, 114; Stonenell, 122; Alonzo, 112; His Highness, 112; Nelly Bly, 109; Fairy, 119; Metuchen, 110; Sandowne, 100; Sam Weller, 100; Uncle Jim, 97.

Third race, one mile and a sixteenth, selling—Jack Rose, 103 pounds; Virgie, 96; Larghetto, 102; Roquefort, 101; Madrid, 106; Now or Never, 105; Demuth, 104.

Fourth race, one mile, Carlton stakes—Runyan, 122 pounds; Prince George, 122; Don Alonzo, 122; Comanche, 122; Dr. Rice, 122; Wormser, 122; St. Leonards, 122; Young Arion, 122.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, handicap—Stonnell, 130 pounds; Sliepner, 122; Fairy, 129; Sirocco, 118; Gold Dollar, 118; The Ironmaster, 112; Metuchen, 112; Defargilla, 110; Long Beach, 108.

Sixth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Magician, 101 pounds; Lumberman, 101; Lizzie T., 92; Vespasian, 109; Little Nell, 94; Sarah Ramey, 94; Deception, 107; Clara colt, 107; Little Mid, 107; Clysmic, 107; Johnetta, 102; Mendicant, 102; Perrier Jouet, 105; Sammie, 99; Chattanooga, 112.

Seventh race, half a mile—Lady Love, 112 pounds; Lady Rosmary, 112; Halton, 112; Ponce de Leon, 115; Galilee, 115; Rosalind colt, 115; Sprinta colt, 115; Prime, 117; Despot, 115; Romeo, 115.

Local Betting on the Handicap.

The play in the book at Hawthorne was confined to but half a dozen of the entries. Close to $10,000 was handled on the race and the book cleared about $6,500.

The bulk of the play was on Lamplighter and Judge Morrow, the Rancocas representative being most fancied. Most of the money paid out by the book was on him for a place, 4 to 5 being laid against him running one-two. Judge Morrow, at the opening price of 5 to 1, was plunged on, and when he was cut to 4 to 1 the play continued steadily on him. Banquet, with Garrison up, had a good following and Charade and Leonawell were fairly played. The others, including the winner, were friendless. Of course, no matter who wins a horse race, some one will be found with a winning ticket, and there were some few who had small bets on Diablo. The largest bet on him, however, was $10 at 40 to 1.

All the money bet was in small amounts, as the heavy bettors rarely touch a race like this.

The opening and closing odds in the Hawthorne book were:

Opening.	Horses.	Closing.
8-5	Lamplighter	9-5
4-1	Banquet	3-1
10-1	Raceland	10-1
10-1	Mars	10-1
5-1	Judge Morrow	4-1
40-1	Diablo	40-1
10-1	Leonawell	8-1
30-1	Nomad	30-1
30-1	Fidelio	30-1
6-1	Charade	6-1
12-1	Pickpocket	15-1
30-1	Alonzo	60-1
25-1	Illume	25-1
30-1	Terrifier	30-1

It will cost a visitor to Midway Plaisance just $12.75, according to Director-General Davis to see all the sideshows in that territory. 25c for Krause's headache capsules makes it $13.

RACING WAS COMMON.

HAWTHORNE'S FIVE EVENTS FURNISH LITTLE SPORT.

But Two Favorites First Past the Post and the Talent Is Worsted—Pioneer Spread-Eagles a Field and Sir Launcelot Wins in Straight Heats—Miss Patton, Speculation, and Grey Goose the Other Winners—The Spring Meeting Opens Today with Fair Fields.

Fully 4,000 people attended the Hawthorne races yesterday, the Brooklyn Handicap evidently being the magnet which drew them there.

The racing was rather common, most of the events being won in hollow style. Particularly was this so in the one-mile and seventy-yard race, Pioneer stringing the field out for an eighth of a mile. But two favorites won, one of them, Sir Launcelot in the last race, being at odds-on. In this event two of the four starters were distanced in the last heat.

The opening event for beaten non-runners of the year had eight in, Hy Dy being scratched. Shoshone was a consistent favorite, with Cynosure second choice, and the others neglected. When the flag fell Yolo rushed to the front, and, opening up a gap of four lengths to the stretch, seemed to be winning. An eighth out, however, Miss Patton, at 7 to 1, came up to him under a drive, and, whipped out, beat him a length. Cynosure was third by virtue of Hoggett pulling up on Shoshone. He should have drawn a heavy fine for this, as where one, two, three betting is in vogue boys should be compelled to ride their mounts out.

The second race at five furlongs brought out a lot of dogs, with the faint-hearted Itkins favorite and the equally faint-hearted Mabel second choice.

To a straggling start Itkins showed the way to the stretch, where, as usual, he cut it, and, Speculation coming through, won it handily by ten lengths from Hamlin. Mabel was third.

The third race, at a mile and seventy yards, brought out another mixed lot. The talent was at sea, as Pioneer's price as favorite would indicate. He was at 4 to 1 and the others were at all kinds of prices up to 30 to 1. Pioneer made a runaway race of it. Off in front he spread-eagled his field and won by six lengths from Turquin, who beat Rookery two for the place.

The fourth race, at five furlongs, had a fair lot in with Ruby Payne a consistent favorite, backed down from 2 to 1 to 8 to 5. After some delay at the post, caused by Hercules, the flag fell to a straggling start, with Grey Goose two lengths in front of the bunch, Hercules being last. The mare was never headed and won handily by two lengths from Rexetta, who beat Ruby Payne a neck. Hercules, who made up a deal of ground, was fourth.

The fifth race, four and a half furlong heats, brought only four to the post. Sir Launcelot was an odds-on favorite before the first heat. When the flag fell he was in front, but Luke F. outraced him around the turn. Rounding to for home, the favorite went to the front again and won in a gallop. Tom Stevens was second, a neck in front of Luke F. In the second heat Sir Launcelot again made all the running, although Penny had to keep at him on the end to stall off Tom Stevens' rush. The favorite won by three parts of a length. Pearl C. and Luke F. were distanced. The summary follows:

First race, purse $350, for all ages, three-quarters of a mile—Miss Patton, 99 pounds (C. Smith), 7 to 1, won; Yolo, 101 (F. Bell), 10 to 1, second; Cynosure, 104 (Ballard), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:28; Vattell, 104 (Williams), 30 to 1; Laura Cup, 99 (W. Taylor), 20 to 1; Zillah, 99 (Fisher), 6 to 1; Mr. Barnes, 87 (Blair), 25 to 1; and Shoshone, 114 (Hoggett), 8 to 5, also ran.

Second race, purse $400, for all ages, selling, five furlongs—Speculation, 105 pounds, (F. Bell), 8 to 1, won; Hamlin, 102 (W. Taylor), 7 to 1, second; Mabel, 85 (J. Brown), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:12. Joseph D., 105 (Blair), 6 to 1; Tryphosa, 104 (Ermin), 10 to 1; Bevis, 102 (Shealey), 7 to 1; John McCullough, 102 (Williams), 30 to 1; and Itkins, 87 (F. Carr), 5 to 2, also ran.

Third race, purse $400, for all ages, selling, one mile—Pioneer, 97 pounds (F. Carr), 4 to 1, won; Turquin, 108 (O. Lewis), 4 to 1, second; Rookery, 102 (Lopez), 6 to 1, third. Time, 2:01. Ansonia, 108 (Fisher), 4 to 1; Clamor, 105 (Ballard), 6 to 1; Profligate, 102 (Piantoni), 7 to 1; Gen. Wheeler, 102 (Seibel), 30 to 1; Burt, 99 (Howard), 8 to 1; Volci, 99 (Hook), 10 to 1; and Morse, 99 (E. Taylor), 4 to 1, also ran.

Fourth race, purse $400, for all ages, selling, five furlongs—Grey Goose, 105 pounds (Fisher), 5 to 1, won; Rexetta, 106 (Piantoni), 10 to 1, second; Ruby Payne, 106 (Shealey), 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:12. Hercules, 113 (Penny), 7 to 1; Dr. Bill, 110 (Knapp), 3 to 1; Turk II., 106 (F. Bell), 7 to 1; Vaucluse, 97 (Charn), 20 to 1; and John J. Keith Jr., 87 (E. Taylor), 10 to 1, also ran.

Fifth race, purse $350, for all ages, four and a half furlong heats—First heat, Sir Launcelot, 113 pounds (Penny), 4 to 5, won; Tom Stevens, 113 (Hoggett), 3 to 1, second; Luke F., 101 (E. Taylor), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:04. Pearl C., 96 (C. Smith), 10 to 1, also ran.

Second heat—Sir Launcelot, 1 to 4, won; Tom Stevens, 3 to 1, second. Luke F., 30 to 1, and Pearl C., 15 to 1, distanced. Time, 1:04½.

Hawthorne's spring meeting opens today with the selling stakes at seven furlongs as the stake event. The entries follow:

First race, purse $600, five furlongs:

Nannie Lord	99	Mohican	115
Amberg	115	Jack Richelieu	115
Morgan	115	Huron	126
Little Willie	115	Prince Regent	115
John J. Keith Jr.	100	Sleet	115

Second race, purse $500, one mile and seventy yards:

Pioneer	83	Gendarme	103
Prince	102	Cicero	102
Sir George	112	Dungarven	106
Tenny Jr.	102		

Third race, selling stakes, $1,000 added, seven furlongs:

Annie Brown	97	Rosemont	99
Patrick	110	Foxhall	112
Enthusiast	88	Sterling	88
Gov. Adams	100		

Fourth race, purse $400, maiden 2-year-olds, selling, half a mile:

Lida B.	103	Fanatic	106
Wichita Chief	111	Minnie Mackin	103
Rialto	103	John Wilson	106
James V. Carter	103	Phil Daly	111

Fifth race, purse $500, selling, three-quarters of a mile, heats:

Morse	100	Red Root	102
Clarion	100	Longbrook	100
St. Albans	108	Ed Bell	107
Gladstone	100		

THREE FAVORITES AT ST. LOUIS.

Talent Breaks Even with the Bookies at the Fair Grounds.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—Only a fair crowd witnessed a poor card run off at the Fair Grounds this afternoon. Three favorites won, and the talent in attendance broke even with the pencilers on the day's transactions.

Madden H. was an 8 to 5 favorite in the first race, for maidens. Jordan landed him winner in clever style by a neck from Aeronaut, who was ridden badly by A. Williams. Libertine at 1 to 2 galloped in an easy winner by ten lengths in the second race, for maiden 2-year-olds. King David at 20 to 1 got the place for Harry Lewis.

The knowing ones were given a bad tumble in the third race. San Saba at 20 to 1, won hands down by two lengths from Virden. Wedgefield at 8 to 1, won the fourth race in hollow style by a length from Out of Sight. Grey Duke at 5 to 1, won the fifth race by a dozen lengths, Carroll Reid defeating Pennyroyal at odds on for the place.

St. Joe, top choice in the sixth race, won driving by half a length from Bessie Bisland, heavily backed at 2 to 1.

The summary follows:

First race, purse $400, for maidens, three-quarters of a mile—Madden H., 98 pounds (Jordan), 6 to 5, won; Aeronaut, 103 (A. Williams), 7 to 2, second; Fatina, 98 (Chamness), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:21¼. Willie G., 103 (C. Hueston), 10 to 1; Somnambulist, 103 (R. Jones), 10 to 1; Mary, 110 (Huffman), 30 to 1; Dupont, 117 (Bain), 60 to 1; Uncle Jim, 103 (Cottrell), 15 to 1; Burr Hall, 115 (W. Williams), 10 to 1; and De Leon, 117 (Hathaway), 50 to 1, also ran.

Second race, purse $400, for maiden 2-year-olds, four and one-half furlongs—Libertine, 115 pounds (Connolly), 1 to 2, won; King David, 115 (Seaman), 20 to 1, second; Harry Lewis, 118 (Magee), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:00. The Broker, 115 (Madison), 6 to 1; Bertha Fenton, 112 (Larissey), 30 to 1; Billy McKenzie, 106 (Bellairs), 40 to 1; Come Away, 119 (W. Williams), 10 to 1; May Not, 115 (Mooney), 20 to 1, and Alroy, 106 (Cottrell), 40 to 1, also ran.

Third race, selling, purse $400, three-quarters of a mile—San Saba, 96 pounds (Armstrong), 12 to 1, won; Virden, 88 (T. Sloan), 5 to 1, second; Doubtful, 101 (Chamness), 6 to 5, third. Time, 1:22. Leta B., 101 (J. Lewis), 3 to 1; May Belle, 103 (C. Hueston), 30 to 1; El Preitos, 96 (Cottrell), 60 to 1; Beeswing, 94 (Berger), 7 to 1; Fred Knox, 98 (J. Smith), 15 to 1; and Frank Ellis, 91 (Macklin), 15 to 1, also ran.

Fourth race, selling, purse $400, three-quarters of a mile—Wedgefield, 107 pounds (Chamness), 8 to 1, won; Out of Sight, 106 (Perkinson), 8 to 5, second; Costa Rica, 105 (Easley), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾. Mark S., 109 (Jordan), 5 to 1; Fillmore, 104 (Sparger), 25 to 1; Catian, 109 (R. Jones), 4 to 1; Burt Jordan, 108 (C. Hueston), 10 to 1; Aza, 104 (Stewart), 100 to 1; Galen Brown, 84 (Frazer), 10 to 1; and Ten Set, 110 (McCann), 6 to 1, also ran.

Fifth race, selling, purse $400, seven and one-half furlongs—Grey Duke, 107 pounds (R. Jones), 5 to 1, won; Carroll Reid, 117 (Seaman), 3 to 1, second; Pennyroyal, 114 (Jordan), 9 to 10, third. Time, 1:44. Lockport, 115 (Bain), 15 to 1, and Newcastle, 105 (Vancamp), 10 to 1, also ran.

Sixth race, handicap, purse $500, one and one-eighth miles—St. Joe, 113 pounds (Connolly), 9 to 10, won; Bessie Bisland, 101 (Barrett), 9 to 5, second; Sir Walter, Raleigh, 106 (Perkinson), 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:03. Lady Useful, 97 (Armstrong), 12 to 1, also ran.

Entries at St. Louis for Tuesday are:

First race, selling, purse $400, six furlongs—Daphne, 87 pounds; B. G. T., 90; John Irwin, 94; Rube Burrows, 94; Top Gallant, 103; Sunny South, 100; Maj. Dripps, 103; Avon d'Or, 106; Iago, 106.

Second race, purse $400, five furlongs—Viola C., 100 pounds; Dotsy Dimple, 100; Fatality, 100; Betty Ghio, 100; Whirl, 103; Martina, 103; Billy Hartigan, 103; Bellenger, 103; Clara Bower, 108; Redford, 111; Whitestone, 115.

Third race, selling, purse $400, six furlongs—Davezac, 92 pounds; Sweetbread, 100; Midway, 102; Bonfire, 102; Red Cap, 103; Capt. Drane, 104; Glockner, 104; Highwayman (by Volteguer), 100; Sly Lisbon, 105; First Day, 106.

Fourth race, selling, purse $400, six and a half furlongs—Tom Cook, 103 pounds; Ansel Maid, 112; Florence Fonso, 112; Sewanee, 115; Gen. Mitchell, 115; John R., 115; Success, 117; Rossiter, 117.

Fifth race, selling, purse $500, six and one-half furlongs—Josie J., 98 pounds; Mollie B., 98; El Paso, 103; Ithaca, 112; Fon Tom, 112; Freedom, 115; Boston Boy, 115; Folsom, 117.

Sixth race, handicap, purse $500, seven and one-half furlongs—Julius Sax, 90 pounds; Sullross, 90; Edgar Johnson, 90; Lord Willowbrook, 90; Highland, 102; Ethel Gray, 102; Centuary, 103.

Pools sold tonight on tomorrow's races as follows:

First race—Rube Burrows, $50; Top Gallant, by Lucifer, $20; Sunny South and Avon d'Or, $16 each; John Irwin, $14; Daphne and Major Dripps, $10 each; field, $4.

Second race—Whitestone, $160; Whirl, $52; Bedford, $32; Clara Bauer, $26; Fatality, $20; Dotsy Dimple and Betty Ghio, $10 each; field, $12.

Third race—Midway, $60; Redcap, $34; Bonfire, Glockner, and Sly Lisbon, $22 each; Sweet Breads, First Day, and Captain Drane, $20 each; Davezac, $10; Highwayman, $8.

Fourth race—Ansel Maid, $60; Florence, Fonso Success, by Pat Donovan, $14; Gen. Mitchell and Rossiter, $10 each; Sewanee and Tom Cook, $8 each.

Fifth race—Boston Boy, $104; Ithaca and Freedom, $68 each; Josie D. and Folsom, $40 each; Fon Tom, $24; El Paso, $20; Mollie B., $12.

Sixth race—Ethel Gray, $200; Highland, $140; Lord Willowbrook and Edgar Johnson, $60 each; Sullross, $40; field, $8.

COL. CLARK'S PECULIAR RULING.

Jockey Martin's Case Will Be Tardily Investigated.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—It rained during the entire day, with but a slight let up, and the track was a sea of mud.

The scratches in three races left the fields light and the sport was common. The Kentucky Oaks proved nothing but a big gallop for that fine mud filly Monrovia, who also won the Lexington Oaks. She is by Strathmore and is owned by Ed Brown, otherwise known as Brown Dick. Elizabeth L. had no trouble in getting second money, but she is not the Elizabeth L. she was last year, being a trifle lame today.

London ought to have won the first race, but after getting off in front Jockey Withers undertook to choke him going down the back stretch, and then, getting pocketed and knocked about, only secured second place, Flower Dellis winning. The owner and trainer backed the horse and were disgruntled at seeing their money burned up.

There was a provoking delay of an hour at the post in the second race, and it is doubtful if the best animal won. Otherwise the starting was good. Rudolph was a wild horse in the handicap, although it was his first start this season. He played with his company and won as he liked.

One of the Western turf rules reads that a person ruled off for fraud stands ruled off for life. In the face of this Col. Clark today, after a heavy pressure had been brought to bear on him, revoked the expulsion edict against Jockey Martin and suspended him, pending an investigation. The investigation will develop nothing except that the Clifford race was on its merits. Without the slightest hesitation or investigation Martin was ruled off, and it is safe to say that nearly every man present, outside the judge's stand, pronounced the decision flagrantly unjust. Now Col. Clark virtually does the same thing, but it does not appease the indignation of those who backed Lady Bess and found the bets declared off. If an investigation was in order at all it surely should have been held before summary action was taken against the jockey.

There will probably be a good field in the Kentucky Handicap to be run the last day. Lucky Baldwin will apparently stand a great chance as Galindo, in great form now, is in with 102 pounds, while Lady Bess has 98. Ida Pickwick is in at 127 pounds, but as it will be her first race this season she can hardly beat the lightweights named. Tulla Blackburn is in at 116 pounds, but as she carried only 106 the other day when Galindo was at her heels she will hardly be dangerous.

The summaries follow:

First race, one mile—Flower Dellis (R. Williams), 5 to 1, won by half a length in a drive, with Loudon (Withers), 4 to 1, second, and The Queen (Blevins), 15 to 1, a length away. Loudon got off in front, but was yanked out of it and cut off before the homestretch was reached. Mabelle (Leigh), 2 to 1; Jacobin (Irving), 6 to 1; Parapet (Perkins), 4 to 1; Glee Boy, and Indigo ran unplaced. Time, 1:47.

Second race, five furlongs, for 2-year-olds, twelve starters—After an hour's delay at the post they were sent off a bit straggling, and Cyrus (Knight), 8 to 1, soon taking the lead won easily by three lengths; Miss Mamie (Perkins), 6 to 1, the same distance before Gore Jay (Reagan), 12 to 1. Peytonia, Onon, Jim Henry, Guildmar, Estelle Whitney, Zophile, and Las Vegas ran unplaced. Time, 1:05¾.

Third race, the Kentucky Oaks, for 3-year-old fillies, one mile and a quarter—Monrovia (Reagan), 4 to 5, allowed Elizabeth L. (R. Williams), 2½ to 1, to lead on sufferance for half the distance, when she passed her without effort and had nothing but a big gallop down the homestretch, winning by three lengths, Elizabeth L. the same distance before Josanna (Flynn), 6 to 1. Emma Mack (I. Murphy), 8 to 1. The other starter beaten off. Time, 2:16.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Cora Taylor (Perkins), 7 to 5, won as she liked by four lengths; White Nose (A. Clayton), beating Old Pepper (Blevins) a length. Viola E. was beaten off.

Fifth race, one mile and twenty yards—Rudolph (Irving), 3 to 5, had everything his own way, being never extended, and won by two lengths from Emma Primrose (Perkins), 3 to 1. Kincsem (J. Murphy), 7 to 1, was a poor third. Nina Archer, 8 to 1, was last. Time, 1:48.

Louisville entries for Tuesday are:

First race, one mile, selling—Vida, 84 pounds; Shadow, 90; Caledonia, 93; Pendleton, 105; Scotland, 105; Ragner, 106; Ollie Glenn, 106.

Second race, five and one-half furlongs, selling, for 2-year-olds—Hira Villa, 78 pounds; Rosamond, 90; Consistent, 93; French Lady, 104; Llewellyn, 105.

Third race, Merchants' Handicap, one and one-sixteenth miles—Linger, 97 pounds; Colonel S., 100; Miss Dixie, 100; Semper Fidele, 108; Helen N., 107; Galindo, 108; Tulla Blackburn, 110; Protection, 113.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Bonnie Lassie, 90 pounds; Queen Regent, 91; Interior, 100; Red Bud III., 101; Carus, 104; Reuben Payne, 105; The King, 106; Beatifice, 110; Experience, 119; Salvation, 120.

Fifth race, one mile and fifty yards, handicap—Lake Breeze, 97 pounds; Michael, 100; Colonel S., 102; Torrent, 108.

Tonight's pool quotations were as follows:

First race—Caledonia, $25; Ragner, $21; Vida, $12; field, $16.

Second race—French Lady, $20; Rosamond, $16; Llewellyn, $8; field, $7.

Third race—Galindo, $50; Tulla Blackburn, $42; Semper Fidele, $28; Protection, $10; field, $14.

Fourth race—Salvation, $30; Beatifice, $20; The King, $16; field, $21.

Fifth race—Torrent, $40; Lake Breeze, $30; Michael and Colonel S., $10 each.

EAST ST. LOUIS FAVORITES LOSE.

Several Heavily Backed Good Things Fail to Go Through.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—A big crowd was present at the East St. Louis race track today. Two favorites, a second choice, and two outsiders won, two horses which had been backed completely off the boards being defeated.

The summary follows:

First race, five furlongs, selling—Promise, 85 pounds (J. Steppe), 3 to 1, won; Billy Roller, 95 (Barrett), 3 to 1, second; Frank Phillips, 90 (Perry), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:08.

Second race, five and one-half furlongs, selling—Fred Tarel, 110 pounds (Gorman), 2 to 5, won; Ballardine, 98 (Barrett), 6 to 1, second; Ellison, 104 (Davis), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:15.

Third race, five furlongs, selling—Guilty, 105 pounds (Barrett), 6 to 5, won; Texas, 105 (Foucon), 50 to 1, second; Everett, 105 (Conroy), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:07½.

Fourth race, four and one-half furlongs—Mount McGregor, 100 pounds (Davis), 3 to 1, won; Leporine, 100 (Nalling), 15 to 1, second; Hattie D., 95 (Conroy), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:01¼.

Fifth race, five furlongs, selling—Florimer, 104 pounds (Morrissey), 5 to 2, won; Volens, 107 (Davis), evens, second; Little Phil, 100 (Arnold), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:08.

Tuesday's East St. Louis card is:

First race, selling, four and a half furlongs—Lilly Lochiel, 90 pounds; Lilly Mc., 90; Helena, 90; Duco, 95; The Major, 95; Bob Miller, 99; Nora K., 90; Doley Brown, 90; Leporine, 95; Frank Phillips, 95; John R. (by Walton), 99; Picadilly, 103.

Second race, selling, five furlongs—Mildred, 93 pounds; Palomita, 97; Poor Abe, 106; Needmore, 113; Chloe, 97; Velox, 98; Boro, 113; Fred Wooley, 98.

Third race, selling, five and one-half furlongs—Palomita, 95 pounds; Miami, 95; Dan Honig, 100; Library, 105; Horace Leland, 110; Annie Golden, 95; Little Phil, 100; Murphy, 105; Knickerbocker, 105; Adair, 110.

Fourth race, free handicap, four and one-half furlongs—Avon d'Or, 100 pounds; Sullivan, 119; Lady Tom, 105; Ithaca, 111; Roy Lochiel, 111; Adair, 109; Ed Gartland, 118; Proteinol, 119; Baychester, 99.

Fifth race, free handicap, three-quarters of a mile—Frankie D., 99 pounds; Silver King, 95; Florence Slaughter, 80; Merge, 88; Future, 120; Ruben, 106; Vevay, 107; Baychester, 95.

ARTILLERY WON BY A FOUL.

Gloucester's Useful 3-Year-Old Landed First by a Fluke.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., May 15.—The attendance today was much larger than usual, owing to there being betting on the Brooklyn Handicap. In the second race Eli won, but was disqualified for fouling Artillery.

The summary follows:

First race, five furlongs—Morton, 6 to 1, won; Con Lucey, 4 to 1, second; Cloverdale, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:04¼. Spendoline, Tasso, Repeater, Deer Lodge, Radiant, Congress, John Lackland, Comforter, Armida, Lebanon, Melinda, and Come On also ran.

Second race, four and one-half furlongs—Artillery, 7 to 5, won; Charon, 30 to 1, second; Sweet Alice, 3 to 1, third. Time, :57¼. Duquesne, Raindrop, Servitude, and Eli also ran.

Third race, seven and a half furlongs—Blackwood, 8 to 5, won; Montlece, 25 to 1, second; Wallace G., 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:25¼. Marty B., Goodly, Pestilence, Pluto, and Heron also ran.

Fourth race, six and a half furlongs—Knapp, 5 to 2, won; Oberlin, 6 to 5, second; Miss Belle, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:25¼. Bootjack, Experience, Acilojam, and Mamie B. also ran.

Fifth race, three and one-half furlongs—Despair, 3 to 1, won; Pansy colt, 11 to 5, second; Dare Devil, even, third. Time, :45. Joe Knott also ran.

Sixth race, six and a quarter furlongs—Joe Carter, even, won; Mayor B., 5 to 1, second; Extra, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:23. Leather Stocking, R. K. Fox, Caracas, Bolivar, Vanwart, Boyle, Rhodes, Freedom, Baby, Sequel, Mabel R., Pomeroy, and Vandyke also ran.

Tuesday's Gloucester entries are:

First race, one and one-eighth miles—Allan Archer, 106 pounds; Juggler, 106; Fox Grape, 106; King Idle, 101; Beeton, 101; Telephone, 101; John Kickey, 97.

Second race, five furlongs, for 3-year-olds—Craftsman, 107 pounds; Upstart, 107; Jim Foster, 103; Sir Herbert, 103; Gamester, 99; Drummer, 99; Estelle F., 98; Lord Auckland, 95; Lismore, 95; Rocket, 95; Violet S., 94; Miss Ella, 90; Atholina, 90; Princess Relda, 90; Flossie Fanning, 90.

Third race, five furlongs—Pokino, 113 pounds; Tom Karl, 113; Peralto, 109; Capulin, 109; Comrade, 109; Xenophon, 109; Apollo, 109; Ragna, 109; Lettoon, 109; Little Phil, 109; Nelson G., 109; Morning Glory, 104; Silence, 104; Marmont, 101; American Lady, 101.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, special weights—Silleck, 114 pounds; Rico, 114; Little Grand, 114; Hippono, 109; Manhassett, 97; Industry, 95; Wist, 90.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Lonely, 109 pounds; Void, 100; Fernwood, 106; Long Knight, 106; Vocalite, 106; Dago, 101; Minnesota, 101; Plevmar, 92.

Sixth race, four and one-half furlongs, for beaten horses—He, 110 pounds; Bobby Cainan, 100; Gladstone, 100; Thad Rowe, 100; Ned, 100; Blue Wing, 100; Austral, 100; Border Minstrel, 100; Startle, 100; Frank S., 100; Bozarro, 100; Maggie, 95; Gold Step, 95.

READY FOR THE WORK OF THE SESSION.

Editors from Everywhere Now Assembled at the Mecca.

Delegates to the National Editorial Association are here from nearly every State in the Union. Most of them are at Hotel Mecca, Thirty-fourth and State streets, in the large parlor of which the association begins its ninth annual session this morning, which will continue through the week. The afternoons will be devoted to seeing the Exposition, where the editors and their families will be guests of the Fair.

OLD HUTCH WAS EASY.

ANSON SHIFTED HIS MEN ABOUT BUT TO NO PURPOSE.

Pittsburg Hit the Ball Hard and Steadily and as Usual the Colts Played Poorly Under Fire—Philadelphia, St. Louis, Brooklyn, and Boston Won the Other League Games—Catcher Vaughn Causes an Ugly Row at St. Louis—College and Miscellaneous Games.

By defeating Cincinnati yesterday St. Louis increased its lead. Pittsburg's victory over Chicago brought that team up from fourth place to a neck and neck race with Cleveland for second place. Philadelphia went above Cincinnati by defeating Washington, and Boston climbed above Baltimore through its victory over New York. The standing of the clubs is as follows:

Clubs.	Games Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
St. Louis	13	9	4	.692
Cleveland	9	6	3	.667
Pittsburg	12	8	4	.667
Brooklyn	13	8	5	.615
Washington	15	9	6	.600
Philadelphia	13	7	6	.538
Cincinnati	15	8	7	.533
Boston	14	7	7	.500
Baltimore	15	6	9	.400
New York	14	5	9	.357
Chicago	15	4	11	.267
Louisville	10	2	8	.200

The games scheduled for today are as follows: Pittsburg at Chicago; New York at Boston; Washington at Philadelphia; Baltimore at Brooklyn; Cincinnati at St. Louis; Louisville at Cleveland.

OLD HUTCH WAS IN BAD FORM.

Pittsburg Hit Him Steadily and Won—Easy Game.

After Sunday's game with Cincinnati Anson came to the conclusion that it was necessary to rearrange his team. Decker has shown by recent work that he could not play second base, and Lange's work in left has been bad. So when Chicago lined up against Pittsburg yesterday Dahlen was at second, Ryan at short, Decker in left, and Lange in center. Whether the change is for the better remains to be seen, for the work cut out for the four in their new positions yesterday was ordinary. Pittsburg beat Chicago in slaughtering style. The slaughter was due to Hutchison's poor work in the box. Pittsburg solved his pitching for seventeen safe hits for a total of twenty-two bases. In addition to this, Hutch gave seven bases on balls and sent Beckley to first by landing one of his speedy balls against the tough Pittsburger's ribs.

Hutch has shown in the pitching he has done since the team came home that it wouldn't do him harm to get over to the park each morning while the dew is on the grass and handle the ball until he recovers some of his old time command.

In addition to Hutchison's poor pitching there was some other work that would look better coming from a prairie team. In the first inning, with two men on the bases, Beckley hit safely to right field. Dungan fielded the ball cleanly but seemed to be looking at the roof of the grand stand when he threw to cut off Shugart at the plate, for the ball went thirty feet over Kittridge's head, and Smith and Beckley scored also. Decker misjudged Bierbauer's fly ball in the sixth, coming in fully twenty feet for it instead of standing still and taking it in. Anson, too, made a very poor attempt at handling Beckley's grounder in the eighth. Perhaps such ball playing might be remedied by more practice work. There is certainly no excuse for it.

Pittsburg Made Many Runs.

Pittsburg got in a sufficient number of runs in the first to win a good game of ball. After Donovan had been retired a base on balls to Van Haltren and singles by Shugart, Smith, and Beckley, ably assisted by Dungan's wild throw, scored four men. After two men were out in the second Donovan hit to right for a base and stole second. A two-bagger by Van Haltren scored him. Shugart hit a hard one to Ryan, and while the latter was wrestling with the ball Van Haltren came home.

Chicago played ball in the third and no runs came in, but a base on balls to Gastright, a single by Donovan, and a three-base drive by Elmer Smith in the fourth brought in two men. In the sixth, with two hands out, Beckley hit for a base and Lyon got a base on balls. Bierbauer's drive to center was returned to Kittridge to cut off Beckley at the plate. This failed, but Kittridge thought he saw a chance to catch Lyon, who was sprinting toward third. The throw was low and Parrott failed to block the ball and Lyon scored. A single by Gastright, an error by Dahlen, two wild pitches by Hutchison, and a two-bagger by Smith brought in two more in the seventh. Anson's error and a clean hit by Mack added another in the eighth, and a single by Van Haltren and a two-base hit by Shugart resulted in one more in the ninth.

In but one inning, the eighth, did Chicago show a disposition to solve Gastright's pitching. One run was scored in the fifth on a base on balls to Parrott and singles by Kittridge and Dahlen. In the eighth, after Ryan had been disposed of, Dahlen hit for two bases and scored on Dungan's single. After Anson had sacrificed Dungan to second Lange got in a single and both he and Dungan came home on Decker's drive for two bases. Gastright had good control of the ball and speed. The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	P	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Ryan, s.s.	4	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	1	0	1
Dahlen, 2b.	4	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Dungan, r. f.	4	1	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Anson, 1b.	4	0	0	8	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Lange, c. f.	4	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Decker, l. f.	4	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Parrott, 3b.	3	1	0	5	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
Hutchison, p.	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
Kittridge, c.	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Totals	35	4	7	27	11	5	0	2	2	2	6

PITTSBURG.

	AB	R	H	P	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Donovan, r. f.	6	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
VanHalt'n c.f.	5	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Shugart, s.s.	6	1	2	2	6	1	0	0	0	1	2
Smith, l. f.	6	1	3	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Beckley, 1b.	3	3	2	14	0	0	0	0	2	1	2
Lyon, 3b.	3	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	3	0	3
Bierbauer, 2b	6	0	2	3	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
Mack, c.	5	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gastright, p.	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	44	14	17	27	14	2	2	2	7	3	10

Chicago	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	—4
Base hits	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	—7
Pittsburg	4	2	0	2	0	2	2	1	1	—14
Base hits	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	—17

Exact attendance—1,200. Earned runs—Chicago, 3; Pittsburg, 5. Two-base hits—Dahlen, Decker, Van Haltren, Smith, Shugart. Three-base hit—Smith. Sacrifice hits—Van Haltren, Shugart, Anson, Smith. Double plays—Ryan-Anson, Shugart-Bierbauer-Beckley. Passed ball—Kittridge. Wild pitch—Hutchison (2). Hit by pitched ball—Beckley. Umpire—Lynch. Time of game—2:00.

Philadelphia, 15; Washington, 1.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 15.—The Senators did not figure in today's game. In the first four innings Philadelphia made fourteen hits with a total of twenty-one bases off Meekin. Then Duryea went into the box and was more effective, although the hitting of the home team did not abate. Attendance, 2,789. The score:

Philadelphia.	R	B	P	A	E	Washington.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, lf.	1	3	5	1	1	Radford, rf.	1	3	4	1	0
Thompson, rf.	3	5	1	1	0	Hoy, cf.	0	1	3	2	1
Delehanty, cf.	3	4	4	0	0	O'Rourke, lf.	0	2	3	0	0
Hallman, 2b.	2	3	3	4	0	Wise, 2b.	0	0	4	2	0
Boyle, 1b.	3	3	5	0	0	Larkin, 1b.	0	0	8	0	1
Cross, c.	2	4	3	0	0	Farrell, c.	0	0	0	2	0
Reilly, 3b.	1	2	0	2	0	McGuire, c.	0	1	2	0	1
Allen, ss.	0	1	6	2	0	Mulvey, 3b.	0	0	2	3	0
Weyhing, p.	0	1	0	1	0	Sullivan, ss.	0	0	1	1	2
						Meekin, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Total	15	26	27	11	1	Duryea, p.	0	1	0	0	0
						Total	1	8	27	12	5

Philadelphia	2	1	4	4	0	2	0	2	0	—15
Washington	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Earned runs—Philadelphia, 12; Washington, 1. Two-base hits—Cross (2), Thompson (2), Delehanty. Home runs—Delehanty, Reilly, Cross. Stolen base—Boyle. Double plays—Hoy-Wise; Mulvey-Larkin; Hamilton-Boyle; Boyle-Allen. First base on balls—Off Weyhing, 2; off Duryea, 1; off Meekin, 1. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 5. Struck out—By Weyhing, 1. Wild pitch—Weyhing. Time—1:50. Umpire—Snyder.

St. Louis, 10; Cincinnati, 6.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—St. Louis solved Dwyer's pitching today for fifteen hits, while Cincinnati could do little with Gleason. The score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E
Crooks, 3b.	0	1	1	1	0	Caruthers, rf	1	1	2	0	1
Dowd, rf.	0	1	1	0	0	Latham, 3b.	1	2	1	2	0
Glasscock, ss	3	4	2	5	1	McPhee, 2b.	2	0	1	2	0
Werden, 1b.	2	2	9	0	2	Henry, lf.	0	1	4	0	0
Quinn, 2b.	2	2	2	2	2	Vaughn, c.	1	1	2	0	1
Brodie, cf.	2	2	2	0	0	Murphy, c.	0	1	2	0	0
Griffin, lf.	1	3	3	0	0	Canavan, cf.	0	0	3	2	1
Peitz, c.	0	0	6	1	0	Comiskey, 1b	1	1	11	0	0
Gleason, p.	0	0	1	1	0	Smith, ss.	0	0	1	3	1
						Dwyer, p.	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	10	15	27	10	5	Totals	6	7	27	13	4

St. Louis	1	0	0	0	5	2	0	2	0	—10
Cincinnati	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—6

Earned runs—St. Louis, 4; Cincinnati, 1. Two-base hit—Dowd. Three-base hit—Griffin. Home run—Caruthers. Stolen bases—Glasscock (3), Brodie (1), Crook (1). First base on balls—Off Gleason, 7; off Dwyer, 7. Struck out—By Gleason, 2; by Dwyer, 3. Wild pitch—Dwyer, 1. Time—2:15. Umpire—McQuade.

Boston, 8; New York, 6.

BOSTON, Mass., May 15.—Boston won today's game through poor work by Fuller and Davis at critical times. In stick work the teams were about equal. The score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Long, ss.	3	2	1	7	1	Burke, lf.	1	1	3	0	0
Carroll, lf.	0	2	4	0	0	Tiernan, rf.	1	2	1	0	0
Duffy, cf.	0	0	4	0	0	Ward, 2b.	1	0	6	5	0
McCarthy, rf	1	2	2	0	1	Connor, 1b.	1	1	10	0	1
Nash, 3b.	1	1	1	2	0	Davis, 3b.	0	2	1	2	2
Tucker, 1b.	0	0	8	0	0	Doyle, c.	0	1	1	3	0
Lowe, 2b.	1	1	3	2	0	Fuller, ss.	0	1	2	3	2
Bennett, c.	1	0	3	3	0	Lyons, cf.	1	1	0	0	0
Nichols, p.	1	0	1	1	0	Crane, p.	1	2	0	2	0
Totals	8	8	27	15	2	Totals	6	11	24	16	5

Boston	1	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	*	—8
New York	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	2	—6

Earned runs—Boston, 2; New York, 5. Two-base hits—Nash, Tiernan (2), Davis. Home run—Long. Stolen bases—Fuller (1). First base on balls—Off Crane, 6; off Nichols, 4. Struck out—Crane, 1. Passed ball—Doyle, 1. Wild pitch—Crane, 1. Time—1:55. Umpire—Gaffney.

Brooklyn, 4; Baltimore, 3

BROOKLYN, N. Y. May 15.—Despite the counter attraction, the Brooklyn Handicap, over 2,000 people saw the game today. It was remarkably well played and close. The score:

Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E	Baltimore.	R	B	P	A	E
Griffin, cf.	1	0	1	0	0	Shindle, 3b.	0	0	2	1	1
Foutz, 1b.	0	1	11	2	0	Kelly, cf.	0	0	2	0	1
Burns, rf.	1	1	0	0	0	O'Rourke, lf	0	2	1	0	0
Shock, lf.	0	1	3	0	0	Milligan, 1b.	1	1	12	1	0
Daly, 3b.	1	1	3	0	0	Treadway, rf	0	0	2	1	0
Rich'ds'n, 2b	0	1	1	1	0	McGraw, ss.	1	2	1	3	0
Corcoran, ss	0	1	3	7	0	Reitz, 2b.	1	1	1	8	0
Kinslow, c.	1	1	5	2	1	Clark, c.	0	2	2	1	0
Stein, p.	0	1	0	2	0	Robinson, c.	0	0	0	0	0
						McMahon, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						McNabb, p.	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	4	8	27	14	1	Totals	3	8	24	15	2

Brooklyn	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	—4
Baltimore	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Earned runs—Brooklyn, 3; Baltimore, 3. Two-base hits—Daly, Kinslow, Corcoran, Milligan. Three-base hits—Burns, Clark. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; Baltimore, 4. Stolen bases—Griffin, Treadway (2), Reitz (2). Double plays—Daly (unassisted); Richardson-Corcoran-Foutz; Reitz-Milligan. First base on balls—Stein, 2; McMahon, 1; McNabb, 3. Hit by pitched ball—McNabb. Struck out—Stein, 5. Wild pitches—Stein, 2. Time—1:47. Umpire—Hurst.

VAUGHN PRECIPITATES A RIOT.

Cincinnati's Catcher Hit with a Bat at the St. Louis Grounds.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—There was a disgraceful exhibition of rowdyism at today's game between the Browns and Cincinnatis.

In the fifth inning Brodie of the Browns was on second and Quinn on third. Griffin hit to left field and Quinn and Brodie scored. The ball was fielded in time to catch Brodie, but Catcher Vaughn stood directly on the base line. Brodie ran into him, knocking the ball from his hands. This angered him and he picked up a bat and threw it at Brodie.

Immediately every member of the local team picked up a bat and started for Vaughn, who simultaneously started for the gate. Worden threw his bat and struck Vaughn on the back.

The audience jumped into the field and it was necessary to have the police take Vaughn under protection. He was fined $25 by Umpire McQuaid.

YALE DEFEATS THE AMHERSTS.

Steadier Playing at the Game's Critical Points Did the Trick.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 15.—[Special.]—Yale and Amherst played a close game at the Yale field this afternoon. Yale won by steadier playing at critical points. Beale made the star catch of the day, a short fly which he captured just over second base. Carter and Colby both pitched finely. The score:

Amherst	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	—3
Yale	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	*	—6

Earned run—Yale, 1. Base hits—Yale, 4; Amherst, 4. Batteries—For Yale, Carter and Kedzie, Davis; for Amherst, Colby and Allen. Stolen bases—Yale, 3; Amherst, 5. First base on balls—By Carter, 1; by Davis, 14; by Colby, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Stevenson and Landis. Passed ball—Kedzie. Wild pitches—Carter, Davis, and Colby. Struck out—By Carter, 7; by Davis, 1; by Colby, 3. Double play—Stevenson-Kedzie. Umpires—Messrs. McCormick and Cushing of Yale. Time—1:35.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 15.—[Special.]—Harvard had a rare piece of good luck on the Holmes field this afternoon when in the eighth inning of the game with Brown Upton made a home run and tied the score. In the ninth and tenth innings neither side scored and at the end of the tenth the game was called on account of darkness. Harvard put up a good fielding game but was lamentably weak at the bat. Brown put snap and life into every action. The score:

Harvard	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2
Brown	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Batteries—Harvard, Wiggin and Upton; Brown, Sexton and Tenney. Base hits—Harvard, 5; Brown, 8. Errors—Harvard, 2; Brown, 4. Struck out—Harvard, 10; Brown, 2. Left on bases—Harvard, 6; Brown, 6.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 15.—[Special.]—Cornell's game today with Colgate College was little more than practice. The score:

Cornell	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	1	—7
Colgate	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	—3

Harry Stovey Booked for Release.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 15.—[Special.]—Manager Hanlon has become weary of Capt. Harry Stovey's sulking and he will likely be released before the club returns from New York. Stovey started out well, but he has been very careless of late and has not set the other players the example that a captain should. Milligan has been made captain temporarily.

Purdue, 20; Hanover, 7.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—Hanover was beaten by Purdue today in the intercollegiate champion series by a score of 20 to 7.

Eastern League Games.

Erie, 7; Troy, 4.
Buffalo, 16; Albany, 7.
Wilkesbarre, 8; Providence, 7.
Binghamton, 15; Springfield, 4.

Baseball Notes.

New York wants to trade Mike Kelly to Cincinnati for Tony Mullane.

Pitcher Hawke has been released by St. Louis. He may sign with Baltimore.

Young has a brother who is to make his début as a catcher for Canton in the Ohio and Michigan league.

The Louisville club has signed Rhines, formerly of Cincinnati, and is going to give Kilroy, the left-hander, a trial.

Newman was in uniform yesterday. Unless Decker does better work in left than he did yesterday Newman may be put in his place.

Mark Baldwin stated when he was released by Pittsburg that he wouldn't go to Louisville for any amount of money. But he has been negotiating with Manager Barnie.

Pittsburg and Chicago meet again at the South Side grounds this afternoon. Chicago will have McGill and Schriver in the points, while Ehret and Mack will be Pittsburg's battery.

FIRST INFANTRY PRESENTATIONS.

Col. Koch, Capt. Saltzer, and Other Officers Recipients of Testimonials.

The First Infantry assembled in its temporary quarters, Nos. 1243 and 1245 Wabash avenue, last night. Orders were issued directing the command to proceed with the regular routine work beginning Monday next. After a short business session the officers proceeded to No. 68 Adams street, where the Veteran Corps of the regiment had arranged an entertainment. Col. Charles R. E. Koch was presented with a complete set of horse equipments and side arms by the corps, and the corps also passed a resolution tendering to the regiment a new stand of colors, which will replace the ones burned in the armory fire.

Company M, First infantry, invited the officers of that company, Capt. Edward H. Switzer, Lieuts. Henry Barrett Chamberlain, and James H. Bowra, to dinner at the Sherman House last night. Robert W. Maxton on behalf of the company presented each of the three officers with a handsome gold and silver mounted dress sword and belt. On the blade of the weapon was etched the recipient's name and the scabbard bore the following inscription:

PRESENTED BY COMPANY M, FIRST INFANTRY, I. N. G., COMMEMORATING APRIL 25, 1893.

This is the date on which the big fort at Sixteenth street and Michigan was totally destroyed by fire.

Capt. Eugene R. Cox, Regimental Inspector of Rifle Practice First Infantry, I. N. G., will entertain the inspectors throughout the State at luncheon today in the rooms of the Iroquois club. Those who will be present are: Col. James M. Rice, G. I. R. P.; Lieut.-Col. George M. Skelly, I. R. P., Second Brigade; Clarence H. Shaw, I. R. P., Second Infantry; Capt. George W. Connell, I. R. P., Third Infantry; Capt. George Damron, I. R. P., Fourth Infantry; Capt. Brand Whitlock, I. R. P., Fifth Infantry; Capt. Robert H. Aiken, I. R. P., Sixth Infantry. After the luncheon there will be a discussion as to ways and means for promoting efficiency in rifle firing among the State troops. It is more than probable that the question of permanently improving the State rifle range at Waukegan will be considered.

Detained for Violating Immigration Law.

BOSTON, Mass., May 15.—[Special.]—Six hundred and ninety-five emigrants were detained on the steamship Scythia this morning for having failed to comply with the new emigration law which went into effect May 3.

A business man writes us from Indiana that he has been taking measures for a prominent Eastern house which makes medium and low-priced suits to order, and says the more business he does the more TROUBLE he has, so he asks us the way out of his dilemma.

Let us tell you candidly, there is very little satisfaction to be found in either Low Grades of tailoring or Low Grades of ready made. Both are gotten up at under prices by using inferior fabrics, inferior trimmings, inferior workmanship; hence the results must be inferior. Go to a good tailor and get good garments at good round prices, or better still, use our

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Thoroughly meritorious SPRING SUITS and SPRING OVERCOATS, made with an unwavering determination to please and satisfy, made in immense quantities to the best possible advantage to give you the benefit of the lowest attainable prices for uniformly reliable garments. Our prices are but the merest trifle above those asked for ordinary ready-made; they're only about ½ what is charged for the best tailoring, and we guarantee satisfaction to every wearer of R. P. & Co.'s Clothes.

R., P. & Co.'s Spring Business Suits... $15.00 to $25.00
R., P. & Co.'s Spring Overcoats... $12.00 to $25.00
R., P. & Co.'s diagonal and tricot dressy suits—cutaways and Prince Alberts... $25.00 to $40.00
R., P. & Co.'s perfect-fitting Pants... $5.00 to $10.00

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1—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.
3—Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.
7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.
8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.
9—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.
10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods.
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods.
13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.
14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.
15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.
20—Whooping Cough.
27—Kidney Diseases.
28—Nervous Debility.
30—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.
HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, "The Pile Ointment."—Trial Size, 25 Cts.

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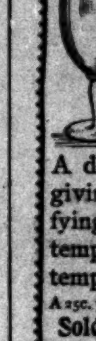

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GEARY LAW UPHELD.

CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT IS DECLARED CONSTITUTIONAL.

Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Brewer and Field Dissent from the Opinion—Motion for Rehearing Is Made, Which Postpones Action Under the Statute—Serious Complications with China May Be Expected—Hat-Trimming Cases Are Decided in Favor of the Importers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—Far-reaching results are bound to come from the Supreme Court decision holding the Geary Chinese law constitutional. The breaking off of diplomatic relations between the United States and China is quite probable as one of the outcomes of the exclusion of the Mongolians. International complications will arise from the question of policy involved in such a sweeping exercise of the power of exclusion. Demagogism has superseded statesmanship. The Geary law is the most sweeping enactment of the kind ever passed by Congress. Its purpose was to give the Democrats control of the Pacific coast. On the eve of the Presidential campaign of 1888 Congressman W. L. Scott of Pennsylvania had an exclusion law rushed through Congress to help out Mr. Cleveland on the Pacific slope. Last year the Geary law was passed with the same object in view. The authors of the legislation cared little for its practical effect.

The exact situation is this: The highest court in the land has affirmed the constitutionality of the Chinese exclusion law and the Treasury Department, through the Internal Revenue Bureau, is charged with the execution of that law. But it is absolutely without the agencies or the means to execute it. It has available about $35,000, when according to the Treasury officials $1,500,000 will be necessary. The Treasury Department is therefore powerless. When the Pacific coast finds this out it may indulge in the luxury of anti-Chinese riots, but it will only have its own Congressmen to blame, who passed a law without providing means for its execution.

China Is Enraged.

The belief in diplomatic and official circles here is that China will withdraw her legation and break off diplomatic relations with the United States. The Chinese Government has been fearfully incensed and is not likely to be appeased. The withdrawal of its Minister would necessarily be followed by the withdrawal of Minister Denby from China. After breaking off diplomatic relations the Chinese Government will, in all probability, retaliate against the United States by excluding all Americans from its territory, and the exclusion of our citizens would throw most of their business into the hands of the English. The churches have deplored the probability that their missionaries would be excluded. Less than a year ago there was an agitation against the "foreign devils," as the missionaries are called, and the Chinese Government had great trouble in repressing the outrages. Even though inclined to let the missionaries stay it may not care to enter upon the struggle which will be necessary to protect them, and may suggest that they had better return to the United States. This is one of the possible effects of the law, and is not the least important, for the missionaries have had great influence in extending the commerce of the United States. The fact that the exclusion act may remain a dead letter will not affect the resentment felt by the Chinese Government.

Many Attorneys Present.

The fact that it was the last day of the term accounted for the presence of an unusually large array of attorneys within the bar of the Supreme Court, including Attorney-General Olney, Solicitor-General Aldrich. Senators Pugh, Dolph, and Cockrell, ex-Justice Strong, and several members of the diplomatic corps were interested spectators.

Justice Gray, in announcing the judgment of the court, said:

The power of this Nation to restrict or prohibit the immigration of any aliens into the country or to require such aliens already in the country to remove therefrom is a well settled principle of international law. It was within its power to prescribe the regulations under which these aliens should be permitted to remain in the United States, or failing to observe these regulations they should be required to leave the country. As to the requirements that the Chinese entitled to remain should establish that right by the evidence of one credible white witness, Justice Gray said that it was within the power of the Legislature to determine the character of evidence that might be received in a case at law and what force should be given to the testimony so offered. Not discussing the wisdom or the justice of the act in question, which was beyond the province of the judicial branch of the government, it remained only to say that the judgment of the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York in refusing to grant writs of habeas corpus to the several petitioners was affirmed.

Powers of the Nation.

Justice Gray said that the question presented was the constitutionality and effect of the sixth section of the act. The Justice sketched the provisions of the law rapidly, and then proceeded to say that it was perfectly well settled that the United States, with all of the great powers, has the power to make war; to make peace; to pass acts of naturalization; to pass all necessary and proper laws to carry out the powers reposed in Congress. On the political department of the government devolved the care of international relations. It had been settled in two cases that the power of exclusion might be vested in executive officers, and the aid of the judiciary might be invoked. It was no new thing in public law for matters to be executive and political in the first instance, and then take judicial force as the political department might direct. The courts have no authority to revise the decisions or the action and effect in these cases except so far as provision has been made by law. The treaties with China provided originally for very free intercourse—that was in 1868. Then it was found that it was necessary to have more power for the convenient regulation of this matter and the subsequent treaties distinctly recognized, as contemplated by the contracting parties, the power to regulate the entrance of Chinese into this country. If Congress makes a law inconsistent with a treaty it may give a foreign nation the right to complain and to take such action as it may deem best for its own interest, but the duty of the courts of the United States is clear and they must recognize the force.

Executive Officers and Deportations.

Justice Gray here dwelt at length upon the objection that had been made to the arbitrary power conferred upon executive officers in making deportations. He said that so far as an investigation is made it will be a judicial investigation. The law provides that the Chinese shall be deported unless they shall clearly establish certain facts to the satisfaction of the Judge. The Legislature had a right to prescribe what evidence shall be demanded before its judicial tribunals. It was within its power to provide that those aliens who have been a year within the United States without getting out a certificate should be deported. He would not touch upon the wisdom, the policy, even the justice of the act. What Congress had done had not been to provide for any definition of crime in the statute, nor to provide any punishment. It provided that the persons in question should be sent out of the country to the place whence they came; it provided, not for the adjudication of crime, but simply for the removal of persons whose presence Congress considers inconsistent with the public welfare. It must be remembered that Chinese cannot be naturalized. Doubtless they are entitled to the security and safeguard guaranteed by the Constitution and laws in such measure as they provide, but there was nothing in the Constitution or laws which impugned the power of Congress to compel them to leave the country.

Dissenting Opinions.

At the conclusion of Justice Gray's opinion Judge Brewer announced that he felt compelled to dissent from the view of the majority of the court. He read his views at some length, declaring in substance that the act of 1892 was unconstitutional and that if it were upheld there was no guarantee that similar treatment might not be accorded to other classes of our population than the Chinese.

Justice Field, who delivered the opinion in the first case under the exclusion act, also read a dissenting opinion. He held that there was a wide difference between exclusion of immigrants and the deportation of alien residents, and he characterized the act in the strongest language as inhuman and brutal, and as violative of the Constitution in every section. He regretted to say that the decision of the court was to his mind fraught with the gravest dangers to the priceless constitutional liberties of the people.

In his dissenting opinion the Chief Justice denied the soundness of the proposition that the cases before the court were such as the political department of the government alone could deal with, and continued:

It was a judicial question, and however reluctant courts may be to pass upon the constitutionality of legislative acts, it was the very essence of judicial duty to do so when the discharge of that duty was properly imposed upon them. He entertained no doubt that the provisions of the fifth and fourteenth amendments were universal in their application, and that while the general Government was invested, so far as foreign countries were concerned, with all the powers necessary to the maintenance of its absolute independence and security, it could not in virtue of a supposed inherent sovereignty, absolutely deal with persons lawfully and peaceably within its domain. The act before the court was not an act to abrogate or repeal a treaty nor to expel Chinese lawfully here, and no such intent could be imputed to Congress. Its object was to prescribe a method of registration, and the deportation denounced by way of punishment was, in his view, an unusual punishment not authorized by the Constitution.

Mr. J. H. Ashton of counsel for the Chinese moved for a rehearing of the case and an argument before a full bench at the next term. At present the court stands five to three in support of the law, Justice Harlan being absent. The court took the motion under advisement, the effect of which is to postpone until the motion is acted upon any proceeding under the judgment of the court announced today.

Conservative estimate places the amount necessary to deport the unregistered Chinese at $6,000,000, with only $16,806 available for the purpose. Intimations are heard that Congress may be convened to consider the matter. The suggestion is made in official circles here that Chinese unregistered may now go to the courts and ask to be allowed to register and remain in this country. In any view of the case, Treasury officers expect to experience great difficulty in carrying out the mandate of the law, "that the Chinese must go." They look to the Cabinet to solve the problem at its meeting tomorrow. At the Chinese Legation the Chinese Minister courteously declined to express any opinion upon the decision of the court or to give any intimation as to the course his government might deem proper to adopt under the circumstances. He especially declined to say anything upon an alleged retaliatory policy of ordering the expulsion of Americans from China.

RECEIVED THE NEWS QUIETLY.

No Demonstrations on the Coast Mark the Announcement of the Decision.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 15.—The news that the United States Supreme Court had confirmed the constitutionality of the Chinese exclusion act reached this city a few minutes before 11 o'clock this forenoon. The information was quick in reaching the Chinese section, where 30,000 Chinese reside, representing nearly one-third the entire number in the United States. They stood about in large groups before their own bulletin boards for same statement from the Six Companies, which had compelled them to refuse to register. They were not inclined to accept the report through American newspapers. The decision was received throughout the city in a quiet manner. The crowds about the newspaper bulletin boards were neither large nor demonstrative. One of the leading Chinese said that he estimated that the decision would mean the loss to Chinese merchants of over $50,000,000. "We will look for modification of law," said he. "With no funds at hand I do not see how the United States Government can carry it out."

PORTLAND, Ore., May 15.—The news that the Supreme Court had held the Chinese exclusion law to be constitutional caused a slight flutter in Chinatown today. Sild Gack, a leading merchant of this city, said: "I don't know what the outcome will be. I think, however, if the law is enforced that all Americans will be deported from China."

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 15.—The decision was received here with a general expression of approval. A number of Eastern people deprecate the decision, and many declare that it is an injury to the State. Chinamen who have registered are making a great show of their certificates.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 15.—Many persons here were surprised at the decision. The Chinese are ugly, but noncommittal. They will say nothing till they hear from the Six Companies.

DECIDED FOR THE IMPORTERS.

Costly Ruling Against Customs Collectors in the Hat-Trimmings Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—The Supreme Court of the United States today affirmed its previous ruling as laid down in the Langfeld case, in what is popularly known as "The Hat-Timmings Case." Mr. Justice Shiras announced the opinion and judgment of court, in which he stated that in the Pennsylvania cases, where the judgment of the Circuit Court was in favor of the contention of the importers, that the goods in question were liable to duty as hat trimmings and not as silk or manufactures of silk, the ruling was in accordance with the judgment of the Supreme Court in the former cases adjudicated. "In this," said Justice Shiras, "we find there was no error and therefore the judgment of the Circuit Court in these two cases will stand affirmed. It follows from this," he said, "that in the case appealed from the Northern District of Illinois, wherein the judgment of the court was in favor of the contention of the collector, and the goods were declared to be dutiable as silk or manufactures of silk, that judgment must be reversed, and it is so ordered."

It is estimated at the Treasury Department that by the loss of the "hat trimmings case" the United States will be called upon to refund from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000. Some estimates place it as high as $30,000,000. Secretary Foster's estimate was $25,000,000. He offered to compromise the case for $3,000,000, but the compromise was not effected. During the last three years $2,000,000 of duty in these cases have been refunded.

In the appeals of McNulta and Vincent from the judgment of the Supreme Court of California the construction and effect of a State law amending the law governing the execution of criminals was involved, and the Supreme Court said this was not a Federal question and the appeals would have to be dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

EVIDENCE OF A CONSPIRACY IS FOUND.

Result of Investigating the Terre Haute Postoffice Muddle.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—Lucius B. Swift, Secretary of the Indiana Civil Service Association, returned from Terre Haute today after spending two days with President William Dudley Foulke in making an investigation into the alleged violations of the civil service laws by Postmaster Donham, who superseded Greiner Saturday night at that place. Mr. Swift severely scored John E. Lamb, Crawford Fairbanks, the wealthy distiller; and Senator Voorhees, apparently laying on them much blame for Donham's acts. He said:

There is no question but that a conspiracy was formed weeks ago by a gang of political buccaneers who claim to be Democrats to get possession of the Terre Haute Postoffice and fill it up with their own men and cheat the civil service law. John Lamb and Crawford Fairbanks were concerned in this conspiracy. Charges which had no foundation and which there was no attempt to prove were made against the local examining board and a week was gained by securing a postponement of the examination. In this Senator Voorhees was engaged. Representing the Indiana Civil Service Reform Association we have forwarded a report to the President and the Postmaster-General.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—Senator Voorhees today telegraphed as following to ex-Congressman Lamb:

Have just seen the Postmaster-General. He sustains Donham at every point, including the removal of the insubordinate letter carriers and the appointment of decent, law-abiding carriers in their places. Donham has been appointed custodian of the building by Secretary Carlisle.

Up to this time Donham and his friends have frankly admitted that when he sent the notices of dismissal to the carriers last Friday night after he had gained forcible possession of the office it was because he believed that by so doing he could put in Democrats, thinking the civil service law went into effect the next day. He had not, at the time, issued any orders to the carriers, had not spoken to them nor been in their presence and there was no opportunity for insubordination.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN IN ANOTHER SCRAPE.

He Is Arrested at Boston for Assaulting a Lawyer on a Train.

BIDDEFORD, Me., May 15.—[Special.]—A warrant for assault and battery is to be served on John L. Sullivan when he arrives in Portland tomorrow. The alleged assault was committed last night on the Pullman train on which Sullivan and Lawyer Max L. Lizotte, of this city, were passengers. Lawyer Lizotte reached in front of the ex-champion to shake hands with John Sheehan, a member of the Sullivan party, with whom Lizotte is acquainted. As he did so Sullivan kicked the lawyer across the car. Lizotte is a powerful man, and though he has only one hand he went at Sullivan, clinching him, and turning him over a car seat. They were separated, but were hardly parted before another member of the Sullivan party struck Lizotte in the face, cutting his lips. Sullivan took advantage of the situation and choked the lawyer, leaving his finger marks upon his throat. They were finally separated, but Lizotte was pretty well used up. Lawyer Lizotte says he shall have Sullivan bound over to the grand jury, which goes into session tomorrow.

BOSTON, Mass., May 15.—[Special.]—John L. Sullivan was arrested in this city tonight for the alleged assault upon Lawyer Lizotte.

ROAD RACE ENTRIES.

ALL THE LOCAL CRACKS DOWN FOR THE PULLMAN EVENT.

The List Smaller than Usual, but It Is Still 350 Strong and Full of Good Men—Bliss Goes Stale—Davis, Barrett, Root, Thorne, Albrecht, Nessel, and Githens Have Grand Chances—Australian Denny and Austin Gibbons Probably Matched—General Sporting News.

Bliss has gone stale. Many looked for it, but for all that it comes as a big surprise to those who had banked their hopes on the little fellow's chance of grabbing off first-time prize in the Pullman road race.

Last Sunday he was out on the road with Root and Davis and both of them got away with him. For the last week Bliss has been looking a trifle drawn in feature, but as he never looks very fresh this was attributed to the amount of work which he has already put in on the road. He was reported to have covered the new course, a distance of a shade over seventeen miles, in one hour and eight minutes a week or so ago, and was then very strong. It is questionable now if he will be able to come to the scratch.

This mishap to Bliss wonderfully enhances the chances of success for Davis. In fact, this man seems to have a fairly free field if he himself does not have a repetition of the misfortune which overtook him last year before the Pullman came off and go stale. It is hardly likely that Munger will ride. Lumsden is scheduled to ride, but lacks preparation. Rhodes will not ride. Sanger is away. Seeds, the Eastern man, who, it was announced, would come out here to give the boys a brush, will not do so, but will be a competitor in the Irvington-Milburn race. Barrett is doing good work and little is being said of him. Root, too, also George Thorne, Ulbrecht, and Fred Nessel. But look out for Githens. He is going grandly. The total number of entries foot up 350. Classified by clubs they are as follows:

Chicago Cycling Club—W. B. Hennessey, H. J. Cassady, F. B. Smith, A. E. Lumsden, R. B. Abbott, C. J. Eldredge, H. L. Dodson, G. A. Phillips, H. A. Githens, C. W. Davis, R. M. Barwise, G. A. Thorne, C. H. Parker, H. K. Bolton, F. Shrock, J. D. Adams, F. S. Dickinson, J. O. Brandenburg, G. C. Gustavson, J. P. Bliss, Theodore Smith, G. O. Gordon, A. F. Gordon, F. B. Wakefield, F. C. Sahr, J. A. Pallister, G. K. Barrett, L. D. Munger, F. Waller, M. J. Budlong, D. A. Reed, C. P. Root. Total, 32.

Columbia Wheelmen—A. R. March, O. F. Erickson, G. S. Olson, A. Gardiner, B. Sanborn, C. Proebstring, C. Hoest, J. Schruibs, L. Iagholm, M. W. Christiansen, R. W. Butterfield, J. Faust, J. C. Bartholdi, J. Rohde, A. Bald, E. J. Consoer, E. A. Erickson, W. J. MacNeil, H. J. Horn, W. J. Doyle, G. Paulsen, L. Martinsen, O. Olesen, H. L. Nelson, E. Martinsen, H. A. F. Schroeder, B. Eddy, S. R. Pictrowitz, H. Paulson, A. Prince, F. A. Weagh, W. Christiansen, J. Schneider, W. Geist, G. Lindsay, H. Brant, C. Blum, M. Nessel, H. Rapp, J. P. Hoech, and M. Nelson. Total, 42.

Cook County Wheelmen—C. D. Cutting, D. S. Barclay, F. B. Cross, F. Schmitt, J. L. Foster, O. R. Barnett, H. Waldman, F. A. Werner, W. A. Thompson, H. A. Klein, J. Levy, C. G. Linsibaugh, P. B. Marks, W. Montross, C. F. Fish, W. Blair, L. Mitchell, C. R. Colby, E. Furner, A. G. Moore, E. Speike, W. R. Neyenesch, G. Dunning, G. E. Bricker, T. Byrne, J. Anderson, F. H. Browne, J. Cudahy. Total, 28.

Illinois Cycling Club—E. D. Bamburger, E. Chisholm, R. Reuter, W. Dominick, L. O. Wilcoxon, F. W. Newland, G. W. Patterson, R. O'Connell, T. L. Sloan, A. D. Kennedy Jr., E. P. Richardson, C. T. Kniseley, A. D. Heeriman, F. Pearson Jr., W. Mink, J. D. Wilson, C. Hagemann, A. Yeoman, W. S. Peirronnet, J. J. Oakley, G. A. Smith, B. W. Fick, C. W. Gray, J. E. Scheller, W. F. Knott, Otto Maas, H. E. Gunn, W. D. Castro—total, 28.

Lake View Cycling club—John M. Arens, C. F. J. Swain, H. A. Stacy, F. S. Hollands, C. A. Wescott, A. Helmish Jr., J. E. Hudson, W. Wassman, E. A. Seebeck, G. Steele, W. F. West, W. Schieferstein, W. H. Gross, C. A. Parkes, H. L. Judd, M. H. Mayer, H. W. Harland, R. Barnark, J. Wegman, J. W. McElroy, M. L. Smith, C. A. Woodward, W. F. Corey, G. F. Meyer, C. A. Fox, C. E. Gamet—total, 26.

Lincoln C. C.—P. P. Lobig, R. W. Slusser, E. Parker, A. H. Radell, W. R. Walpole, R. W. Lloyd, F. E. Spooner, F. H. White, A. T. Hepwood, J. F. Gunther, W. S. Kaeker, R. Keator, H. H. Dylic, A. P. Peck, H. M. Taylor, C. R. Curtis, H. C. Dilson, F. Tilt, J. W. Adams, A. R. Gormully, A. V. Jackson Jr., J. F. Stillwell, D. S. Barr—total, 23.

Minnette C. C.—L. W. Campbell, H. E. Edwards, G. L. Turnbull, D. E. Waugh, C. S. Salisbury, B. A. Tredick, R. Carson, F. O. Podiston, F. D. Maguire, J. J. Mundy, W. J. Anderson, A. F. Harner, P. Grant, A. L. Buchanan, J. B. Woollas, L. L. Quin—total, 16.

Englewood C. C.—J. A. La Court, D. E. Holmes, A. H. Gere, G. W. Denison, C. H. Peck, W. S. Watrous, O. V. Mueller, H. C. Heisler, C. L. Reed, C. H. Clarke, H. T. Pyle, G. L. Emerson, J. M. Edson Jr., H. M. O'Hu, D. E. Barnum—total, 16.

Pilzen C. C.—A. Strubar, J. Kastner, F. Babka, J. Hrach, J. Hart, A. Jamsky, J. Kilberger, B. Kunik, J. Jordan, J. Pudil, J. Bizenek, J. Waiser, F. M. Prencil, J. Siman, J. Hlava, Joseph Siman—total, 16.

Æolus C. C.—Chr Helstead, W. J. Bray, F. Bodach, L. Bodach, F. P. Gregg, E. Schmidt, F. Wodrich, P. Teutsch, J. Neumann, F. M. Gannon, G. Frantzen—total, 12.

Chicago Racing Wheelmen—W. Callan, W. L. Holzhaur, F. Nessel, W. L. Clark, J. Clark, E. E. Ullbricht, C. H. Stevens, J. W. Conroyd, O. C. Green—total, 9.

Calumet C. C.—V. V. Snook, C. T. Klagstad, A. V. Leonhardt, G. L. Hermann, F. Ternand—total, 5.

North Chicago Wheelmen—A. G. Seeger, W. H. Friedly, E. Tesch, J. Fullen, A. Miller—total, 5.

From Smaller and Out-of-Town Clubs.

Viking C. C.—C. Biorustadt, O. Petersen, M. J. Bolstad, A. Johnson.

Wicker Park C. C.—H. Silverson, E. B. Noyes, L. Karpen, A. Knockenmus.

Oaks C. C.—V. E. Rice, W. H. Schafer.

Ashland C. C.—F. P. Fowler.

Maywood C. C.—A. R. Parish, A. A. Coupland.

South Bend C. C.—J. M. Linger Jr., W. S. Daniels, S. L. Frye, C. H. Bemenderger, H. S. Rough.

Ravenswood C. C.—C. E. Sulter, K. F. Peterson.

Y. M. C. A. (Ravenswood)—T. E. Tilley.

Kenwood R. C.—H. Hovey.

Madison R. C.—G. Scovel, H. P. McKey.

Manhattan B. C. (N. Y.)—G. W. Cushman.

Janesville C. C.—S. D. Tallman.

Rockford C. C.—E. A. Camble.

Kalamazoo Y. M. C. A.—Jollie Allan.

Cedar Rapids C. C.—C. J. Bell.

Y. M. C. A. (Detroit)—A. Rudolph.

Kankakee Ramblers—H. Gibbs.

Kentucky Cyclers—Dr. V. H. Hobson.

Mt. Vernon Wheelmen (Pa.)—C. V. Dasey.

Capital City C. C. (Nashville)—J. B. Farmer.

Kazoo C. C. (Ottawa, Ill.)—F. Wing.

Sheridan C. C. (Evanston)—P. McElwain.

Aurora C. C.—F. L. King, A. T. Webb.

Winona (Minn.) B. C.—P. D. Burroughs.

The Des Moines cyclists—A. B. Edmonds.

Waterloo B. C. (Ia.)—J. R. Chesston.

Elgin C. C. (Ill.)—C. Swanson, G. S. Adams.

Press C. C. (Boston)—D. W. Caswell.

Grand Crossing C. C. (Ill.)—W. S. Ridenow, F. W. Wainwright, H. F. Brandenbury, I. J. Wightman.

Pullman C. C.—R. Willson, K. K. Taft, C. V. Anderson, G. W. Lorenz, H. Halbrecht.

Pastime A. C. (St. Louis)—R. J. Leacock.

Washington Heights Wheelmen—M. E. Griswold, W. J. Hubbard.

Blue Island B. C.—P. H. Schmitt, G. M. O'Connell, T. Clark.

Mercury C. C. (Milwaukee)—M. G. Klevenon, C. A. Hermann, W. Prichard, W. A. Hermann, H. Zerbel.

Milwaukee Wheelmen—T. Nendzimski, J. C. Schmidtbauer, W. C. Nicholson.

Telegram, C. C. (Milwaukee)—P. H. Sercombe.

North Side C. C. (Milwaukee)—J. W. Warnken, W. Stark, A. C. Runkel, C. Haisch L. Pierron, J. R. Bowen, H. Janssen.

Wabash C. C. (Terre Haute)—E. B. Parker.

Morgan & Wright C. C.—E. Ullbricht.

Featherstone C. C.—H. G. Baine, F. W. Thom.

Glencoe C. C.—H. E. Nutt, W. E. Starr, W. B. Hassard, W. H. Green.

Ariel B. C. (Ind.)—D. H. Grant.

Rambler C. C.—O. Cullman, E. F. Urban.

Overland C. C.—H. C. Bauer, H. W. Heidord, A. H. Dimse.

DENNY AND GIBBONS MATCHED.

They Will Meet Within Six Weeks at the Crescent City Athletic Club.

It is probable that Martin Denny, the Australian lightweight brought over by Joe Harris, will meet Austin Gibbons at the Crescent City Athletic club, New Orleans, within six weeks. A representative of the club arrived in Chicago yesterday morning and before nightfall had secured Denny's signature to articles by which he agrees to meet an unknown 133-pound man within six weeks for a purse of $3,500. The representative would not name the "unknown" but the Denny party are sure that Austin Gibbons is the man. Denny stated after signing articles that he is glad he has a match on and that he doesn't care who the "unknown" may prove to be. He will go to New Orleans within a week and go in training. Harris deposited a $500 forfeit for Denny's appearance.

Chevy Chase Hunt Club Races.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—There was a good attendance at Ivy City this afternoon on the occasion of the first day's meet of the Chevy Chase Hunt club. The summary follows:

First race, horses not exceeding 14 hands 3 inches, half mile—Foresight, 140 pounds (Hayes), 2 to 1, won; Rosarium, 175 (Hoey), even, second; Gold Dollar, 132 (Stack), even, third. Time, 51.

Second race, hunters' cup, one mile—Big Brown Jug, 140 pounds (Hayes), 1 to 2, won; Triple Cross, 140 (Paine), 2 to 1, second; Morgan, 125 (Maddox), even, third. Dandy also ran. Time, 1:54.

Third race, handicap, sweepstakes, ponies 14 hands 1 inch and under, quarter mile—Bridget, 155 (Savage), 1 to 2, won; Crow, 155 (Hoey), 3 to 5, second; Gallivant, 135 (Ryder), 2 to 1, third. Quinate ran unplaced. Time, :23¾.

Fourth race, open to all hacks, three quarters of a mile—Isaac, 145 (Hayes), 2 to 5 won; Profile, 145 (Ryder), 3 to 2, second; Neptune, 145 (Maddox), 3 to 1, third. Bohemian Girl, Independence Day, and Hopeless also ran. Time, 1:14½.

Fifth race, handicap, sweepstakes, for ponies and horses not exceeding 15 hands, half a mile—Tom C., 132 pounds (Ryder), 3 to 2, won; Ballad, 172 (Hayes), 1 to 3, second; Lady Wooster, 139 (Bishop), 2 to 1, third. Time, 50½.

Sixth race, steeplechase, about two and a half miles—There were four starters, but two went wrong, the results being: Venus, 177 pounds (Hayes), 2 to 5, won; Mogul, 140 (Latham), 2 to 5, second. Time not taken.

Turf Notes.

The admission to the Hawthorne track has been raised to $1. The winter badges will be taken up.

Sure enough Mike Dwyer made a telegraphic offer of $10,000 for Charles Boots' Sir Peter, 2, by Brutus—Bonnie Jean.

Bill Bryan, the trainer of Eugene Leigh's string at Hawthorne, yesterday telegraphed for young Leigh to ride Mohican today.

Mrs. W. W. Lyles has purchased Castanet from D. J. McCarty. Her recent purchase from the Scoggans, Tenny Jr., is colored to start today.

In the one mile and seventy yard race yesterday Hook fell off Voici and rolled directly under the horse in one of the breaks. He escaped injury in a most miraculous manner.

Ireland Bros. are said to be specially fitting Aldebaran, Donatello's half brother, for the American Derby. His best move has been a mile in 1:48½.

Huron is said to be the most advanced of the Corrigan stake division, although he has only been taken up three weeks. He is entered in the first race today.

Jockey Felix Carr arrived at Hawthorne yesterday and rode Pioneer to victory. Pat Dunne will have first call on his services for the balance of the season.

John B. White, a New Orleans banker, is the latest newcomer on the Western turf. He has recently bought bay colt, 3, by Audrain, dam by War Dance; bay colt, 2, by Buckler, dam by Lightning; chestnut colt, 3, by Outcast, dam by Longfellow, and a bay filly, 2, by Powhattan, dam by Harry O'Fallon. There were six other colts purchased at Danville, Ky. Joe Chinn will train the lot.

Telegraphic News Notes.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—Theo. Winters arrived with eight of his California thoroughbreds at the fair grounds today.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—Jake Gaudaur and George Hosmer arrived here yesterday and are training at Creve Coeuer Lake for the coming regatta at Austin, Tex.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—All the jockeys suspended by Starter Maclaughlin during the Fair ground meeting were today reinstated by that officer.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 15.—[Special.]—Infielder Farrell received a letter from Manager Barnie today releasing him from the Louisville club. Barnie says Farrell is a good man, but does not need him. Last year he was with the Atlanta team.

FIRST JOURNEY OF AN ENGLISH FARMER

His Initial Experience on Train and Steamboat—Many Parties Coming.

Charles F. Copeland, an Englishman 40 years of age, whose home is in a village called Blackawton, in South Devon, is at the Great Northern. Mr. Copeland tells an interesting story in connection with his visit to the Fair and, incidentally, a trip around the world. He left his home four weeks ago, and at that time he had never been on board a railroad train, while the nearest he ever came to being in a boat was in paddling small skiffs across the River Dart, which runs near his home.

"I don't know that my experience is very peculiar," he said yesterday, somewhat nettled at being thought a curiosity. "Why, there are hundreds of thousands of persons in England who have never been on a railroad train. Many have never seen the sea, although the popular impression in America seems to be that a man can look clear across England. I wanted to see this Fair, and as I have had my mind made up for some years to go around the world, I thought that this was my opportunity. I found everything in traveling just as I expected I should and, of course, I was seasick. I find, however, that one can travel much easier in America than in England. Your cars are more comfortable and the officials of the roads are easier to ask questions of than they are at home. I intend to stay in Chicago for three months, when I shall move to the West and on around the world to my home.

"How does it happen that I was never on a train? Simply because I never had any business to get on one. My home is twelve miles from the nearest railroad station, and as I am a small farmer, my interest has always been right at home. I market my stock and crops by taking them to the nearest town and then go home. Of course my eyes are open, now that I see the world, but I expect to be just as happy and contented when I again reach my home as I was before I set out."

Prince Andre Poniatowski, a prominent Russian, who is traveling around the world, is expected at the Auditorium this morning. His Highness is rich and travels in state. He has a large number of servants with him, and it is said that he is in the habit of doing and saying pretty much as he pleases. He was met in New York by the Earl and Countess of Craven and is a friend of the Astors. He makes no predictions as to how long he expects to occupy the rooms he has engaged and seems to think that the hotel management was rather impertinent when inquiry was made concerning this important item in their business arrangements.

John W. Mackay, Mrs. Mackay, John W. Mackay Jr., and Clarence Mackay are at the Great Northern. The millionaire gold-miner is apparently well and healthy and bent on enjoying the two weeks he is to remain in Chicago. He informed all callers yesterday that he had absolutely nothing to say that would interest the public and that he was here simply on a pleasure tour.

John Jacob Astor has engaged rooms at the Auditorium for June 15, when he will be here with a party of New-Yorkers and foreigners who want to see the Fair.

Robert Bonner and a party of friends arrived at the Richelieu last night and will spend a few days looking around Jackson Park.

Addison Cammack of New York, one of the best known men on Wall street, is a guest of the Metropole. He is here to see the Fair.

PAPER HOUSE CLOSED BY THE SHERIFF.

Godfrey & Clark Forced to the Wall—Several Other Business Troubles.

The Western branch of the Godfrey & Clark Paper company of Pittsburg, Pa., was seized yesterday by the Sheriff. The seizure was made in levying executions on judgments aggregating $93,000, the judgments being in favor of the Second National Bank of Pittsburg for $89,250 and Eliza C. Godfrey for $4,350. The executions were placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Nicholson, who demanded satisfaction of the judgments of Manager Lockhart, who has charge of the local branch of the concern at Nos. 389 and 391 Fifth avenue. In default of payment a custodian was placed in charge of the stock, with instructions to keep the store open until a conference of the attorneys could be had. "I do not know the direct cause of this," said Manager Lockhart, "or what effect it will have on the concern. This is an old established house and strong financially, and these judgments alone are not sufficient to force it to the wall. The embarrassment will be only temporary."

The Godfrey & Clark Paper company is an old concern, the principal house and factory being located at No. 830 Liberty street, Pittsburg, Pa. The members are manufacturers of and jobbers in wrapping paper and paper bags. The branch house in this city has been established for several years. No estimate of the assets and liabilities of the concern could be obtained from the local manager or the attorneys in the case.

Godfrey & Clark announced their failure in Pittsburg at noon yesterday. A number of creditors called at the office and presented accounts for settlement. They were informed that no settlement could be obtained. The firm has been unfortunate in having several times been burned out. When asked for a statement the manager of the Pittsburg house said he was preparing one and would give it out soon. The company has been prominently identified with the business interests of Pittsburg for twenty-five years.

Henry P. Lowe began a suit yesterday in the Circuit Court for the appointment of a receiver for Hamilton, Lowe & Co., a mining corporation. Lowe alleges that he and Percy H. Hamilton were associated together in some mining deals in Colorado in which they made a profit of $18,475. Then, he says, Hamilton organized the corporation of Hamilton, Lowe & Co., and has operated it in a manner so as to defraud the complainant.

Ira M. Alvord, hatter at No. 125 Clark street, made a voluntary assignment in the County Court yesterday afternoon to Walter B. Maher, assignee. Assets were scheduled at $10,000 and liabilities at $20,000. Schable & Co. of Philadelphia are the largest creditors, holding claims for $10,000. Keith Bros. of this city have a claim against the insolvent for $2,000. Dull trade and poor business are given as the failure.

Charles H. Ferry filed a bill in the Superior Court yesterday asking that a receiver be appointed for the Chicago Fire and Spring company and that its affairs be wound up. The complainant states that the corporation was organized in 1887 with a capital stock of $300,000. The object of the company was to manufacture car wheels and springs. The bill alleges that the liabilities of the company now greatly exceed its assets, that $250,000 of indebtedness in notes and accounts hangs over the concern. For these reasons Ferry asks that the court appoint a receiver.

Daniel H. Folmar entered a confession of judgment in the Circuit Court against the Cairo Lumber company and Henry Wells for $18,000. The lumber company, which has an office in the Rookery Building, was attached last Saturday for a small amount and the confessions were accordingly entered. Henry Wells, who is made a defendant, is the President of the Evanston National Bank and indorsed the judgment note on which the confession was entered.

Chief Justice Fuller the Chief Guest.

Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of the United States Supreme Court will be the guest of honor at the annual alumni banquet of the Chicago College of Law which will be held in the ladies' ordinary of the Palmer House the evening of June 2. Among the others who will respond to toasts will be Judges Tuley, Bailey, Moran, and Shepard.

Sunday Shaving a Missouri Misdemeanor.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 15.—[Special.]—The Court of Appeals decided here today that shaving on Sunday was a misdemeanor and therefore punishable. The decision explained, however, that a man might shave himself without being guilty of a crime, but to permit a barber to do the work was to make the customer and operator offenders.

How To Write Business-Seeking Letters?

Write one and copy the rest on an

EDISON MIMEOGRAPH

—Invented by Thomas A. Edison.

On Exhibition in Section devoted to Typewriters—Near N. E. Corner in Gallery, Manufacturers Building. World's Fair.

It produces any number of copies from a hand- or type-written original at the rate of one thousand per hour. Any one can operate it.

Simple—compact—cleanly—cheap. Send for samples of work and price-list.

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152-154 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

MOB HANGS TRENCK.

MURDERER OF HENRY FAEDLER LYNCHED AT BROWNSTOWN, IND.

They Leave Seymour at Midnight and Mete Out Hempen Justice—Spirit of Vengeance Ruling—Their Action Prompted by the Successful Lynching of John Turley for the Killing of Conductor Lou Price—The Latter's Avengers Make Quick Work at Bedford Jail.

SEYMOUR, Ind., May 16.—[Special.]—Lou Trenck, who murdered Henry Faedler a week ago last Sunday, was hanged at Brownstown at 2 a. m. by a mob from this place. The lynching party was composed of the same men who hanged Turley yesterday morning.

HANGED FOR THE MURDER OF PRICE.

John Turley Swiftly Dealt With by a Mob at Bedford, Ind.

BEDFORD, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—The lifeless body of John Turley, the first and only man ever hanged in Bedford, was left dangling to a tree in front of the county jail this morning by a mob of 100 men who had come from Seymour to deal swift justice to Turley for the murder of Conductor Lou F. Price on an Ohio and Mississippi train a few miles east of Mitchell last Saturday afternoon. It was ten minutes after 2 by the jail clock when Sheriff Holmes was awakened by a knock at the door. In answer to his question, "Who's there?" the leader replied, "A prisoner." There had been several arrests for drunkenness during the night, and the Sheriff says he thought he recognized the voice as that of Night Watchman Harris, and opened the door. No sooner was the door open, however, than he found himself looking into the muzzle of four revolvers. He was forced to give up the key to the cell, and point out the prisoner, who was immediately taken in charge.

Turley is said never to have spoken a word, nor made one plea for mercy when the rope was around his neck. Mrs. Holmes, the Sheriff's wife, overheard a member of the mob tell him that his time had come and if he wanted to pray he would be given a few minutes for that purpose, but he made no answer and was at once strung up. The whole affair was over in less than twenty minutes and by half-past 2 there was not a stranger to be seen on the streets.

At 4:30 a freight train from the south came into town, bringing a number of people from Mitchell. As the engine got in front of the jail and the trainmen saw the lifeless form of Turley dangling in the air a shout went up, the bell was rung, and the whistle gave screech after screech in approval of what had been done, and all trains that have passed since have followed its example.

MITCHELL, Ind., May 15.—[Special.]—The remains of John Turley, who was lynched at Bedford this morning for the murder of Conductor Louis Price at this place last Saturday night, were brought here this afternoon. An immense throng was awaiting their arrival. From here they were taken to River Vale, Turley's home. They will be brought here for interment tomorrow. The mother and sister, who are very highly respected by all who know them, are almost insane over the shock.

LOSSES BY ALLEGED FORGERIES.

Affairs Reaching a Crisis for Herman C. Fechheimer at Detroit, Mich.

DETROIT, Mich., May 15.—[Special.]—The affairs of Herman C. Fechheimer, head of the recently embarrassed wholesale liquor firm of H. C. Fechheimer & Co., are rapidly reaching a crisis. With paper uncovered today the liabilities slightly exceed a quarter of a million of dollars, an unknown quantity of which is forged. Detroit and Cincinnati banks hold it. Thomas Swan had him arrested a few days ago, alleging fraud in some business transactions. Fechheimer was released on $10,000 bail. Today it was discovered that a piece of Fechheimer's paper for $3,000 signed by Joseph Tromistein, of Cincinnati, his father-in-law, was a forgery. Then Mr. Swan declared that his name had been forged to $15,000 worth of notes and tonight the banks, nearly all of whom hold Fechheimer's paper, are trying to find out where they stand. Fechheimer is said to be in Mexico.

Special Orders to Illinois Militia.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 15.—[Special.]—In special orders issued today Adjutant-General Orendorff announces that permission to drill and parade with arms, but without ammunition, until Dec. 31 has been given the Oak Park Boys' Brigade at Oak Park. An election is ordered in Company H, Fourth Infantry, Monday, May 29, for Captain. The election of Edward J. Long as Major of the Fourth Infantry and of George D. Sherwin as First Lieutenant of Company K, Fourth Infantry, is confirmed.

Supt. Foley's Bond Approved.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 15.—[Special.]—The bond of John B. Foley as superintendent of the Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary at Chicago has been approved by the Governor and filed with the State Board of Public Charities. The bond is for $5,000 and the sureties are John B. Foley, John S. Burke, John J. O'Brien, and John J. Brennan.

Danger!

If you have a feeling of oppression and uneasiness a little above the diaphragm and just below the right ribs, aggravated by lying on the right side, look out! As sure as fate your liver is disordered. Perhaps not seriously as yet, but—fatal hepatic abscesses are not uncommon. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the precise remedy to regulate the liver and prevent its congestion and inflammation and to disperse such minor indicia of its derangement as yellowness of the skin and ball of the eye, furred tongue, sourness of the breath, nausea on rising in the morning, dizziness, sick headache, and constipation. By relaxing the bowels painlessly it opens a channel of exit for the superfluous bile, checks a tendency to congestion and engorgement of the liver, at the same time giving a gentle impetus to its secretive action, and affords relief to the stomach, which is usually inactive, out of order, and oppressed with wind when the bowels are costive. Use the Bitters also in fever and ague, rheumatism, and kidney troubles.

A double benefit

Easy to get

Remember the name

As pure as the olive

Physicians use it themselves

It can be seen at the Fair, in Agricultural Building, East end.

Refuse all substitutes

Wholesome Food

Makes a healthy body and a sound mind. How desirable then to use those food products which make healthful food.

Cottolene

Is almost entirely a sweet vegetable oil, the one other ingredient being purified beef suet. What could be more acceptable in the way of a cooking fat for use in all shortening and frying? Physicians of the highest standing use COTTOLENE in their own homes, and recommend its use, and there is ample evidence that it is doing efficient service in behalf of hygiene. Give it a trial. For sale by all grocers.

Beware of imitations.

Manufactured only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., CHICAGO.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO PACIFIC COAST

FOUR TRAINS DAILY

THERE IS HOPE

For every one who has blood trouble, no matter in what shape or how long standing, provided none of the vital organs have been so far impaired as to render a cure impossible. S. S. S. goes to the root of the disease, and removes the cause, by expelling the poison from the body, and at the same time is a tonic to the whole system. However bad your case may be, there is hope

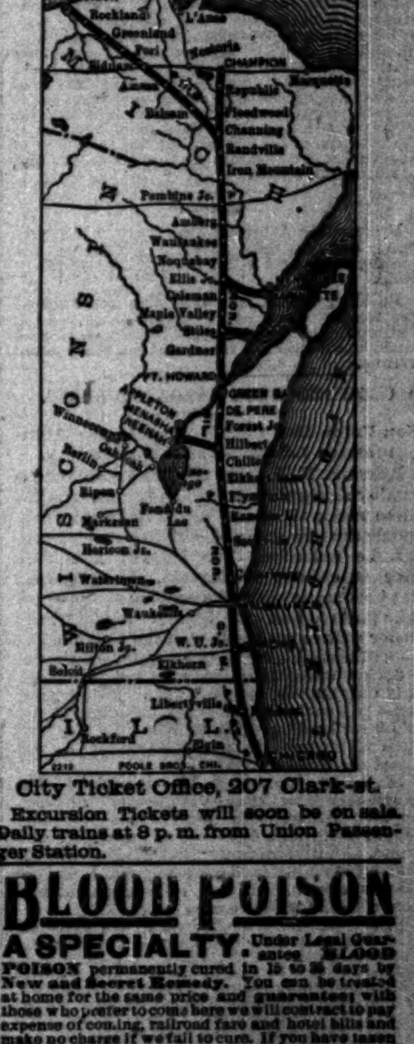
FOR YOU.

S.S.S. Cured me of a most malignant type of chronic blood trouble, for which I had used various other remedies without effect. My weight increased, and my health improved in every way. I consider S. S. S. the best tonic I ever used.

"S. A. WRIGHT, Midway, Ga."

Treatise on blood, skin and contagious blood poison mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR EARLY SUMMER FISHING TAKE THE North Star Route (Mil. & Nor. R.R.) to all points shown on this map



City Ticket Office, 207 Clark-st.

Excursion Tickets will soon be on sale. Daily trains at 8 p. m. from Union Passenger Station.

COMMON SENSE TRUNK

Can be opened while backed to the wall without marring it or tearing carpet and straining yourself pulling trunk forward. The six solid corners protect the lid from being knocked off in rough handling. If your dealer hasn't them write for catalogue FREE.

PALICA TRUNK CO. Racine, Wis. 49-51 Monroe St. Chicago. Opp. Palmer House

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY. Under Legal Guarantee BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days by New and Secret Remedy. You can be treated at home for the same price and guarantee; with those who prefer to come here we will contract to pay expense of coming, railroad fare and hotel bills and make no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind guarantees. Absolute proofs at office or sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., Room 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Van Houton's Cocoa. Highly Digestible and Nutritious. Best and Goes Farthest. The Exquisite Natural Flavor is fully Developed.

No vanilla used to cover inferiority and imperfections.

BISHOP HATS SPRING STYLES.

A. BISHOP & CO., Fashionable Hatters. 156 State-st.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE

NEWSSELLERS should write for rates and terms. Prompt answers to all inquiries.

The "Tribune" is always sent express charges or postage prepaid—by quickest route.

ALWAYS SELLS BEST.

CAN'T HOLD THE LAND.

LINCOLN PARK INVESTIGATORS HEAR EXPERT EVIDENCE.

The Right of the Legislature to Grant Title to Land Covered by Navigable Water Denied—If the Drive Is Built the Government Would Take All Made Ground—Wide Differences of Opinion as to Its Value—Drainage Board Committee Reopens the Canal Route Controversy.

Senator Bartling's Lincoln Park Investigation committee held a session in the Ashland Block yesterday. The principal subjects discussed were the right of the Commissioners to build the Lake Shore drive and the value of the land covered by water to be taken for that purpose. The testimony elicited a wide divergence of opinion as to the value of the land, George H. Rozet, a North Side real estate expert, placing it at $200 a front foot. E. S. Dreyer thought it was worth but $150, while others said $100. Mr. Dreyer was one of the committee who reported to the board upon the proposition of the property-holders, Judge Gary and ex-Judge Lambert Tree being his associates. In Mr. Dreyer's opinion every one was benefited by the surrender of the land to the property-owners.

J. H. Hamline, the attorney, who has had much to do with the litigation between the people and the Illinois Central, and Milford K. Thompson, who has had much experience in submerged land questions, testified to practically the same facts. Mr. Hamline said that if the Legislature had given land covered by navigable water to the Park Board it had done what it had no right to do, as against the United States. In his opinion the Legislature had not done this, as the act seemed to state specifically that the land to be acquired should not be covered by navigable water. While the riparian owners had an inalienable right to the approach to the water by docks or otherwise, they had waived this right by giving the Park Commissioners the privilege of building a driveway. The riparian owners had the right to the land to the water's edge and that made by natural accretions, but they had no right to make an inch. It would be a question for the courts to decide whether or not the Park Commissioners could hold the land made in direct contradiction to law, then sell it and use the proceeds to pay for the drive and for the benefit of the park. He held that if it was found that the made land extended into the navigable water it would all revert to the United States Government and probably in turn to the State of Illinois, which could then dispose of it as it saw fit.

Ex-Commissioner J. F. Worthy said that he had spoken to the Superintendent in regard to alien labor in the park. He also said that the property-owners were receiving about four times the value of the money expended. He denied with some show of indignation that he had ever had any contract with the board.

Foreman L. W. Klett said that there was no alien labor employed at the park to his knowledge. Supt. Pettigrew testified as to the method of auditing bills, and also that the eight-hour matter had been mentioned but never put in practice.

W. H. Young, a restaurantkeeper, said that he had been invited to bid for the refectory privilege and had bid $6,000 for five years. This same concession was let to another person for $1,800.

Clerk Clark said that the horses at the park were kept in Mr. Yerkes' Garfield avenue stables, apparently free of charge. He said that the only privilege he could think of that was given to Mr. Yerkes was the fountain. The committee adjourned to meet Friday.

REOPEN THE CANAL ROUTE FIGHT.

Drainage Commissioners Fail to Agree Upon a Santa Fe Proposal.

The Drainage Board's Committee on Engineering and Finance was unable to agree yesterday upon the route for the main drainage channel between Summit and Bridgeport. The question came up on the proposition of the Santa Fé railroad company for the board to relocate and rebuild the road of that corporation from Chicago to Summit and receive in return the present Santa Fé right of way just north of the Illinois and Michigan Canal. The proposition reopened the question of the advisability of using the canal as any part of the channel and the trustees at once took sides on the matter. Messrs. Kelly, Boldenweck, and Eckart supported the canal, Messrs. Cooley, Russell, and Altpeter opposing any use of the canal. Engineer Williams submitted estimates of the proposed change in the Santa Fé line in relation to the cost of the canal route. According to his figures the canal route would be $500,000 cheaper than any other, but his estimates were not considered conclusive by the members of the committee opposed to this route. His report was hotly discussed, and on a vote the committee stood three for and three against the proposition of the Santa Fé. The trustees will meet today.

To Keep the Streets Clean.

Chief of Police McClaughry yesterday sent to each officer and patrolman on the force a copy of the proclamation in regard to keeping the streets free from litter, which was issued by Mayor Harrison Saturday night, with instructions to rigorously enforce the ordinances contained therein. The Chief also sent out an order in accordance with the open letter of the Mayor to him Saturday night instructing policemen to report all places where the streets are torn up within eight feet of a street railway line. It is the intention of the city authorities to make the street railway companies keep their tracks and the streets in repair.

Notes.

Prosecuting Attorney Asay gave notice yesterday that fines assessed for violations of the gaming ordinances will neither be suspended nor staid.

Building Commissioner Toolen has ordered the tearing down of the buildings situated at Thirty-seventh street and Ellis avenue, Illinois street and Dearborn avenue, and No. 553 Warren avenue.

CROWDED WITH UNLOADED BOATS.

Non-Union Men Cannot Handle the Accumulated Lumber—Labor Conventions.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 15.—As a result of the lumber shovers' strike, which has been on for three weeks, the docks at Buffalo and Tonawanda are now crowded with boats which cannot be unloaded. The force of non-union men is entirely inadequate. An agreement has been made with the unions at the upper lake ports to load no lumber vessels except under written contracts with the Captain that he will allow his craft to be unloaded only at a dock where only union men are employed. Any Captain who refuses to sign this contract must pay each man 75 cents an hour instead of 50 for loading. The unions have signified their willingness to suspend work if it will assist the Buffalo strikers.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 15.—[Special.]—The nineteenth International convention of Journeymen Horseshoers began this morning. Mayor Wilbridge delivered an address of welcome. An invitation to visit Chicago after the convention adjourned was accepted. President Devers announced the following National committees for the coming year:

Executive, Alexander Devers, Rhoda Kenahan, M. J. Danecker, Murray O'Donnell, Joseph Doig; Auditing, David Hailey, Peter McGuire, Joseph Lyons, James O'Donnell, James A. Tracy, James Holland, John J. Reardon; Finance, Thomas J. Griffin, John J. Gleason, Thomas Kalhear; Laws, Oscar O'Neil, O. S. Watson, Charles O'Neil, John J. Kelly, Fred Beasley, and John J. Hassett.

DES MOINES, IA., May 15.—[Special.]—The first meeting of the Iowa State Federation of Labor began here today. Delegates were present from all of the leading towns of the State. W. E. Oblennis was made temporary and afterwards permanent Chairman, and delivered an address of welcome. Mr. Jones of Burlington was elected Secretary. An informal meeting was held this morning at the Trades Assembly Hall, and afterwards a banquet was served at the Aborn House.

Potatoes

Are deliciously prepared by using Borden's Condensed Milk. It is far superior to ordinary milk for cooking purposes. Order our perfectly pure bottled milk. Delivered daily, Sundays excepted, by the Illinois Condensing company. Offices No. 8 Wabash-avenue, and 4255 State street.

I Cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative Nerve Pills sent free with medical book to prove merit, for 2 cent stamp. Druggists, 25 cents. Dr. Shoop, Box 8, Racine, Wis.

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.

Quarter spoonful with hot water makes fine Beef Tea.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.
Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"You claim, with hands as soft and white as those, to be a laundry maid at the World's Fair laundry?"

"O, that's nothing; all the girls have beautiful hands because we won't use anything but

Kirk's American Family Soap

Bright—lovely complexions—smooth, soft hands—fresh, pure, sweet-smelling clothes, all come forth from your laundry if Kirk's Pure American Family Soap is used—ALL SOAP—PURE SOAP—A PERFECT SOAP—No free alkali to burn, no chemicals to rot clothes.

47,000,000 Pounds Sold in 1892.

The more his work soils his hands, the more benefit the laborer derives from Kirk's Dusky Diamond Tar Soap.

We want you

TO UNDERSTAND

That we don't sell ordinary ready-made clothing.

Our made-to-wear (also made-to-fit) garments are as stylishly cut, carefully put together, and properly fitted as any high-priced tailors—Few tailors use such goods as we put into our clothing—Few tailors will fit you as we can.

This is no windy chatter.

We can convince you of the truth of our statements.

We can serve you by mail. Send for our Illustrated Monthly and "How to be well dressed." Costs nothing.

Our "Men's Furnishings" is full of good things for novelty seekers.

BROWNING KING & CO.
CLARK & MADISON STS

Furniture Drapery Lace Curtains.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE IN ALL DETAILS.
Our prices are RELIABLE.
Our goods are RELIABLE.
Our statements are RELIABLE.
We make Furniture, Drapery, and Upholstery from special designs.
Prices the Lowest. Quality the Best.

J. A. COLBY & SONS,
148, 150, 152, and 154 Wabash Avenue.
Factory—85 to 89 Henry-st.

MOTH POWDER KILLS Flies, Fleas, Mosquitoes, Bouches, Moths, etc. Saves Furs and Woolens. Never fails. 50c, $1, & $3 per can. SOLD ONLY BY Buck & Rayner, State & Madison-sts

YOU WILL BE Interested
In the $50 DIAMOND Assortment we offer. 25 CTS. PER DAY.
GEO. E. MARSHALL, Importer,
Columbus Memorial Bldg, 108 State-st.

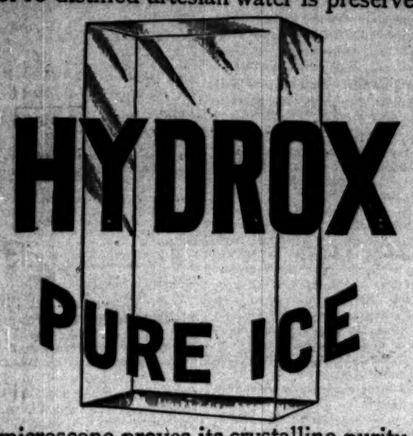
By Pomeroy, Son & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.
TOMORROW, Wednesday, May 17
AT 10 O'CLOCK,
At Our Stores, 80 and 82 Randolph-st.,
WE SELL
200 Bicycles
ALL NEW AND PERFECT.
Cushion and Pneumatic Tires.
We are instructed to sell every wheel at this sale. POMEROY, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

By the WEST SIDE AUCTION HOUSE CO.
209 and 211 West Madison-st.
AUCTION SALE
At Our Rooms
THIS MORNING AT 9:30.
Chamber Sets, Parlor Sets, Folding Beds, Carpets, Oilcloths, Rugs, Lace Curtains, etc.

AMERICAN DESK AND SEATING CO. 270-272 WABASH AVE. CHICAGO, U. S. A.
OFFICE, BANK, SCHOOL, HALL and CHURCH FURNISHINGS.

What the Ice Is

Depends upon what the water was. The absolute purity of re-distilled artesian water is preserved in



—The microscope proves its crystalline purity.

Surface water from the rivers and lake loses none of its vileness when it becomes

Chicago "Natural Ice"

—it's still full of live germs.

Which goes into your water cooler?

Send for Hydrox our booklet on pure water and pure ice—free.

CONSUMERS' PURE ICE CO., 35th and Butler Sts., Chicago.
TELEPHONE SOUTH 620.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

A Card to World's Fair Exhibitors.

The Drapery Department of this house is prepared to undertake the artistic decoration of exhibits and booths.

The work of the department is altogether out of the usual. The aim is to produce effects of the highest order of decorative art—nothing exaggerated, nothing slighted.

The department ranks as the leading one at its kind in the city, carrying the handsomest and best stocks and employing the best artists. Some of the most striking exhibits of the Fair are the results of our efforts.

Designs, complete and in detail, are always ready for immediate execution, or special designs will be made and estimates submitted.

Second Floor,
Wabash Avenue Building.

ORIENTAL ART ROOMS
212 Wabash-av.

Announcement.

The long-looked-for World's Fair season has hardly opened when we find ourselves confronted with circumstances that make it necessary for us to sell out our importations for the entire season and wind up our business in Chicago as soon as possible.

By reason of the ill-health at New York of Mr. Nazar Costikyan, senior member of the firm, who must be relieved of all business cares and depart for Constantinople for his health, we have been forced to take this step and sacrifice the profit of the trade which undoubtedly would have been ours during the great season before us. Having made every preparation for the season, our stock of

Oriental Rugs, Antique Furniture,
Embroideries, Silks,
Art Bric-a-Brac, Clocks, Bronzes, &c., &c.,

Is the choicest and most extensive ever displayed. Every article has been selected by members of the firm personally. All of these will be sold at GREAT REDUCTIONS AT PRIVATE SALE until May 24, and commencing Thursday, May 25, the entire stock will be offered at AUCTION by catalogue. The public is cordially invited.

COSTIKYAN & BEDROSIAN,
LONDON . . . . CONSTANTINOPLE . . . . NEW YORK.
212 WABASH AVENUE.

WASHINGTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
68 RANDOLPH ST.
Chartered by the State of Illinois for the cure of all SPECIAL, NERVOUS, AND CHRONIC DISEASES. Question List and Pamphlet (all languages) free. CONSULTATION FREE. One personal interview solicited. Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12.

L. MANASSE—OPTICIAN.
88 Madison-st., Tribune Bldg.
Optical, Mathematical, and Surveying Inst's, etc. Magic Lanterns. Artificial Human Eyes.
1863. Consult the Old Reliable. 1893.

MOTHS FURS Stored, Insured, and Repaired. Absolute Security. Moderate Charges.
Leave or send order and we will call for goods and deliver policy without delay.
A. BISHOP & CO.,
The Reliable Furriers,
156 STATE STREET.

ACCOUNT BOOKS.
In stock the most extensive line of Commercial Account Books of any house in the country. A Bindery fully equipped with all modern improvements, with facilities to do the largest of work.
THAYER & JACKSON STATIONERY CO.
245 and 247 State-st., near Jackson.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

State and Washington-sts.

Fashionable Fans.

Ostrich Feather—Silk—Gauze—Satin—both plain and decorated—indeed, everything in Dress Fans.

Most Important Sale this Year

Will begin today, of 5,000 Sample Fans, no duplicates,

At Half the Import Price,

Many marked at less than half the cost to import. None worth less than one dollar.

Dress Fans at 50c,
Dress Fans at 75c.
Dress Fans at $1.00.
Dress Fans at $1.25.
Dress Fans at $1.50.
Dress Fans at $2.00.

Displayed in Six Lots.

Also Single Fans, of all classes, up to the finest made, at equally good values.

When Needing Gloves Try Our $1 Foster Lacing.

Cloak Department.

This popular section of our establishment is noted for the high grade of its goods and the artistic excellence of its designs. At the close of a season it frequently offers Ladies' Wraps at a great reduction. But it must be termed

A Rare Chance for Wraps.

When the very latest garments, from the best makers in Europe, in the height of the season, can be had at

A Discount of 25% to 33⅓%.

Ladies' Capes, in cloth, silk, satin, velvet, lace, etc., selling at $15 to $75, now $12 to $50.

Ladies' Jackets, 26 to 40 inches long, selling at $6.50 to $60, now $4.75 to $45.

Equal Bargains in Gloves—Our $1 Foster Lacing.

Lace Department.

Our unsurpassed facilities for procuring Laces direct from the makers in Europe enable us to show them at the earliest possible moment, as well as to sell them at prices equal to wholesale. We make

A Special Display Today

Of the New Laces, the very latest importations. Everything in the line of new effects will be found in liberal profusion on our counters. Among others we mention

Bourdons, in black, cream, and ecru.
Point de Bruges, in white, two tone, and couleur beurre.
Point d'Irelande, in silk and cotton, black and all shades.
Colored Laces, in 10 styles and 19 shades.
Insertings of all Laces are very scare now, but we have them.
Flouncings, 10 to 15 inch, so much in demand at present, are equally scarce elsewhere, but abundant with us.
Every day a special offer in laces is made as a means of popularizing our grade of importations. This has proved our best advertisement.

Today Colored Laces at 10c—

10,000 yards of Cotton Laces, fast colors, suitable for trimming wash dresses. Some could not be duplicated for $1.00 per yard.

Our $1 Foster Lacing Gloves Are Matchless Bargains.

Black Dress Goods.

Special Sale the remainder of this week of the following:

Nun's Serges, all wool, 50-inch, the $1 quality.
German Jacquard Weave, all wool, 50-inch, the $1.25 quality.
All-Wool Cheviot, 50-inch, $1 quality.
Mohair Brilliantine, 50-inch, $1.25 quality.
French Henriettas, all wool, 46-inch, the $1.15 quality.
Persian Cord, 46-inch, $1.25 quality.

All at 68c a yard.

The Best $1 Glove in the City—our Foster L

Pages 9 to 12.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO.

TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1893—TWELVE PAGES.

CARLISLE'S KEEN AX.

TWO REPUBLICAN CHIEFS ARE ASKED TO RESIGN.

Their Places to Be Given to Democrats—Illinoisans Make Application for Office—Collectors Likely to Be Appointed This Week—Earnest Protests Against the Russian Treaty—Curtis Removed Because He Was Pushing Blaine's Reciprocity Schemes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—Business was pretty lively at the Treasury Department today, applications, appointments, and resignations being the features. John T. Mullin of Chicago asked that he might be made a special agent of the department and Joe McCreary of St. Charles made a request for a place as Chief of Division in the same department.

Daniel McConville, who was Sixth Auditor of the Treasury under the previous administration of Cleveland, put his papers on file today for Register of the Treasury in place of Gen. Rosecrans, resigned. Since he lost his other position McConville has not returned to Ohio, but remained in this city at the head of a real estate organization, but he did not relinquish his voting qualifications in the Buckeye State. John Gaynor Jr., another Ohio man from Chillicothe, aspires to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the district in which he resides. M. F. Agerman of Ohio has been appointed Chief of Division in the Sixth Auditor's office and Henry Asseltine of Ashland, Wis., Superintendent of Construction of the public building at that place. J. D. Putnam of River Falls, Wis., who ran for Lieutenant-Governor in 1886, was appointed Captain of the Treasury watch force, vice H. A. Colbaugh of Pennsylvania.

Secretary Carlisle called for the resignation of several bureau officers and chiefs of divisions today, among them being S. G. Brock of Missouri, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics. It was declared that the department did not longer desire a Republican to have access to the figures of a Democratic administration, and consequently his head fell into the basket under the guillotine. Giles W. Smith, an Indiana man, who is chief of a division in the Sixth Auditor's office, was requested to give way in the interest of a Democrat.

Secretary Carlisle went over to the White House this afternoon with a batch of internal revenue papers from Western States. There are about a dozen districts in the West that will be taken up so that the appointments may be made and the new collectors qualify by July 1. All the Illinois districts outside of Chicago are on the list. It is stated that today Secretary Carlisle and the President reviewed the papers in the Springfield District, where there is a three-cornered fight between Owen Scott of Bloomington, Mr. Harrington of Wateska, and Ed Binns of Pike County. An appointment this week is possible. Owen Scott is still confident, but for a man who has a sure thing of it, and came along to look after fourth-class postoffices, he spends a good deal of time at the Treasury Department.

PROTESTS AGAINST THE TREATY,

Poles and Russians Denounce the Convention with the Czar's Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—Mr. George Kennan has sent the following letter to President Cleveland relating to the Russian extradition treaty:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14, 1893.—Mr. President: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith copies of two protests against the recently ratified Russian extradition treaty which have been sent to me by public assemblies or organized associations of Russian and Polish exiles in different parts of Europe. They are primarily intended, as I understand, for the people of the United States, but it seems to me proper that they should be submitted to the people's chief executive officer, and I beg leave therefore to bring them to your attention. I am, with sincere respect, your obedient servant.

GEORGE KENNAN.

FEDERATION OF POLISH IMMIGRANTS IN EUROPE.
GENEVA, Switzerland, April 29, 1893.
George Kennan, Washington, D. C.—Monsieur: We have learned with a deep sense of moral revolt that the United States of America has entered into an agreement with the autocratic government of Russia concerning a treaty of extradition which is to be applicable to all persons accused of participation in plots against the personal safety of the Czar and the members of his family. As exiled citizens of a nation that has been fighting for a century against subjugation to this same archaic despotism, we are fully able to appreciate the danger that such a treaty would be to the cause of liberty and the advantages that it would secure to the Russian Government. We are not pleading our own cause. We are able as forced subjects of a wicked and unscrupulous government to judge as to its political conduct with full knowledge of the case. In a State where arbitrary administration is the rule, where publicity is forbidden, this extradition treaty, if signed, would be equivalent to a sentence, given by a free people to all the exiles, already in danger of a vindictive despotism over which the opinion of the civilized World exercises no control. If our voice reaches the American people we hope it may be heard as a protest in the name of humanity and in the name of menaced liberty against the execution of this skillfully devised plot. In the name of the Polish Federation. S. BALICKI, President.
T. SLONSCZWSKI, Secretary.
Zurich, Switzerland, March 3, 1893.

Citizens of the United States of America: We, Russian subjects of various nationalities, have learned the sorrowful news that the Senate of the United States of America at its session of Feb. 9 voted by a majority of two-thirds in favor of a treaty with the Russian Government providing for the extradition of all persons accused of any part in any attempt upon the life of the Czar and of members of his family by deed or by conspiracy. We feel ourselves bound to appeal to you, citizens of America, to you whose name has become a synonym for liberty. For years the Russian Government has been violent and unjust, but no single reign in Russia has been stirred with so many vile and contemptible acts of autocratic despotism as that of Alexander III. Famine, epidemics, the suppression of schools, ignorance of the masses, and shameless disregarding of all the people's rights—even of their human dignity—these are the fruits of autocracy in our country. Citizens of America, citizens of Franklin and Washington, do you not know what the Russian Government means when it speaks of "political criminals"—do you not know what shameless deception it is willing to practice in order to satisfy its personal vengeance? We are members of a nation which upholds the principles of culture and freedom—in the name of those principles refuse this disgraceful treaty with the Russian Government, the defender of ignorance, license, and slavery. Do not let the end of the nineteenth century witness such an outrage to culture, freedom, humanity, and above all, to America.

The above resolution was adopted on the 30th of March by a meeting of thirty-two Russian subjects, in whose name we sign it.

K. GRONKOFSKY, Chairman.
E. MELCHARSKY, Secretary.

The members of the Polish Society in London and the Russian immigrants of Leeds, signed forward similar protests. The original copy of the Russian treaty addressed to the Secretary of State in Washington by the United States Minister in St. Petersburg is wanting at the date of this report. On April 27 the treaty was sent from St. Petersburg by express, and it was confidently expected in New York Saturday by the mail steamer. It should have reached the State Department early this morning, but it was not delivered.

THE RECIPROCITY PLAN NOT LIKED.

Mr. Curtis Removed for Pushing the Schemes of James G. Blaine.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—"I have returned to Washington," remarked W. L. Curtis, "to transfer the Bureau of the Latin-American Republics to my successor, to which I will hasten back to Chicago. Severing my connection with the bureau at Washington does not imply a surrender of my position at the head of the Columbian Exposition exhibit. After the Exposition closes I shall resume my newspaper work, from which I was called by the unanimous expression of the Pan-American Congress in 1890. I do not question the right of the Secretary of State to remove me for I am not in accord with the policy of the administration, and because I was a friend of James G. Blaine, whose idea of reciprocity with the South American Republics does not find favor with the new regime, and at the first intimation that my position was wanted for a Democrat I tendered my resignation. It has been my aim to build up the bureau and I contemplated making future improvements, but of course this all goes for naught."

It is understood that the successor of Mr. Curtis will be in the nature of a personal appointment by Secretary Gresham. The President told some people today who were urging a particular candidate that the Secretary of State had somebody in mind and his wishes would be respected. The friends of Clinton Furbish of Chicago were also given to understand that he would not be appointed.

AFRAID TO OUST POSTMASTERS.

Cogent Reasons That Restrain the Eager Ax of Headsman Maxwell.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—A novel reason is advanced for the slowness of the removal of fourth-class Postmasters in certain States. There are two thousand fourth-class Postmasters in New York State of whom more than one thousand are Republicans. It is contended that so long as they are kept in office they will refrain from active political work, the dollar in the hand being better than promised promotion in the bush. Next fall there will be a heated political contest for the Governorship and the State Legislature. This number of trained political workers turned loose in a campaign scattered over every nook and corner of the Commonwealth, desperately bent upon defeating a party which deprived them of jobs, smarting under recent ejection and buttonholing every voter at every chance, might prove an awkward factor in the general result. It is held that it would be much better for the Democracy of New York to allow them to draw money a few months longer. It is said also that a similar condition of affairs exists in several of the other States and that in such cases there will be but little disturbance of the fourth-classes until next December.

NEW FOURTH-CLASS POSTMASTERS.

Several Democratic Workers Throughout the West Receive Their Rewards.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—Fourth-class Postmasters were commissioned today at the following Western points:

Iowa—Bondurant, Frank McClaag; Coppeck, S. M. Turner; Dover Mills, George Besale; Eureka, R. W. Hathaway; Rodman, E. K. Shriner; Tainton, A. B. Hull. Illinois—Baldwin, W. B. Preston; Fairman, E. W. Martin; Lana, John Simpson; Miley, M. Duncan; Pleasant Mill, J. R. Collard; Vernon, S. S. Betts. Indiana—Blue Lick, George Bollinger; Iona, J. R. Fouts; Marta, J. W. Sutton; New Maysville, L. T. Buchanan. Michigan—Brinton, G. H. Allen; Eastless, D. F. O'Donnell; Elwell, Emily H. Phelps; Erie, E. W. Hilton; Harrison, A. R. Canfield; Mears, F. A. Waterman; Siebale, Peter Cunningham; Stetson, A. J. Falles; Thornton, W. B. Mallory. Ohio—Grant, P. W. Brightenback; South Eaton, Edwin Fitch; Quaker City, A. H. Hamilton.

VARIOUS NOTES FROM WASHINGTON.

Mr. Cleveland Cannot Attend the G. A. R. Memorial Day Exercises.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—Mr. M. M. Husted, Assistant Adjutant-General, Department of the Potomac, G. A. R., has received a letter from Mr. Thurber, the President's private secretary, responding to an invitation to be present at the Memorial day exercises at Arlington. Mr. Thurber writes that the President directs him to say "that it would give him pleasure to be with you on that occasion, to emphasize by his presence his appreciation of the noble purpose and sacrifice which the day commemorates. While the pressure of public business may preclude the pleasure of his acceptance of your invitation, the day will none the less recall to mind the memory of the noble dead, whose blood will sanctify patriotism for coming generations."

Important Ruling for the West.

The Supreme Court today laid down a construction of law of importance to the West, which was in effect that appeals will be from territorial courts to the United States Supreme Court in cases not specially excepted by the fourth and sixth sections of the act creating the Circuit Court of Appeals.

Murphy for Public Printer.

A confident candidate for the office of Public Printer is Mr. John P. Murphy of Knoxville, Tenn, who is a member of the Tennessee Legislature. The term of Public Printer Palmer ended Saturday last, and the President recently nominated to a Congressional caller that he intended to consider the papers on file at once.

Capital Briefs.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland have moved out to their country house. Members of the family are looking forward to an interesting event, to occur, it is stated, in July. The expected event explains why Mrs. President and Mrs. Cleveland have been somewhat anxious to get into their own country home for the summer.

It has developed that when the next Congress assembles a desperate effort to defeat Doorkeeper Turner will be made. The opposition to him comes from his own State of New York. Tammany, for some reason unexplained, has shown dissatisfaction at his manner of conducting the office.

Capt. Higginson has been removed from the command of the United States steamer Atlanta for dilatoriness in sailing for Greytown, Nicaragua, and has been ordered home. Capt. Bartlett succeeds him.

AGAINST CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK.

Judge Johnson at Milwaukee Decides in Favor of McGeoch and Wells.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 15.—[Special.]—Judge Johnson, in the Circuit Court today, decided the case of the Continental National Bank of Chicago against Peter McGeoch and Daniel Wells Jr. confirming the verdict of the jury and finding for the defendants. In this case the bank sought to recover $25,000 alleged to be due on notes of the defendants. One defense made was that the money had been advanced by the bank for an unlawful purpose. Judge Johnson held that this point had not been established. Besides, he did not favor a defense based on the defendant's wrongdoing.

At today's session of the Ministers' Association a committee, consisting of Dr. Ide, Dr. Parkhurst, and the Rev. M. B. Ryan, was appointed to report on a proposition made by Prof. Williams of Madison for the holding of a Bible institute at Milwaukee, to be conducted by President Harper of the University of Chicago and Prof. Weidner of the Lutheran Theological Seminary. It is proposed to hold a similar institute at Madison.

Diedrich Winner, a night watchman at the new distillery near South Milwaukee, accidentally shot and killed himself while cleaning his revolver today. Winner was 55 years of age and a brother of Gerhard Winner, a Milwaukee distiller.

TRIED TO ROB SENATOR QUAY'S BANK

Burglars Use Dynamite Without Success at Beaver, Pa.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 15.—An attempt was made by burglars at 4 o'clock yesterday morning to blow open the safe of the Beaver Deposit Bank at Beaver, Pa., with dynamite. The robbers succeeded in forcing open the outer safe, but the inner one, containing over $20,000 in cash and securities, withstood the shock. The explosion aroused the town and the thieves fled with about $200 in silver, which had been left in the outside safe. The bank is known as "Senator Quay's Bank."

NINE LEFT ON THE FIELD FOR DEAD.

Hungarian Coke Makers Have a Desperate Encounter with Constables.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., May 15.—A pitched battle took place at W. J. Rainey's coke works at Dawson yesterday between about 100 drunken Hungarians and the borough constable and fourteen deputy officers who attempted to arrest them. Nine of the Hungarians were beaten into unconsciousness and left on the field for dead, while Deputies Vincent Gallatin, John Beatty, William Roach, and Harry Raymond were seriously and perhaps fatally hurt. A posse of forty men has been organized to make arrests.

Steamer Aground Bound for Montreal.

MONTREAL, Que., May 15.—[Special.]—The Hamburg American Packet company's steamship Wandraham, from Antwerp for Montreal, went ashore at Apple Island, 130 miles below Quebec, about noon today during a fog. Besides a general cargo the Wandraham has 666 steerage passengers from different points in Europe, most of whom are for the Western States. Wrecking steamer Lord Stanley and the steamer Alert were sent from Quebec tonight to the ship's assistance.

Iowa Supreme Court.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 15.—[Special.]—The following cases were disposed of in the Supreme Court today:

J. Painter against E. Gibson et al., appellants, Polk District, affirmed.

Thomas F. Davis, appellant, against T. J. Miller, Jones District, affirmed.

State of Iowa, appellant, against Charles Harper, Mahaska District A. A. Dewey, reversed.

James M. Robb, administrator, appellant, against Archie Douglass, Monroe District, affirmed.

S. J. Smith, guardian, appellant, against N. M. King, executor, etc., Madison District, affirmed.

State against Thomas Debord, appellant, Union District, affirmed.

State against Duncan Black, appellant, Webster District, affirmed.

M. D. Grier against J. K. Johnson, affirmed.

J. R. Vanmeter, appellant, against the Chicago and Vanmeter Coal and Iron company et al., Dallas District, affirmed.

GOES TO A RECEIVER.

JUDGE STEIN ORDERS ALD. MARTIN'S PROPERTY TRANSFERRED.

He Takes This Action to Satisfy a Judgment of $25,000 Obtained by Judge Horton on a Liquidating Bond Because Martin Failed to Erect a House for His Honor—The Court Direction Given to Prevent Resistance to Settlement of the Finding.

Judge Stein entered an order yesterday directing the Master in Chancery to transfer the property of Ald. Martin to a receiver so as to satisfy a judgment of $25,000 obtained against him by Judge Horton. Martin contracted with Judge Horton to erect a house on his property, and on his failure to do so this judgment was obtained on a liquidating bond. This order was entered by the court to prevent resistance to the satisfaction of the judgment.

The May Grand Jury.

The May grand jury was impaneled yesterday morning. The jury was charged by Judge Windes, who read to it the law governing the duties of grand jurors. In addressing the jury he laid great stress on the necessity of keeping secret the actions of that body in disposing of cases. Following are the jurors: Benjamin Fly Jr., foreman, No. 1166 Congress street; John T. Hawkins, No. 1159 West Harrison street; Bart Baldwin, No. 651 West Twenty-first street; Richard Jones, No. 258 South Center avenue; John Meyers, No. 44 Twenty-second street; W. H. Hafener Jr., No. 2427 Wabash avenue; Frank Soffel of Maywood; William Kolze of Manheim; Fred Gebhardt, No. 55 North Clark street; Charles R. Canney, No. 191 Twenty-fourth street; Charles Upton, No. 1182 Congress street; C. Busse of Arlington Heights; Smith Collins, No. 4702 St. Lawrence avenue; Henry Schierding of Palatine; Thomas Cline, No. 182 Huron street; James Joslik, No. 445 Deesplaines street; John Hannon, No. 78 North Clark street; Alonzo Ransdell, No. 1223 West Harrison street; David Mullen, No. 489 Twenty-sixth street; Albert Mesenbrink of Proviso; James Chisholm, Joseph Dillabaugh, and James McLennan.

A Question of Practice.

A peculiar question of practice came up for decision before a jury in Judge Adams' court yesterday. In the case of W. W. Huntington against William G. Metzger, president of the Metzger Linseed Oil company, the plaintiff recovered a judgment in the Indiana court for $26,000 and the case is now before the supreme court of that State awaiting decision. Suit was brought in this court in relation to the former judgment. The defendant entered a plea in abatement, claiming that he had not been properly served to appear in the case. On the other hand the plaintiff averred that a deputy sheriff had visited Metzger's office and served a summons on a man who claimed to have been the defendant, but who was afterwards discovered to have been an employé. The defendant was in his office, however, at the time the Sheriff read the summons. The plaintiff held this to be good service, and the jury concurred in the opinion, bringing in a verdict against the defendant.

Court Notes.

In Judge Grosscup's court yesterday the motion to take the case of Hoda Praxton against the Union Steamboat company from the jury was sustained, and the examination of the witnesses for the defense was continued. The case will be continued today.

Judge Baker yesterday entered an order discharging the Globe Savings Bank as garnishee in a garnishment suits brought against the Woodbine Savings Bank of Woodbine, Harrison Co., Ia. The order was entered after the garnishee had the court $1,512 covering the total amount for which the suits were brought.

The Mercantile Steam Laundry company was made a defendant in a damage suit for $10,000 filed in the Superior Court yesterday. The garnishee in Mary Flaherty, while in the employ of the company, lost two fingers in operating a laundry machine, and it is brought suit claiming that the laundry company was responsible for her injuries.

There will be six Federal Judges at work in the United States courts today. This is an unusual number at this time of the year, but it is the accumulations in the Federal Building. Judge Bunn, who commences the hearing of chancery suits today, will have to use one of the courtrooms occupied by Judge Jenkins' chambers for a court-room. The number of cases on the various dockets is large, and in view of the criminal docket the Grand Jury will follow the sitting of the Federal grand jury in June and the vacation season more remote, there is a desire for quick disposition of business. The recent changes in the Federal bench of this circuit has also caused an accumulation of cases for disposition. Judges Woods, Jenkins, and Baker will sit in the Court of Appeals. Judges Grosscup and Seaman will continue work on the law calendar, and Judge Bunn will sit in chancery proceedings.

THE COURT RECORD.

United States Circuit Court—New Suit.

22,876—L. F. Truman vs. Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Co. Case, $50,000. Smith, Muhlke & Murdock, attys.

Superior Court—New Suits.

148,146—Sadie Curl vs. William Curl. Bill for div. C. F. Adams, solr.

148,147—Jonathan T. Williams vs. James R. Cormack. Asst., $1,000. John C. Henderson, atty.

148,148—The Lesh & Matthews Lumber Co. vs. The Cairo Lumber Co. Attch., $176.13. Malcolm Dale Owen, atty.

148,149—Mutual Building and Loan Assn. vs. William H. Parker et al. Bill to foreclose mortgage $6,000. M. L. Rattree, solr.

148,150—Mattie Swearingen vs. John Swearingen. Bill for div. William H. Clancy, solr.

148,151—Kate Kuszynski vs. William Milan. Case, $5,000. Mag. L. Kasmar, atty.

148,152—Willis S. Boughton vs. Frederick Kayser and Charles Bourke. Conf. judgt., $145. Newton Wyeth, atty.

148,153—William D. Bowley vs. P. P. Newberg. Conf. judgt., $292.50. M. L. Thackaberry, atty.

148,154—Mary Flaherty, by her next friend, Amelia Kunz, vs. The Mercantile Steam Laundry Co. Case, $10,000. Case, Hogan & Case, attys.

148,155—William Morton Payne vs. Nellie S. Lambert et al. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $1,500. Albion C. Cate, solr.

148,156—William Vosper vs. Smith Corrugating Co. Case, $1,000. S. S. Rosenberg, atty.

148,157—Northwestern Brewing Co. vs. Frank D. Wulff. Asst. Lackner & Butz, attys.

148,158—Lorinda Thompson vs. Eugene C. Thompson. Bill for div. M. J. English, atty.

148,159—Garn. Sup.

148,160—Bill. Sup.

148,161—John Jorges vs. Maggie Jorges. Bill for div. Alexander Brodie Stone, solr.

148,162—Emma Schindelmeier vs. John H. Schondelhelmer. Bill for div. J. J. Hubbard, solr.

148,163—Cora H. Hemer vs. Martin S. Hemer. Bill for div. Elisha Whitlesey, solr.

148,164—Attch. Sup.

148,165—Patrick Sullivan vs. Jane Barton. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $4,000. Alexander T. Collins, solr.

148,166—Agnes M. Mueller vs. John F. Mueller. Bill for div. Brandt & Brandt, solrs.

148,167—The Gutschall Jewelry Co. vs. George Greubler. Asst., $800. Paden & Gridley, attys.

148,168—Adkins & Chapin Supply Co. vs. Henry C. Sohns; cont. judgt., $238.13. Weigley, Bulkeley & Gray, attys.

148,170—T. A. Sprague vs. S. T. Clarke et al. Bill to foreclose chattel mortgage, $2,000. Adelon J. Petit, solr.

148,171—Benjamin Keys vs. T. W. Castleman et al. Attch., $160.56. George W. Jones, atty.

148,172—Julius Heavenrick et al. vs. Leon Schloss. Asst., $1,000. Moses, Pam & Kennedy, attys.

148,173—Peck Bros. & Co. vs. A. M. Whipple. Asst., $1,000. O'Donnell & Coghlan, attys.

148,174—The Chicago Permanent Building and Loan Assn. vs. Ernestine A. Minnick et al. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $800. Freeman & Walker, solrs.

148,175—The Safety Loan and Building Assn. of Chicago vs. David A. Mosher et al. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $2,100. Freeman & Walker, solrs.

148,176—The Chicago Permanent Building and Loan Assn. vs. Sophia Nelson et al. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $1,000. Freeman & Walker, solrs.

148,177—Chicago Permanent Building and Loan Assn. vs. Marcus Gretwick et al. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $900. Freeman & Walker, solrs.

148,178—Chicago Permanent Building and Loan Assn. vs. Emma S. Spaeth et al. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $800. Freeman & Walker, solrs.

148,179—Chicago Permanent Building and Loan Assn. vs. Emma Winnick. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $800. Freeman & Walker, solrs.

148,180—Emma J. Stanton vs. George A. Stanton. Bill for div. George B. Holmes, solr.

148,181—Adolph Bietje vs. Joseph H. Butledge. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $1,500. J. H. Hopkins, solr.

148,182—Catherine Hill vs. Adam Killys. Bill to foreclose trust deed, $750. Frenzel & Hill, solrs.

148,183—Henry W. Cohen vs. Taube Cohen. Bill to annul marriage.

148,184—Josephine Hafkey vs. Frederick Hafkey. Bill for div. Burke, Hollett & Tinsman, solrs.

Circuit Court—New Suits.

115,372—C. E. Phelps, for the use of, etc., Jacob Fry vs. Hezekiah Watson and the Parkside Loan and Savings Co. Appeal.

115,373—Joseph Grobner vs. E. L. Yarlott. Appl.

115,374—Jacob Clemens vs. Douglass B. Waite and Abram C. Devitt. Case, $2,000. Merriam & Bauer, attys.

115,375—Hans Creven vs. G. A. Fleischer & Co. Asst., $1,000. Sydney Stein, atty.

115,376—George D. Barrett vs. Henry Fowler. Conf. judgt., $693. A. A. Sprague, atty.

115,377—Second National Bank of Pittsburg, Pa., vs. The Clark Paper Co. Conf. judgt., $89,250. Gardner & McFadon, attys.

115,378—Eliza C. Godfrey vs. The Godfrey & Clark Paper Co. Conf. judgt., $4,357. Gardner & McFadon, attys.

115,379—Bill. Sup.

115,380—Matthew Mankowski vs. Joseph Ostrowski. Appl.

115,381—Steve Stindl vs. The Illinois Central Railway Co. Case, $10,000. William H. Hill, atty.

115,382—Henry P. Love vs. Percy C. Hamilton. Bill for receiver. J. D. Howard, solr.

115,383—E. J. Cleveland for use of Jacob B. Julian et al. vs. Union Livery Co. Appl.

115,384—Ella Ford Miller vs. John A. C. Miller. Bill for div. Willard Gentleman, solr.

115,385—Nellie C. Lapham vs. L. L. Ferris & Co. Case, $2,325. Joseph T. Offutt, atty.

115,386—Albert H. Russell vs. L. J. Strauss et al. Case, $10,000. Weaver & Haines, attys.

115,387—Thermo Tech vs. Christian Tech. Bill for div. M. B. Harris, solr.

115,388—J. B. Simpson vs. John M. Dunphy. Asst., $600. Hamlin, Holland & Bryden, attys.

115,389—The Patek Decorating Co. vs. W. S. Erfelt. Appl.

115,390—Catherine Ambrust vs. Frederick M. Smith. Case, $5,000. W. A. Shonfeld, atty.

115,391—Sender E. Brown and Hanna Brown for use of George D. Ramsey vs. Thomas J. Devine. Garn., $129.10. Walter M. Howland, atty.

115,392—Northwestern Brewing Co. vs. Frank D. Wulff. Conf. of judgt., $143.08. Lackner & Butz, attys.

115,393—Michigan Knitting Co. vs. Henry H. Decker. Asst., $500. L. Porris, atty.

115,394—Wanda Gzybowska vs. Vincent Budzik. Appl.

115,395—L. K. Scofield vs. Ira M. Alvord. C onf. of judgt., $620. George C. Fry, atty.

115,396—Joseph Wallntznowicz vs. Joseph Wishtort. Appeal.

115,397—Harland Brick Co. vs. Robert E. Puster et al. Petn. for mechanic's lien, $1,500. Monroe & McShane, solrs.

115,398—W. A. Shaner for the use of Anton Holpuch vs. Bogue & Co. and Harry W. Christian. Garn., $71.06. Cross & Freiderich, attys.

115,399—Daniel H. Tolman vs. The Cairo Lumber Co. and Henry Wells. Conf. judgt., $18,000. John G. Henderson, atty.

115,400—Ida Zeigler vs. W. C. Borger. Case, E. $25,000. E. J. Walsh, atty.

115,401—Hanna Burke vs. Thomas Murray. Conf. judgt., $445. John W. McCarthy, atty.

115,402—Carl Richter vs. Hardin B. Brayton. Case, $5,000. C. M. Hardy, atty.

115,403—International Temple of Music vs. Louise Nicholson. Asst., $750. James Fanning Lathrop, atty.

115,404—Same vs. Same. Debt, $5,000. Same atty.

Withheld Suits—Circuit Court.

115,300—Henry R. Worthington vs. Sioux City Engine Works. Attch., $902.56. Tenney, Church & Coffeen, attys.

115,356—Charles B. Glass vs. Anastasia Manning. Bill for Mechanic's Lien, $75. C. S. McNett, solr.

County Court—New Suits.

10,759—George N. Lyman vs. The Dime National Bldg. and Loan Assn. Appeal.

10,760—H. J. Kimmey vs. Elizabeth Casey. Appeal.

10,761—People vs James Morrison. Petn. for support.

Judgments.

JUDGE HUTCHINSON—11,737—C., R. I. & P. Ry. Co.; on dedt., $2,012.50.

JUDGE CLIFFORD—8,538—Helmer vs. Cliff; on fdg., $7,500.—3,494—Harding vs. Trask; on ver., $1,568.55. —11,117—McCarthy vs. C. R. M. C. S. Co.; on ver., $4,000.

JUDGE BAKER—15,090—Masson vs. Schumacher; defts., $331.10.

JUDGE DUNNE—81,808—Krausliich vs. Heinz; on ver., $356.67.—9,340—Whitney vs. C. D. O. Ass'n; on ver., $1,065.—112,119—W. M'f'g Co. vs. Little; on ver., $908.32.—110,749—Knuth vs. W. B. F. Co.; on ver., $345.

Decrees.

JUDGE STEIN—1,769—U. S. L. and B. Co. vs. Nelson; dec. of sale.—4,742—Jennison vs. Weber; same.—9,689 Kucharsky vs. Kucharsky; dec.

JUDGE COLLINS—4,129—Kean vs. Matthews; dec. of sale.

Today's Call.

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS. No. 108.

JUDGE BUNN—Contested motions and chancery cases.

JUDGE GROSSCUP—No. 497 on trial.

JUDGE SEAMAN—No. 1,450 on trial.

JUDGE STEIN—Nos. 19, 25, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40 from Judge Ewing's calendar.

JUDGE BENSTANO—No. 60 on trial.

JUDGE HUTCHINSON—No call. No. 143,864 on hearing.

JUDGE GOGGIN—Nos. 3,256, 3,250, 3,357, 3,360, 3,361, 3,362, 3,365, 3,367, and 3,255 on hearing.

JUDGE TULEY—No. 15. No. 710 on hearing.

JUDGE COLLINS—Nos. 73, 74, 75, 77, and 60.

JUDGE HORTON—Criminal Court.

JUDGE TUTHILL—Nos. 3,163, 3,180, 3,193, 3,242, 3,258, 3,315, 2,634, 1,402, and 3,318.

JUDGE CLIFFORD—Nos. 4,128, 4,318, 3,517, 2,758, 4,015, 95,665, 1,187, 4,600, 4,325, and 4,345.

JUDGE BAKER—Nos. 5,024, 5,182, 437, and 614.

JUDGE MCCONNELL—Nos. 3,909, 3,944, 3,952, 3,973, 3,971, 3,956, 3,969, 3,703, 4,068, 4,000, and 4,067.

JUDGE DUNNE—Nos. 4,439, 4,984, 4,988, 4,989, 5,026, 5,044, 5,055, 5,063, 5,116, 5,118, 5,129. No. 4,769 on hg.

JUDGE SHEPARD—Trial calls.

JUDGE SCALES—Cicero st. 363 at 10 a.m. No. 10, 717 on hg.

JUDGE KOHLSAAT—General business.

Criminal Court.

JUDGE EWING—Branch 1—2,455, 2,456, 2,461, 2,471, 2,482, 2,538, 2,548, 2,556, 2,563, 2,567, 2,571, 2,573, 2,582, 2,580, 2,584, 2,608, and 2,609.

JUDGE WINDES—Branch 2—Nos. 1,450, 2,462, 2,466, 2,468, 2478, and 2,484.

JUDGE HORTON—Branch 3—Nos. 2,165, 2,166, 2,167, 2,168, 2,169, 2,170, 2,197, 2,198, 2,199, 2,140, 2,467, 2,470, 2,574, 2,575, 2,618, 2,619, 2,620, 2,487, 2,488, 2,526, 2,555, and 2,587.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Opinions and Orders Made by the Highest Tribunal of the Country.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—[Special.]—The Supreme Court of the United States today transacted the following business:

George P. Montague of Vallejo, Cal., John M. Gartside of Chicago, and Frank Pixley of San Francisco, Cal., Russell W. Montague of White Sulphur Springs, W. J. Ernest W. Bradford of Indianapolis, Ind., and John M. Shoemaker of Sioux City, Ia., were admitted to practice.

John Cadwallader, collector, etc., plaintiff in error, vs. John Sherman et al. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. Judgment affirmed with costs and interest. Opinion by Justice Shiras.

James H. Walker & Co., plaintiff in error, vs. Anthony F. Seeberger, Collector, etc. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois. Judgment reversed, with costs and cause remanded with directions to award a new trial. Opinion by Justice Shiras.

Sallie D. Hartranft, executrix, etc., plaintiff in error, vs. Meyer & Dickinson. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. Judgment affirmed, with costs and interest. Opinion by Justice Shiras. Dissenting, Justice Brewer and Justice Brown.

Joseph Desha Pickett et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. George Foster et al. Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Louisiana. Decree affirmed with costs. Opinion by Justice Shiras.

The Union Pacific railway company, plaintiff in error, vs. Henry Goodridge et al. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Colorado. Judgment affirmed with costs and interest. Opinion by Justice Brown.

Elizabeth B. McComb, executrix, etc., appellants, vs. George A. Frink et al. administrator, etc. And George A. Frink et al. administrator, etc., appellants, vs. Elizabeth B. McComb, executrix, etc. Appeals from the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Delaware. Decree affirmed, the costs in this court to be equally divided between the parties. Opinion by Justice Brewer.

The City of Cairo, plaintiff in error, vs. Joseph Zane. Leave granted counsel to file briefs on or before the first day of next term on the question whether the coupons sued on bear interest or not. Opinion by Justice Brewer.

The City of St. Louis, plaintiff in error, vs. The Western Union Telegraph company. Petition for rehearing denied by Justice Brewer and Justice Brown.

Henry H. Porter et al., appellants, vs. Dwight M. Sabin et al. Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Iowa. Decree affirmed with costs. Opinion by Justice Gray.

Nicholas S. Hill, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Maryland. Judgment reversed and cause remanded with the directions to dismiss for want of jurisdiction. Opinion by Justice Gray. Dissenting Justice Shiras.

1,345—Fong Yue Ting, appellant, vs. The United States et al. vs. Wong Quan Ah Quan, appellant, vs. The United States et al.; and 1,347—Lee Joe, appellant, vs. The United States et al. Appeals from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York. Decrees affirmed. Opinion by Justice Gray. Dissenting Justice Brewer, Justice Field, and Chief Justice Fuller.

259—W. B. Carr, plaintiff in error, vs. John Quigley. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of California. Judgment reversed with costs and cause remanded for further proceedings to be had therein in accordance with the opinion of this court. Opinion by Justice Field.

1,187—George E. Shute, Sheriff, etc., et al., appellants, vs. William Keyser. Appeal from the Supreme Court of the Territory of Arizona. Motion to dismiss denied. Opinion by Chief Justice Fuller.

259—Henry Curtner et al., appellants, vs. the United States. Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of California. Decree reversed and cause remanded with a direction to dismiss the bill. Opinion by Chief Justice Fuller.

1,839—John McNulty, plaintiff in error, vs. The People of the State of California. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of California. Dismissed for the want of jurisdiction. Opinion by Chief Justice Fuller.

1,816—F. O. Vincent, plaintiff in error, vs. the People of the State of California. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of California. Dismissed for the want of jurisdiction. Opinion by Chief Justice Fuller.

The Chief Justice announced the following orders of the court:

The Sawyer-Mann Electric company, appellant, vs. The Edison Electric Light company et al. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit denied.

Order: It is ordered that Equity Rule 67, as promulgated May 2, 1892, be and it is hereby amended by adding the following: "Upon due notice given, as prescribed by previous order, the court may at its discretion permit the whole or any specific part of the evidence to be adduced orally in open court on final hearing."

John C. Johnston, appellant, vs. The Standard Mining company et al. Leave is granted, plaintiff in error, vs. Joseph Zane. It is ordered by the court that the mandates in these cases be withheld until the further order of the court.

John M. Stewart, administrator, etc., plaintiff in error, vs. Harry Gassert et al. Leave to file petition for rehearing and the mandate be stayed for thirty days granted on motion of F. M. Cockrell in behalf of counsel.

6, Original—The State of Maryland, complainant, vs. The State of West Virginia. Time to file cross-Bill and answer extended as per stipulation on motion of A. H. Garland in behalf of counsel.

8, Original—The State of Virginia, complainant, vs. The State of Tennessee. Motion to restore boundary marks and to allow complainant to take additional evidence submitted by R. Taylor Scott in support of motion and by C. J. St. John in opposition thereto. Motion to amend decree as to costs per stipulation granted.

Michael Moran et al., plaintiff in error, vs. Frank D. Sturges, receiver, etc. Motion of R. D. Bennedict to advance decided without prejudice to its renewal at the next term.

John McNulty, plaintiff in error, vs. The People of the State of California. Motion to make petition be staid for ten days on motion of Carroll Cook for the plaintiff in error.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Alfred M. Hoyt et al., etc. Motion by John W. Showalter for leave to file mandate to modify judgment herein and for stay of mandate denied.

Franklin Farrel, plaintiff in error, vs. The National Shoe and Leather Bank of New York City. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Connecticut. Dismissed per stipulations.

Oscar Ulrich,

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., MAY 15.—[SPECIAL.]—The following corporations were today licensed by the Secretary of State:

Higgins Gravity Motor and Power company, at Chicago; capital stock, $1,000,000; to own, control, manufacture, and use Higgins' Gravity Motor Machine; incorporators, George C. Higgins, S. L. Smith, and J. J. Squier.

Dr. Cook Guarantee company, at Chicago; capital stock, $500,000; for the cure of diseases; incorporators, G. H. Wood, N. N. Wood, and C. S. Wood.

Farmers' and Manufacturing Commercial League, at Chicago; capital stock, $200,000; for a general mercantile and commission business; incorporators, J. C. Lemasters, J. C. F. Collins, and W. J. Alden.

The Joliet Brewing company, at Joliet; capital stock, $150,000; for the manufacture of spirituous, vinous, and malt liquors; incorporators, James Harris, Jonas Kupn, and Robert Alexander.

The Missouri Gas Cooking, Heating, and Lighting Apparatus, at East St. Louis; capital stock, $10,000; for manufacturing; incorporators, F. Loehr, Ephraim Stannus, and Samuel McKinley.

The Boss Manufacturing company, at Kewanee; capital stock, $50,000; for the manufacture of agricultural implements and farmers' supplies; incorporators, Hiram T. Lay, William H. Lyman, Henry T. Terry, and C. C. Wilson.

The Eureka Casualty company, at Chicago; capital stock, $50,000; for making collections, furnishing credit reports, and collecting evidence for attorneys; incorporators, Alfred Moore, A. C. Quick, and J. M. Quick.

The Canadian World's Fair Tourists' company, at Chicago; capital stock, $16,000; to furnish board and rooms; incorporators, Napoleon Picard, Arthur Picard, and B. N. Anderson.

The Great Northern Publishing company, at Chicago; capital stock, $5,000; for publishing and printing; incorporators, William H. Cooley, Charles B. Stafford, and O. K. Kisher.

The Illinois Screen Company, at Chicago; capital stock, $5,000; for the manufacture of window and door screens; incorporators, Glenwood Preble, Edmund A. Allen, and Arthur H. Whitley.

The R. W. Sears Watch Company, at Chicago; capital stock, $1,000; for manufacturing and repairing; incorporators, Charles Lee, George W. Elder, and Bernhard Schmitz.

The Circuit club, at Chicago; without capital stock; for social purposes; incorporators, Harry B. Trimble, Frank O. Stanley, George H. Sterling, John Erich, and John McCabe.

The Harmond Beef Company, at Chicago, certified to the increase of its capital stock from $10,000 to $24,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

THE FOLLOWING TRANSFERS OF CITY PROPerty for $1,000 and upwards were filed for record Monday, May 15, 1893:

12th-st., bet 42d and Maryland-av., n f, agg 98 x142, with 2 other lots in same sub, April 26 (E. L. Hance to J. W. Broadhead)....$ 3,700
Vincennes-av., 49⅓ n of 73d-st., e f, 50x123¾, March 31 (M. Radetzky to C. J. Miller)....2,500
Fulton-st., 31 w of Albany-av., n f, 24x137, May 10 (O. de St. Aubien to E. de St. Aubien)....5,500
Fremont-st., 316 n of Willow, e f, 24x125, May 13 (J. Taroba to P. Taroba)....5,000
Washington-blvd., 214¾ w of Sacramento-av., n f, 25x125, May 4 (H. Strobridge to W. W. La Farce)....4,750
Nora-st., 225 s of Hirsch, e f, 25x125¾, May 11 (E. A. Shedd to H. M. Gronwold)....1,200
State-st., 75 s of 25th, w f, 25x95, Feb. 7 (M. Greger to M. D. Flavin et al.)....8,000
W. Lake-st., 175 e of Park-av., s f, 25 to alley, May 19 (same to same)....2,500
Sawyer-av., 200 n of W. 19th-st., e f, 25x125, May 9 (B. F. Rangel to J. F. Siegmund)....2,000
W. Monroe-st., 75 e of S. California-av., n f, 25 x124¾, March 23 (M. Frasier to E. A. Fox)....2,250
Forest-av., 457⅛ n of 37th-st., w f, 22⅓ to alley, March 31 (M. Radetzky to C. Z. Miller)....8,500
Portland-av., 125 s of Napoleon-pl., w f, 25x 135⅛, April 24 (A. F. Carlson to A. C. Aosland)....2,800
Archer-av., 25 e of Elias-st., n f, 25x100, imp, April 1 (W. Miller to T. Doyle)....5,500
32d-st., 192 e of Muspratt, s f, 24x124¾, May 12 (M. Ciesielski to F. Wieklinski)....2,500
33d-st., n w cor Parnell-av., 54¾x109, May 13 (L. H. Thomas to J. Kendrick)....8,000
Park-av., 89⅜ e of N. Paulina-st., s f, 30x141, May 12 (H. C. Hastings to D. Chresher)....7,500
Washington-blvd., 178⅛ w of Robey-st., s f, 30x 124, May 9 (R. A. Waller to T. L. Tatham)....18,000
W. Monroe-st., 309⅜ w of Hoyne-av., s f, 27x 200, Feb. 21 (G. O. Shields to A. E. Hersey)....4,000
The premises No. 304 Irving-av., 20x123⅛, May 12 (J. Brooks to L. E. Pinger)....8,500
W. Erie-st., 157⅜ w of N. May, s f, 25x150, May 12 (J. Lindholm to H. O. Lindeblad)....10,500
Butterfield-st., 162 n of 47th, w f, 48x100, April 15 (J. Bell to J. Donohue)....2,500
Drexel-av., 120 n of 59th, w f, 48x130, Feb. 28 (W. C. Gunn to M. L. Freiberger)....5,500
St. Lawrence-av., 80⅛ n of Pierce-st., e f, 25x 125, May 15 (A. L. Barker to City of Chicago)....7,000
Colfax-av., 97 n of 118th-st., w f, 250x125, with 150x125⅜ on Drexel-av., 145⅛ s of 86th-st., e f, May 10 (H. C. Hartman to R. Ardagh)....15,000
Dobson-av., 189 n of 75th-st., e f, 50x125, May 13 (M. J. Hause to W. R. Burdick)....3,000
Greenwood-av., 61⅞ s of 78th, e f, 25x125, May 12 (T. King to N. and J. Decker)....1,300
Hope-av., 272 n of Jackson Park Terrace, w f, 26⅛x90, May 3 (W. T. Farwell to S. L. Fry)....4,000
Emerald-st., s w cor 67th, e f, 81½x145, May 10 (Robert J. Davies to Mary L. Davies)....30,000
Perry-av., 128⅞ n of 68th-st., w f, 44x174⅜, May 9 (R. Paul to F. N. Craft)....4,800
Herring-st., 260 n of 61st, e f, 25x124, May 12 (J. C. Craigh to W. H. Shepard et al.)....4,500
62d-st., 63 w of Wright, s f, 37⅛x120⅜, March 31 (T. F. Bitner to G. W. Dubach)....4,500
Woodside-av., 162⅜ s of Cornelia-st., e f, 37⅛x 125, March 21 (N. Back to J. Dorney)....5,500
Argyle-av., 25 w of Winthrop, n f, 25x100⅛, April 13 (W. C. Goudy to M. E. Henish)....1,062
The premises No. 271 N. May-st., May 9 (R. T. Crane to T. F. Fitzsimmons)....2,510
Armitage-court, 165 e of Simons, s f, 25x125, April 15 (M. W. Radder to T. T. Maddler)....2,000
Sackett-av., 73 n of 53d-st., w f, 25x108⅜, May 9 (J. Schwager to J. H. Wixom)....1,503
99th-pl., 291 e of State-st., s f, 25x124⅜, May (O. S. Bass to E. Bannister)....1,800
Prospect-av., 206 n of 94th-st., e f, 100x225, May 12 (E. Driggins to S. F. Fogg)....3,600
Honore-av., 47 n of Rice-st., e f, 24x104, April 28 (G. C. Fry to W. F. Farwell)....8,000
71st-st., 82 w of Sangamon, s f, 25x125, April 19 (T. A. Coffey to C. M. Gallagher)....1,000
Harrison-st., s w cor Crawford-av., s f. 50x 124½, May 3 (D. S. Place to P. K. Howard)....6,000
Gross-av., 91 n of Bloomingdale-st., e f, 25x 123¾, March 21 (M. Raditzky to C. Z. Mueller)....4,000
Honore-st., 398 n of 75th, e f. 40x100, April 9 (J. P. Mallette to E. W. Whipple)....7,500
14¼ acres in n e ¼, 15, 40, 13, May 13 (J. Huscher to A. H. Hill)....26,450
Harvard-st., 176⅜ n of 73d, e f, 120x125, May 9 (E. W. Whipple to C. B. Eggleston et al.)....9,000
Vincennes-av., s w cor. 73d-st., e f, 100x132x 53⅜, irregular form, May 13 (Industrial and [illegible])....16,000
19th-st., 97⅞ e of W 41st, s f, 48x125, May 16, 1890 (F. T. Murphy et al. to W. G. Cheasley)....1,950
Wrightwood-av., s w cor Burling-st., n f, 48x116, March 28 (L. A. Case et al. to Trs. of North Side Christian Church)....5,400
Laurel-av., n w cor Franklin-st., e f, 24x125, May 13 (C. H. Westby to W. Wheeler)....1,800
Woodlawn-av., s e cor 71st-st., n f, 25x110, March 31 (J. Brower to S. T. Slayton)....5,500
Sangamon-st., 157 n of 79th, e f, 80x124⅛, April 18 (D. S. Place et al. to G. G. Wilder)....3,200
Robey-st., 48⅜ n of 62d, w f, 125x124, with other lots in same sub, April 5, 1890 (E. A. Cummings to J. Addison)....4,141
Block 5, bounded by 84th and 85th-st., 1 block east of South Park-av., 441x666, April 1 (F. F. Palmer to H. E. Buckley)....30,000
Block 8, direct s of and adjoining above, 441x 666, April 1 (H. W. Carmichael to same)....30,000
Block 7, direct e of and adjoining above, 441x 666, April 1 (F. Hildebrand to same)....30,000
120th-st., s e cor 120th, n f, 266⅜x290, Feb. 10 (Am. Trust and Savings Bank, as trustee, to White & Ballard Shoe Co.)....40,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS FOR BUILDINGS to cost $1,000 or more were issued yesterday:

C. Conrad, 3-story brick store and flats, 563 South Wood-st....$ 5,000
Ellen Nolan, 3-story and basement brick store and flats, 442 Western-av....6,000
George Hummell, 3-story and basement brick flat, 371 South Robey-st....4,000
E. Danne, 1-story brick store, 172 Michigan-st....2,000
C. E. Riley, 2-story frame flats, Langley-av. and 68th-st....2,200
John Bergstrom, 2-story frame dwelling, 509 Cuyler-st....3,000
Lassie Bridge and Iron Co., 2 and 1 story barn and shed, Reaper and Northwestern R. R....8,800
M. Bell, 3-story and basement brick flats, 517 Albany-av....6,300
John Kardlseck, 2-story brick dwelling and shed, 1218 Albany-av....2,600
Peter Jokal, 2-story brick flats, 828 South California-av....2,800
Albert Dedino, 3-story and basement brick store and flats, 187 24th-place....5,000
C. A. Johnson, 2-story and basement brick flats, 6957 Union-av....5,000
Rollstrom & Larson, 2-story frame flats, 5746 Carpenter-st....2,000
Joseph Covington, 2-story frame flats, 6051 Ada-st....2,500
J. Thamm, 3-story and basement brick store and dwelling, 1481 Ogden-av....5,000

STORAGE.

AT THE S. W. CORNER OF FRANKLIN AND Congress-sts., near Grand Central and C., R. I. & P. depots, the Chicago Storage Warehouse has doubled its former capacity and has unsurpassed facilities for storing all kinds of merchandise, household goods, etc.; private rooms with keys; space with or without office room, for sale or shipment of supplies and repairs; 1 block south of Van Buren-st. SNOW & SNOW, Props., Tel. Main, 801.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE— 80, 82, and 84 E. 12th-st., between State-st. and Wabash-av.
ESTABLISHED 1875.
FOR STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS.
NEW AND CLEAN, PERMANENT AND RELIABLE.
EXPRESSING DONE. TEL. 786 SOUTH.

ORIENTAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 399 TO 405 W. Madison-st., for storage of furniture and merchandise; goods sold on commission; advances made. Telephone 4026. The E. Jennings Co., Props.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS— Largest, oldest, and safest in the city. Moving and packing furniture a specialty. West Side—156, 158, and 160 W. Monroe-st. Tel. 4579 Main. South Side—350 and 352 Wabash-av. Tel. 1543 Main. GEORGE PARRY.

TO RENT—LOFTS AND BUILDINGS FOR STORage purposes. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

UNION PARK Fireproof Furniture Storage Warehouse. CLEANEST, CHEAPEST, BEST storage for furniture, merchandise, pianos, etc.; private rooms; money loaned; tel. W. 153, 503 and 505 Carroll-av. LUTHER BROS., Props.

PROFESSIONAL.

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 124 DEARborn-st., Chicago; advice free; 27 years' experience; business quietly transacted.

W. J. MOYER, ATTORNEY, SUITE 517 CHICAgo Opera-House, 112 S. Clark-st. Confidential cases a specialty. Advice free; information furnished investors. Sundays from 10 to 12.

UNDERTAKING.

POSTLEWAIT— High class undertaking; all divisions of the city and suburbs not exceeding 100 miles distant. Telephone west 209.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BASEBALL SEASON TICKET; cheap. Address N 967, Tribune office.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH—EARDROPS, 3¾ carats, ring, 1⅜; stud, 1⅜; big bargain. Address G S 132, Tribune office.

BOOKS, MAPS, ETC.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR BOOKS, LIbraries, cyclopedias, magazines, and paper novels. WELLS B. SIZER, 189 State, Palmer House.

LOST AND FOUND.

LIBERAL REWARD FOR THE RETURN OF Victor safety, model D, stolen from entrance to 151-153 Wabash-av.; no questions asked. Address 63 Walton-pl., Flat F.

FOUND—PAIR OF LINK CUFF-BUTTONS WITH settings, Wabash-av., near 23d-st. Address N 948, Tribune office.

LOST—ON COTTAGE GROVE-AV., BETWEEN 22d and 42d-st., 2 architectural drawings, pen and ink elevation and plans; Egyptian designs. Return same to Room 522, 269 Dearborn-st., and receive reward.

LOST—AN OVAL ENGRAVED BRASS PLATE, wrapped in brown paper, in elevated railroad car. Reward $5. Deliver at Powell & Voelger's, 155 Washington-st.

LOST—MONDAY, MAY 15, A HORSE-SHOE charm with 7 diamonds and horse head in center; I will pay $100 reward to the finder. JOHN JENNINGS, 462 State-st.

LOST—ON I. C. SUBURBAN, ENTRANCE World's Fair, afternoon 6th inst., small mink tail collar; reward for return. B. F. JACOBS, 99 Washington-st.

LOST—R. R. PASSES; NAME, C. M. RATHBUN; return to Grand Pacific Hotel; no questions asked.

LOST—3 KEYS ON A STRING; REWARD OFfered. 3258 W. North-av.

LOST—UMBRELLA, SUNDAY, WEST SIDE BALL grounds; $5 reward. DANFORTH, 52 31st, flat C.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WILL THE PASSENGERS ON THE west-bound 61st-st. car who witnessed accident to lady at 61st-st. and Wabash-av. on Saturday, May 13, about 10:15 p. m., please communicate with J. F. B.? Address Y Z 12, Tribune office.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 285 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet, instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service. Hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—HARTMAN'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, 128 South Clark-st., Suite 8. All classes detective work done by experienced detectives; expert shadowers; matrimonial difficulties a specialty; strictly confidential; reasonable rates.

PERSONAL—ALEXANDER'S DETECTIVE AGENcy, 181 West Madison-st., Room 21; evidence collected and information obtained in conspiracy, matrimonial, and all matters of a private nature; successful, reliable, reasonable, and confidential.

PERSONAL—SHORT TIME ONLY. PARENTS bring your children to Robinson & Roe and get 12 beautiful cabinets for 98c; proofs shown; open Sunday. 77 and 79 S. Clark-st., op. Court-House.

PERSONAL—DETECTIVE AND WORLD'S FAIR guide; all business confidential. N 986, Tribune.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

WANTED—A GROCERY IN EXCHANGE FOR a restaurant. Inquire 1420 Wabash-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—ADVERTISER, WHO IS in urgent need of employment, desires to attract the attention of wholesale house requiring the service of a thoroughly able and experienced office man who can handle every detail of office management; ten years' reference to recent employers. Address N 597, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MAN OF 27, BRIGHT, neat appearance, with private firm; 8 years' good experience in office; bookkeeping, stenographer, etc.; owns typewriter; could be at liberty July 1; state kind of firm and salary given. Address M A 166, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS BOOKkeeper and stenographer of over 4 years' experience, with best recommendations, where push and energy will be rewarded. Address M A 159, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS cashier, bill clerk, entry clerk, or general office work, having references; living with parents. Address M A 178, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A REGISTERED pharmacist, German, 7 years' experience; 23 years of age; 4 years with former employer; employed at present on N. Side; thoroughly competent. Address D W 96, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 19 YEARS old, good penman, and willing to work, wants position in bank, wholesale house, or office. Address N 998, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS BOOKkeeper and stenographer with 5 years' experience. City references. Address N 962, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER AND general office man; will do collections; best of references. Address N 978, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG GENTLEman in a lawyer's or broker's office; expert penman; references. Address O 198, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG MEN of ability as clerks, collectors, or solicitors; references. dress "S," Hotel Newport, 73 Monroe-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TRAVELING SALESman for Western and Pacific coast; experience and acquaintance with hardware, cutlery, crockery, and jewelers. Address M A 177, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TRAVELING SALESman, or salesman in a jewelry store; have had twenty years' experience in wholesale business. Address M B 4, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A BOY. J. EVERSEGE, 195 Division-st.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER, WHOSE seven year term of service with one of the largest firms in the city is about to close, is desirous of negotiating with other parties who may need his services, is well up in all modern steam engineering practice, understands thoroughly the various electric lighting, steam and hydraulic elevator, and steam heating systems; also machinist and steam fitting work; my references are first-class in every respect. Address N 928, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT CIVIL engineer and draftsman; speaks English and German; good references. F A 149, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MECHANICAL ENgineer and draftsman; graduate of German college. Address F A 176, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG COLORED man as second cook; good fireman; well experienced. 2436 Dearborn-st., basement door.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS DEsigner boys' and children's clothing, or examiner same goods. Address N 945, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ENGINEER; ONE with license; reference. Address N 954, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED YOUNG man; must have work of some kind; can do house or dining-room work. Please answer before 2 o'clock today. Address O 192, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GERMAN BUTLER or valet speaking French; well recommended; send letters. Address M A 173, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, COLored, service in private family. N 920, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COOK in boarding-house. Address O 67, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman, who understands care of fine horses and rigs; good driver, temperate; best city reference; 2 years in last place. Address N 938, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY A young German; strictly sober; good driver and can give best of city references. Address N 982, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN COACHman, first-class, with 20 years' practice; speaks French, Spanish, and understands English; good recommendations. Address O 184, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman, aged 30, English, married, no family; highest references; last employer can be seen. Address M A 168, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG ENGLISHman as groom in private stable; first-class city references. Address M A 162, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman; good all-round man; city or suburb; references given. Address N 973, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR LIGHT SECOND work and sewing; good seamstress. Call at 3523 Prairie-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN COACHman and gardener; thoroughly understands his business; good references. N 949, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT STEnographer and bookkeeper; 5 years' experience; first-class references. Address N 963, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN COMpetent to take charge of the railroad department of a large wholesale house. Experienced in rates, claims, etc.; good penman; best of reference. Address O 189, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WITH ample time and a desirable office would represent a manufacturer on a liberal commission; competent correspondent and outside hustler. Address O 188, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN WORLD'S FAIR BY A respectable young man speaking English, Italian, Spanish, Servian, and Croatian fluently, either as salesman or interpreter, etc. M A 130, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—SOME KIND OF LIGHT manual work or other position by a reliable man, age 39, of business experience and qualifications. Address M A 171, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN OF 15 YEARS' experience in the newspaper and job business, with a dramatic party as press agent. Address "S," Newport Hotel, 73 Monroe-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN 21 years of age; speaks English, French, and German fluently; waiter in a first-class hotel; excellent references. A. H., 60 Goethe-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDISH, STRICTly sober man to care for horse and work around the place; good references. Address A. PETERSON, 105 Sedgwick-st., City.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG AMERICAN, 28 years old; married; competent, trustworthy; best references; moderate salary. N 934, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 21, at any reputable business; is not afraid of work. References. Address N 922, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN some good house; A1 credentials given. Address G. H. B., 443 Dearborn-av.

SITUATION WANTED—OF SOME KIND BY MAN of 22. Address N 925, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MAN AND WIFE WANT flat to care for. Address 3442 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY WHO IS EXperienced in office work, or as assistant bookkeeper; good business hand; can operate typewriter; give bond if required. Address N 957, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY IN down-town office or on West Side, in office work or as assistant bookkeeper. Address N 966, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SCANDINAVIAN girl to do general housework or cooking. Address Box 790, Grand Crossing, Ill., or 7715 Woodlawn-av., at once.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Domestics.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FOR TWO GIRLS ON May 22, one as cook and laundress, one second work or with care of children. Apply at 3141 South Park-av.

SITUATION WANTED—AT HOME, WASHING, plain sewing, or crocheting; cheap. Call at 2417 Calumet-av., Flat R, Chicago.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL as chambermaid; willing to go to the country. Address 2903 Wallace-st., 4th flat.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOK AND SECOND girl; $5 each. Call in store, 147 N. Clark. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AMERICAN LADY AS cook in private family; good references. No. 2821 Shields-av.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK; NEAT young Scotch Canadian; city, suburb. 220 Ontario-st.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK AND SECOND girl; references; city, suburb. Call 147 N. Clark-st., MATHEWS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—TWO GIRLS, TOgether or separate, cook and second girl; both competent and well recommended. 291 N. State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GERMAN WOMAN with child year old; good worker. 3444 Cottage Grove.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL GIRL THAT is good laundress. Call 147 N. Clark-st., MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK AND LAUNDRESS or general girl. Call 147 N. Clark-st., MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK, BY GERman girl; references. Call 3130 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CHAMBERMAID; first-class; colored. 3156 Armour-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—MILLINER, STYLISH trimmer, would take a few more engagements by the day; terms reasonable. N 921, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FASHIONABLE DRESSmaker would like a few more engagements in private family; $1.50 per day. M A 163, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY; white work and children's clothes; best city references; South Side preferred. 371 Forty-fifth-st.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED REfined lady wishes to superintend a home (will care for children) four days each week as compensation for room, board, and expenses to the Fair two days; references exchanged. MRS. S. WARNER, Joplin, Mo.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EASTERN LADY as housekeeper or any position of trust; highest reference. Address O 190, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED, COMpetent lady stenographer; accurate, rapid; Smith or Remington operator; references; moderate salary. Address M B 5, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG LADY stenographer, Remington operator; salary $6. Address K S 157, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—BY EXperienced stenographer and typewriter. Address N 942, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LADY stenographer; operates Remington; neat and accurate work. Address 972, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT YOUNG lady stenographer. Address M A 172, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — EDUCATED AND REfined lady as lady's companion or child nurse. Address S., 47 E. 49th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—ON THE WORLD'S FAIR grounds or on South Side by a young lady of education. B., 7018 Wright-st., Englewood.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ACCOMPLISHED young lady in music store; best references. Address N 964, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK. ADDRESS N 952, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MAN—FIRST-class; accustomed to manufacturing business and residing on North or Northwest Side of city. Apply after 10 o'clock to Chicago Trust and Savings Bank, 124 E. Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER—WHO IS FIRST-CLASS STEnographer and typewriter, and has a machine; salary $60. Address N 951, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—A1 MAN OF JEWISH PERSUAsion. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

BOOKKEEPER—SINGLE MAN, EXPERIENCED in plumbing. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

CLERK—A YOUNG MAN IN THE CAPACITY OF bill clerk and general usefulness in the office of a wholesale house; must be experienced and possessed of good indorsement. Address N 987, Tribune office.

CLERK—LAW STUDENT AS CLERK IN LAW office; moderate salary; leisure for study; must write shorthand; state salary expected, qualifications, age, etc. Address N 974, Tribune office.

DRUG CLERK—REGISTERED. JOHN BARNEY, 825 43d-st.

DRUG CLERK—ASSISTANT, REGISTERED. COR. Michigan-av. and 31st-st.

MAN—YOUNG—WHO WRITES A GOOD HAND and willing to make himself useful in an insurance office; must be well recommended. Address N 994, Tribune office.

MAN—AN EXPERIENCED DRYGOODS MAN as assistant superintendent in a State-st. store; state experience and salary. Address O 183 Tribune.

OFFICE MAN—AT ONCE; STUDENT PREFERred; time for study. Call 1603 Masonic Temple.

SHIPPING CLERK—AT ONCE, BY A WHOLEsale grocery house; must have first-class references and thoroughly understand the business. Address N 995, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—OF ABOUT 20 to 25 YEARS FOR work as assistant bookkeeper and bill clerk; must be a neat, rapid writer. Address O 186, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING MEN—FINE MEDIUM; LIBERAL coms. Manhattan Pub. Co., 84 La Salle-st.

MEN—TRAVELING, TO CALL ON PHOTOGRAphers to sell novelty; is new, quick seller, no peddling; little time required; sample weighs four ounces. Address or call, 47 Plymouth-place, R. 65.

SALESMAN — A FIRST-CLASS CIGAR SALESman to represent cigar manufactory, one who is well acquainted in the city; prefer one who has a trade worked up. WELLS SMITH, 322 63d-st., Englewood.

SALESMAN—VARNISH SALESMAN FOR CHICAgo and adjoining territory by one of the oldest and best-known houses in the U. S.; only first-class experienced men with acquaintance in the territory need apply. Address G B 46, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—CITY, $15 PER WEEK; ONLY those of good address need answer. Address N 976, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SELL $5 PANTS; MUST BE A hustler. Call at 940, 79 Dearborn.

SALESMEN—TO SELL THE POPULAR SODA fountain syrups, CHAMPAGNE MIST and SOTOL, in city or outside territory. Address or call, F. F. MYKRANTZ, Great Northern, City, or VAN WYCK & MYKRANTZ BROS., 1248 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN—FOR BEST SELLING WORLD'S Fair Lincoln memorial; $10 to $20 a day; 100 per cent profit. Call at Grand Union Hotel, Dearborn-st., Room 45, from 8 to 10 a. m.

SALESMEN—TRAVELING SALESMEN WHO ARE selling the saloon trade to handle a profitable side line. GEO. A. BAYLE, 504 N. Main-st., St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMEN—TO SELL TO STORES, GOOD COMmissions. Wiegand Picture Hanger company, Pittsburg, Pa.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED PATENT RIGHT preferred. Call Room 813, 225 Dearborn.

SOLICITOR—EXPERIENCED ADVERTISING SOlicitor. Address N 991, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—TO REPRESENT THE FIDELITY Mutual Life; permanent; advancement, and good pay. F. B. FLEMING, Western Manager, 46, 115 Dearborn-st.

SOLICITORS—SALARY AND COMMISSION; NO peddling. 3602 State-st., Chicago.

Boys.

BOY—ABOUT 16 OR 17 IN OFFICE. APPLY BEtween 9 and 12 a. m. JOHN F. STRATTON & SON, 59 and 61 Wabash-av.

BOY—ABOUT 14 FOR ERRANDS AND TO HELP in office. Address N 956, Tribune office.

BOY—BRIGHT LAD OF ABOUT 17 YEARS, FOR office work. Address O 185, Tribune office.

BOY—MUNGER'S LAUNDRY, 113 N. CLARK.

BOYS—TWO—16 TO 18, FOR OFFICE; $5; 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

OFFICE BOY—BRIGHT, ABOUT 15 YEARS OLD, by large wholesale house; must live with parents and come well recommended. Address O 191, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND salary expected. Address N 983, Tribune office.

Trades.

BRICKLAYERS—TO WORK 9 HOURS PER DAY, 45 cents per hour. Address Builders' Exchange, 2d floor Arcade Building, Cleveland, O.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS AND BLACKSMITH helper—Good job. 2239 Prairie-av., rear.

CUTTER—CUSTOM; MERCHANT TAILORING. 189 Clark.

ENGRAVER—WHO UNDERSTANDS FINISHING half-tone plates. 217-219 State-st., top floor.

FOREMAN OF PACKING DEPARTMENT IN the picture business; experienced. Address N 944, Tribune office.

FRESCO PAINTERS—EXPERIENCED, STEADY employment to go out of city. Call at Saratoga Hotel office between 6 and 7 p. m., or address BRYANT BROS., Y. M. C. A. Building, Columbus, O.

GILDER—APPLY HEARST BROS., 568 NORTH Clark-st.

LEATHER WORKER—WHO CAN MAKE BICYCLE saddles. Apply to 253 S. Canal-st.

MAN—YOUNG—WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN mechanical drawing, to assist in drafting room making tracings, etc. WALBURN-SWENSON CO., 944 Monadnock Block.

PAINTERS—15, NON-UNION, AT ONCE; BRING tools. Harvey Land Assn., Harvey, Ill.

PASSENGER CAR BUILDERS AND WOODWORKers—To apply inside finish. Apply Pullman Palace Car Co., Pullman, Ill.

PHOTOGRAPHER—A PRINTER; ONE ACCUStomed to handling lots of work. Apply at once to ROBINSON & ROE, 77 and 79 S. Clark-st.

SOAP PRESSER—STOUT EXPERIENCED YOUNG fellow competent to mannage boys. 33d-st. and Shields-av.

SIGN WRITER—APPLY AT ART INSTITUTE, Michigan-av. and Adams-st. N. H. CARPENTER.

TRIMMERS — EXPERIENCED IN APPLYING metal trimmings in cars. Apply Pullman Palace Car Co., Pullman, Ill.

WAITERS—50—STEADY EMPLOYMENT TO good men. Apply today to Chicago Oyster House, 140 Madison-st.

House Servants.

BUTLER AND COOK—MAN AND WIFE. CALL at 147 North Clark-st., in store. MATHEWS.

MAN—TO WORK AROUND THE HOUSE AND A1 coachman; must come well recommended. 631 N. Hoyne-av.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN—SINGLE, WHO UNDERSTANDS his business; good home; private family; two horses. Address M A 175, Tribune office.

COACHMAN—SOBER, OBLIGING, AND INDUStrious, single man, who is willing to work around the house; good driver. 547 Milwaukee-av.

COACHMAN—THAT IS GROOM AND ASSIST the gardener. Call 147 N. Clark-st., MATHEWS.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, TO LEAVE the city. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 175 Monroe-st.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, rapid, experienced; moderate salary. Address M B 7, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT—Exp.; $15. 269 Dearborn-st., Room 204.

Miscellaneous.

GENTLEMEN WHO ARE CONFINING THEMselves in offices until they are losing their health to sell life insurance for the Fidelity Mutual Life and be independent and have outdoor exercise; six agents wrote in Cook County last year $2,000,000, averaging over $200 per month apiece. Why not give it a trial? You cannot lose anything and it may be your forte. FRANK B. FLEMING, Western Agent, 46, 115 Dearborn-st.

MAN — MIDDLE-AGED GENTLEMAN ACquainted with the city, quick to learn and of good character, for special light duties; good wages. Apply Monday a. m. The Werner Co., 160, 174 Adams-st. See Mr. Bodgers, Room 443.

MAN—WHO IS THOROUGHLY POSTED IN STAtionery and can make estimates on blank books, to act as head salesman and manager. Address N 383, Tribune office.

MAN AND WIFE—FOR JANITOR OF FIRST-class apartment buildings; must be industrious and temperate. Address O 197, Tribune office.

MAN—TO MOW LAWN. C. BURCKY, 6048 State-st.

PORTER—GOOD, SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS MAN with good references who has had experience as porter; salary $10. Address O 182, Tribune office.

PORTER—AND LUNCH CUTTER—IN SALOON, Cor. Clark and Jackson.

POSITIONS SECURED COMPETENT MEN. CAMPBELL, DOWD & CO., 11, 323 Dearborn.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

EXPERIENCED TRIMMED HAT SALESLADIES; none other need apply; good salaries. The Emporium, 152 State-st.

YOUNG LADY—BRIGHT; MUST WRITE GOOD hand. Apply to LORD & THOMAS, 45 Randolph-st.

Domestics.

COOK—GIRL TO COOK, WASH AND IRON, AND one for second work and to assist with children. Apply at 3206 Vernon-av.

COOK — AND LAUNDRESS, EXPERIENCED; references required; best wages. N 935, Tribune.

COOK—EXPERIENCED, AND SECOND GIRL; good wages. Apply 5100 Madison-av.

COOKS—FOR HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, near World's Fair. 5658 Lake-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—GIRL—IN SUBURBAN family of four; no children; wages $4. Call 996 Polk-st., Chicago, or 87 Grove-st., River Forest.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER—CLEAN, HONEST, good cook and laundress, immediately. 4314 Oakenwald-av.

GIRL—EDUCATED, TO WAIT IN GENTLEMEN'S private boarding-house and take full charge of pantry and dishes; best wages paid to competent person. 270 Michigan-av.

GIRL—SECOND; MUST BE A GOOD WASHER and ironer; German. 3646 Michigan-av.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; FAMILY of two. 3363 Forest-av.

GIRL—TO HELP IN KITCHEN; WAGES $5. Hotel Grace, Cor. Clark and Jackson.

GIRL—IN LAUNDRY TO FEED ON MANGEL; wages $5. Hotel Grace, Clark and Jackson.

GIRL—SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY. 348 Burlin-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be good cook; small family; new flat 4634 Vincennes-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of 2. Call 2 days, 69 E. 31st-st., flat 4.

HOUSEWORK—CAPABLE GERMAN OR SWEDE for general housework; highest wages paid. 42 Ray-st., near Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 608 Washington-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2444 Wabash-av., upper flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK; family of 3; wages $4. 2013 Wabash-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in American family. 4723 Champlain-av.

LAUNDRESS—EXPERIENCED, IN AN INSTITUtion; wages, $30 per month, with board. Address Superintendent County Hospital, Wauwatosa, Wis.

NURSE—FOR TWO CHILDREN AND HELP SEW; choice place for good woman. Call 111 Maple-av., Evanston, or Room 1013 Monadnock Bldg., corner Dearborn and Jackson-sts.

NURSE—TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF CHILD 2¼ years old; good wages to the right party. Apply to MRS. DENTLER, 214 E. 53d-st.

STARCHER—IN LAUNDRY. 3032 INDIANA-AV.

WAITRESS—AND SECOND GIRL; EXPERIenced. Address N 936, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

APPRENTICES, SEWING GIRLS, WAIST AND skirt finishers and learners; steady work, high wages; system given. 213 State-st., Room 25.

DRESSMAKERS—AT ONCE. 390 S. CLARK-ST.

FINISHERS—FIRST-CLASS, ON BASQUES AND skirts. BOUR & GESSLER, Kranz Building, 78 State-st., Room 68.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—A LADY STENOGRAPHER controlling her own business can have part of office free of rent by taking care of the advertiser's business when absent; very good location; references wanted. Address O 194, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND SMITH PREMIER OPERator—Young lady who has had experience as bookkeeper. The Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 154 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—2 EXP.; SMITH-PREMIER and Caligraph; $15. 269 Dearborn, Room 204.

TYPEWRITER—EXPERT REMINGTON; DICTAtion work; principally evening; give terms by page or hour. Address O 195, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

LADIES — 20 BURLESQUE LADIES — MONEY sure. Call today, 125 West Madison-st. M. GREEN.

LADIES—LIGHT, CLEAN WORK YOU CAN DO at home; good pay. Office 145 Illinois-st., near Clark.

LADY—TO PERFORM A BEAUTIFUL AND REfined specialty star act; stage experience not absolutely necessary, but preferred; good looks and good figure indispensable. Address, with full particulars, N 993, Tribune office.

LADY—AN EXPERIENCED LADY FOR RECEPtion room and finishing. The Bell, 96 State-st.

LADY—TO WRITE WRAPPERS; SHORT JOB; $7 a week. Address N 997, Tribune office.

MAID—AND SEAMSTRESS; AN INTELLIGENT French girl who speaks English. Apply at 2000 Prairie-av.

SOLICITORS—LADY; GOOD SALARY; NO PEDdling. 3602 State-st., Chicago.

WANTED—LADIES TO WRITE AT HOME. INclose stamped envelope. BERTHA BENZ, Sec., South Bend, Ind.

WOMEN—EXPERIENCED—TO MAKE LAMP shades. Apply before 10 a. m. MARSHALL FIELD & CO., retail.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—SALARY OR COMMISSION TO agents to handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents making $50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint subagents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and specimen of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., X 14, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL BLAINE'S MANual of Useful Information; a new book; 508 pages; 100 per cent profit to agents, some of whom are making $50 weekly; you can do just as well if you try, as everybody wants a copy. Send for terms or call Room 1020, 334 Dearborn-st. OGILVIE & CO.

AGENTS—GOOD LOCAL AGENTS IN EVERY county; also a few general agents to sell a specialty of genuine merit; a monopoly; experience unnecessary; steady employment. For particulars address 1518 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

AGENTS—3 A1 GENERAL AGENTS TO REPREsent a first-class publishing house in this city to appoint local agents in every town; salary and expenses; security and references required. Address M A 165, Tribune office.

AGENTS—A RELIABLE PERSON TO TAKE the agency in their town for one of the best paying articles on the market; retails for 25c; pays 100 per cent profit; sells to every family; inclose stamp. ROBERT S. WEST, Cleveland, O.

FEMALE AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN to sell an article that every person using a needle buys. Send 25 cents to Box 838, Chicago, for sample and terms.

WANTED—6 MORE SPECIAL AGENTS IN COOK County to represent the Fidelity Mutual Life (Fouse plan). Six agents wrote in 1892 $2,393,000. Will make advances to those that can show good records and references. We write insurance at cost on terms of 10, 15, and 20 years, renewable without examination. Semi-endowment at life rates (30 per cent below old line life rate) and life rate endowments at life rates. Also 10, 15, and 20 payment optional limited policies, non-forfeitable after third year, for paid up or cash value. Premiums 15 per cent below Massachusetts companies and cash value 15 per cent higher. Liberal terms to men of experience. Come and compare our contracts with any other company and decide for yourself. F. B. FLEMING, Rooms 46, 47, 48, 115 Dearborn-st.

1,000 AGENTS TO SELL GERMIFUGE AND bacillicide and 100 articles to cure the sick; new remedies; send for circulars 947 W. Lake-st., Chicago.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKERS—AT MME. KELLOGG'S PARISian School of Dresscutting, 210 State.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

ANY BUSINESS HOUSE SUPPLIED GRATIS with stenographers of any grade; some are experienced bookkeepers; some own machines. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

CLOTHING.

A. S., 502 N. WELLS-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST prices for gentlemen's cast-off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING. DROP us postal. Will call at your house. Address 21 West Randolph-st.

I PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR GENTS' cast-off clothing; orders promptly attended to. Address A. LEVY, 494 South State-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—PRICE $45,000; WILL PAY 10 PER cent; new apartment building, in choice residence part of the city; overlooking Lake Michigan; ½ block from carette line; 1½ blocks from street cars; 12 minutes' walk from Court-House; light on three sides; all outside rooms; steam heat, hot and cold water, gas stoves and grates, porcelain bath-tubs, electric bells, speaking-tubes, laundry dryers; other modern improvements; a rare opportunity for a safe and permanent income. W. C. STREETER, 68 and 70 E. Madison-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
ATTENTION.
CENTRAL BUSINESS LOTS CHEAP.
PACIFIC-AV. NEAR HARRISON-ST., 78x106, $800 per foot; worth $1,200.
5TH-AV. NEAR CONGRESS-ST., 25x100, $1,400 per foot. Others asking $1,800.
3D-AV. NEAR POLK-ST., 25 or 50x100, $2,000 per foot. Will submit offer, or property can be leased for 99 years.
WABASH-AV. NEAR 15TH-ST., 21 or 42x172. Cheap improvements; $1,000 per foot.
MICHIGAN-AV. NEAR 15TH-ST. 25x165, frame improvements; might secure 50 ft. $1,000 per foot.
HENRY L. TURNER & CO., 92 Dearborn-st. (Formerly of Turner & Bond.)

FOR SALE—CHEAP—WABASH-AV., BETWEEN 62d and 63d-sts., 75x175; easy terms of payment. KNOTT, TUTTLE & LEWIS, 92 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON STEWART-AV., 100X133 ft., 100 ft. n. of 76th-st., e. f.; lots on Dickey-st., 50x 133 ft., 100 ft. s. of 75th-st., w. f. Houses and lots at Normal Park and Englewood on reasonable terms, from $3,500 to $12,000, with all modern improvements, in good localities. Also a subdivision on 89th and Loomis-sts., with station on same on the C., R. I. & P. R. R. dummy branch; will make liberal terms. JOHN A. BARTLETT, Room 21, 152 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE—MODERN 8-ROOM residence near 44th-st. and Champlain-av., $7,500; will accept clear lot worth $3,000, east of State and north of 63d; balance to suit; possession at once. B. F. JACOBS & CO., R. 6, 99 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT MODERN STONE RESIdence, Calumet-av., near 32d-st.; hardwood finish; steam heat, etc.; built for a home, but must be sold; 30-foot lot; price $27,500; will submit any reasonable offer. HENRY L. TURNER & CO., 92 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$160 PER FOOT—GREAT SACRIfice. Corner on 47th-st., between State-st. and Grand-blvd., the cheapest corner on the street. BENJ. BISSINGER, 125 La Salle-st., Room 52.

FOR SALE—$59 PER FOOT—ELLIS-AV., Near 65th-st., 200x125; all assessments paid. BENJ. BISSINGER, 125 La Salle-st., Room 52.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, ONE 2-STORY frame house in flats of 6 rooms each, with all modern improvements, rented at $26.00; one 6-room cottage, two 4-room cottages. Inquire lumber yard, Avondale.

FOR SALE—FOR $2,500—CORNER, 33x134, Kedzie-av. cross-town car line and near L station; just the location for small factory, saloon, or stores and flats; this is a snap. J. T. SUTOR, 1264 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE FOR 99 YEARS—CORNER of Milwaukee and Armitage-avs., has 200 ft. front on Milwaukee-av. POWELL BROS., Owners, office 1603 Milwaukee-av.

FOR SALE—JEFFERSON-ST., COR. KRAMER—Frame store, rooms above, and corner lot; cheap. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OWNER WILL SACRIFICE FOR IMmediate sale 75x125 on West 41st-place, near 16th-st. Address N 923, Tribune office.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT EDGEWATER—TWO NEW MODern 8-room houses on large lots, four blocks from lake, one block from electric road, near depot; macadamized street; all improvements in; price, $5,100 and $5,500; the last 1 have at these prices; will therefore make very liberal terms to close on same. Apply to J. L. COCHRAN, 722 Chicago Opera-House.

FOR SALE—SHERIDAN PARK—9-ROOM HOUSES, $7,500, $9,000; terms $1,000 down, $50 monthly; will furnish lot and money to build; write for particulars. SAM BROWN JR., 409 Chicago Opera-House Bldg.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT LONGWOOD—ROCK ISLAND RY. Choice lots on the ridge.
Houses for sale and rent, or built to suit, from $3,000 up.
Longwood is located at the north end of the beautiful Blue Island Ridge, within city limits; is accessible by four railroads; has improved streets, stores, schools, etc.; very desirable for fine homes; 27 houses now built and occupied by purchasers.
For further information apply to E. P. HILLIARD, Room 869 The Rookery.

FOR SALE—HOUSES IN JOHN CUDAHY'S ADdition to Morton Park; $1,700 up; small payments; small amt. down; 5, 6, 7 rooms; sewers, sidewalks, electric lights, graded streets; I. C., C., B. and Q. R. R.'s; free fare any time. WILLIAM W. WEARE, 218 La Salle-st., Room 220.

FOR SALE—100 FEET ON PROSPECT-AV., MORgan Park; all street improvements in; also three beautiful lots on the ridge at a bargain if sold quickly. Address or call on JOHN FELTHOUSE, 1206 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—6 AND 7 ROOM HOUSES AT MORton Park, on easy terms; small payments down; free tickets. Call and see owner. WILLIAM W. WEARE, 218 La Salle-st., Room 280.

FOR SALE—AT RIVERSIDE, ON C., B. & Q. R. R., choice homes and investments. C. A. WOODRUFF & CO., 318 Rookery.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST LOT IN AUSTIN—50x150; between N. W. and No. Pac. depots; street improved. Address M A 145, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS AT ELMHURST, CHEAP. WALTER G. KRAFT, 70 La Salle-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—10,000 ACRES choice timber and mineral land in Iron County, Mo., 70 miles southwest of St. Louis. J. S. MECKLIN, 3, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—MILLIONS ACRES choice lands, ranches, live stock, city real estate in Texas; send for lists. MARTIN & CO., San Antonio, Tex.

FOR SALE—$475 WILL BUY 160 ACRES OF choice level unimproved prairie land in Hand County, South Dakota. C. C. FLETCHER, Aberdeen, S. Dak.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—DAKOTA FARM; 723 acres in Red River Valley. N 979, Tribune.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—WANTED—ASSISTANCE TO COLOnize or sell at special bargain 170,000-acre tract, good, irrigable Nebraska land; also to trade lot of Nebraska farms. Address C S 66, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—75 ACRES, NEAR depot in Highland Park; ripe for subdivision; choice residence property. J. S. MECKLING, 3, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ACRES—ELSTON-AV., NEAR FOrest Glen, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, or 140 acres. A. A. BROCK, Room 77, 119 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—AT HIGHLAND PARK—75 ACRES at great bargain. J. S. MECKLING, Room 3, 101 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS—$50,000 TO $200,000 fee subject to 99-year lease; must be well secured at 5 per cent if centrally located; 6 per cent if otherwise. FESSENDEN & HIGH, 83 Washington-st.

WANTED—CITY RESIDENCE—VALUE $30,000 to $50,000, on which the owner will accept suburban vacant at cash value. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FROM OWNER, FINE HOUSE, MICHigan-av. or Drexel, about $125,000, or nice lot, 100 feet. B. L. HONORE, Room 96, 115 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—HARDWARE stock, invoicing May 1 $9,800; complete line of builders' hardware, stoves, etc.; will sell or exchange for improved city property; invoice can be made at my office; will make fair exchange, as other business requires all my time; stock can be examined any day. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR CHICAGO PROPERTY (vacant preferred), a clear $30,000 business and hotel block in a growing city one hour from Chicago; rentals $1,920. Address F. SLAVIK JR., 510 Ashland-blvd., Chicago.

FOR EXCHANGE—FINE 10-ROOM DWELLING on hill at Morgan Park; equity $5,000; will take part in other good property. Room 75, 161 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—$72,000—NINE WELL LOcated, West Side, detached stone front houses, incumbered ½; will take unimproved clear city or farms. C. F. HALL, Room 713, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—575 ACRES TIMBER LAND IN Wood County, Wisconsin; timber will more than pay for the land and then be valuable for agricultural purposes; only one-half mile to railroad station; clear. Call or address owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—160 ACRES IN STEVENS COUNty, Minn.; clear of encumbrance; want Chicago improved; would take good property with reasonable mortgage. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—320 ACRES IN RANSOM COUNty, N. D.; 3½ miles from railway station; clear; want Chicago property, improved, and will assume mortgage. Owner, L. FRANLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR ANY VACANT OR IMproved property of merit, my 160 acres near Grantsburg, in Burnett County, Wis. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—MY 68 VACANT LOTS AT DES Moines, Ia., near Capitol Building, east side, clear of encumbrance, for Chicago improved or vacant. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—UNIMPROVED LAND IN CROW Wing, Cass, and Morrison Counties, Minnesota; want Chicago real estate; all clear of incumbrance. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—120 ACRES IN EAU CLAIRE County, Wisconsin; clear; want Chicago property. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—MY 44 LOTS IN WEST HINSdale for desirable city property. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

WANTED—HAVE YOU FIRST-CLASS CHICAGO equity to exchange for suburban property? I own choice, clear suburban lots and want to trade for improved in city and will assume. Owner, L. FRANKLIN, 130 La Salle-st.

WANTED — COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK claims for good farming lands. 164 La Salle-st., R. 41.

$5,000 CASH AND $15,000 CLEAR VACANT for equity business property. Address N 990, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY NOW ON HAND to loan on real estate in sums to suit at current rates; money loaned to build and to pay maturity mortgages. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., Estd. 1879. Major Block, 149 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL Estate at low rates in sums of $500 to $100,000. LOBDELL, FARWELL & CO., CHARLES C. WHITACRE, 201 Owings Bldg., Manager Mortgage Loan Dept.

A GOOD PLACE TO BORROW MONEY ON CHIcago real estate; large or small amounts. I advance money to build. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, Main floor, 95 Washington-st.

F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 95 WASHINGTON-ST., have money to loan in sums to suit; several small sums, from $1,000 to $2,000, to loan on improved.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 83 and 85 Dearborn-st. LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE—PAYABLE IN GOLD—We offer the following paying 7 per cent: $500, $600, $1,000, $1,200, $1,300, $1,500, $1,600; also amounts of $2,000 up to $25,000 paying 6 per cent. Lists furnished on application. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., Est'd 1879. Major Block, 149 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. R. PRINDIVILLE, Rooms 9 and 10, 122 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT CURrent rates. Building loans made. WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st. (Former offices of Turner & Bond). Telephone, M 424.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT on improved Chicago real estate; building loans. LOEB & GATZERT, 125 La Salle-st.

MONEY IN ANY AMOUNT ON GOOD REAL estate. D. S. PLACE, 145 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD REAL ESTATE. J. H. WHITESIDE & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

I HAVE APPLICATION FOR $50,000 LOAN ON $200,000 improved; 7 per cent. H. C. BUNN, 415 Chamber of Commerce.

PETERSON & BAY, BANKERS, S. W. COR. LA Salle and Randolph-sts., loan money on improved real estate at lowest rates of interest.

ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., MORTGAGE BANKERS, 72 Dearborn-st., loan money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; also building loans made.

TRUST FUNDS IN HAND TO LOAN ON IMproved Chicago real estate; building loans. HUTCHINSON & LUFF, 1 Borden Block.

WE HAVE MONEY ON HAND TO LOAN ON good 1st or 2d mortgages at 6 per cent or 7 per cent. DOTY BROS. & GORDON, 100 Washington-st., Madison-st. and Ogden-av.

5 PER CENT—MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED Chicago real estate; building loans made; most favorable terms. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

$250, $700, $1,000, $1,200, AND LARGER amounts to loan. CUNNINGHAM, 122 La Salle-st.

$300 WANTED—SECURITY CLEAR LOTS IN Puget Sound City. N 977, Tribune office.

$75,000 TO LOAN; REAL ESTATE. K. SMITH, 90 La Salle-st.

FINANCIAL.

ANY ONE DESIRING TO MAKE A QUICK LOAN upon their furniture, piano, horses, or carriage on the very easiest terms and with the utmost privacy will do well to call at the office of
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
94 Washington-st.,
First Floor,
Between Clark and Dearborn-sts.,
or
351 63D-ST., ENGLEWOOD,
where all business can be transacted without going down town. Englewood office open till 9 p. m.

ABOUT MONEY—DO YOU NEED ANY? We make loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very low rates, for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us. CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 86 La Salle-st. (main floor), First floor above the street.

A SUCCESSFUL BROKER OF DETROIT, MICH. who has a large acquaintance among the representative business-men of that city, and who has organized a large number of paying stock companies, would like to hear from parties with a view of organizing a company under a license to operate the State of Michigan. Address J. L. C., 24 and 26 West Congress-st., Detroit, Mich.

A CHANCE TO SAVE TIME AND MONEY— THE WEST CHICAGO LOAN COMPANY, Room 5 Haymarket Theater Building, 161 Madison-st., near Halsted. LENDS MONEY, at very LOW RATES, on HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, MERCHANDISE, ETC.

AT LOWEST RATES AND ON FAVORABLE terms we make loans on mortgages, warehouse receipts, notes, and on all good collaterals. SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st., Room 9.

ANY SUM ADVANCED ON FURNITURE. No removal, delay, or publicity; cheapest rates and easiest payment. See us first. Household Loan Assn., Incorporated, Room 304, 85 Dearborn-st., and 534 Lincoln-av., R. 1, Lake View.

COMMERCIAL PAPER AND SECURED NOTES bought or loans made on the same and upon approved names, warehouse receipts, merchandise, real estate, life insurance policies, or any available collateral. Merchants and manufacturers who can use extra money to advantage are invited to call upon us. Chicago Trust and Savings Bank, 122 and 124 East Washington-st.

CAN YOU SAFELY INVEST YOUR MONEY AT more than 8 per cent? Before investing elsewhere call and investigate our securities, which are absolutely safe, guaranteeing 8 per cent per annum. GEO. E. HANSON, 61 La Salle-st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—10 SHARES COLUMBIA CASINO stock, World's Fair restaurant concession. Address N 950, Tribune office.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF MONEY CALL ON THE old established and reliable house of S. HEYMAN & CO.; they loan money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, and any available collateral; Mr. Heyman will attend to you personally; fair and honorable treatment guaranteed. 145 E. Madison-st., bet. Clark and La Salle. Private entrance lobby Hotel Breevoort.

I WANT $15,000; GOOD SECURITY; SHORT time. Address N 940, Tribune office.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY; strictly private; unredeemed diamonds and watches sold at low prices. RICHTER & FOSTER, Stock Exchange Bldg., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 411.

MONEY TO LOAN ON LONG AND SHORT TIME; $5,000 and up. EDGAR S. HEATON, 139 Hartford Building.

NEW COLLATERAL LOAN BANK—WE HAVE any amount of money to loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry; liberal advances made at low rate of interest. H. BAUMAN & CO., Collateral Loan Bank, 165 E. Madison-st., between La Salle and 5th-av.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT FOR CASH; all kinds of broken, unused, or out-of-style jewelry or silverware, etc.; highest prices paid. Victory Chemical Co., refiners, 103 State-st., Room 601.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY WILL MAKE LOANS ON furniture or diamonds; lowest rates. 88 and 90 Washington-st., Room 54.

WANTED—$6,500 FOR 9 MONTHS; GOOD COLlateral amounting to $35,000; will pay liberal commission. Address N 961, Tribune office.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN—
MRS. DR. TRUENELL,
the noted
PSYCHOLOGIST,
ASTROLOGIST,
MINDREADER, and
FORECASTER,
Is located permanently in the city.

She is the only Scientific Life Reader now before the public.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND HAS COME AND GONE

Mrs. Dr. Truenell is still here and is consulting from 40 to 60 people daily. Through her wonderful development of mesmeric sight she is enabled to search your most secret thoughts, send the penetrating rays of her mesmeric gaze deep down into your soul.

She does not wish to assume a false position before the public. She, therefore, positively asserts that she is not a "TRANCE MEDIUM," was not born with a "DOUBLE VEIL," nor is she a "SEVENTH DAUGHTER" of the "SEVENTH GENERATION," nor any such other medieval nonsense. She deals with the living and not with the dead; shudders at the thought of the sacrilegious practices of invoking the aid of departed kindred. She makes no attempt to account for her seemingly mysterious power. She cannot place its source. She can only give you evidence of her possession of it. Her work is convincing and beyond dispute. Positively no MASSAGE TREATMENT or anything of a questionable character solicited or treated, no hoodooism or witchery, no semi-barbarian act. She is the only person in the United States who has the famous Cleopatra Amulet, through which you can almost defy the elements, mock fate and ignore destiny, court danger with impunity, scorn quarter, bend others to your will, defy enemies, draw friends nearer to you, win their undying love and constancy, gratify your most cherished wish, penetrate the minds of others, attain the highest flights of your ambition, and realize the wildest hopes that lie within the limit of human possibility. It enables you to preserve health and cure many diseases by restoring the animal magnetism so many are lacking. It gives you an influence over the opposite sex and secures you against misfortune, and urges you on to victory in the field of life. All those that are sick and afflicted and doctors have given up should not fail to see her, as she has cured some of the most obstinate cases. It costs you nothing to call and investigate.

Shun delays, they breed remorse;
Take thy time while time is lent thee;
Creeping snails have weakest force—
Flee their fault lest thou repent thee.
Good is best when soonest wrought—
Lingering labors come to naught.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Letters with $1 will receive prompt attention.

Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m., 82 Adams-st., Dexter Building, opposite The Fair; take elevator. (Copyright reserved).

DON'T FAIL TO CONSULT MRS. DR. TRUENELL for advice on business, money matters, changes, travels, love, marriage, domestic troubles, speculation, lost or stolen property, estates, absent friends; tells what you should do to be successful, where to go to avoid misfortune. 84 East Adams-st., Rooms 53 and 54; take elevator.

MME. ROSA, CLAIRVOYANT AND TRANCE medium, guarantees to her visitors complete satisfaction, revealing their most profound secrets and giving an entire life-reading. Celebrated Persian and Egyptian charms and amulets for success in love, marriage, business, etc.; brings the separated together; succeeds in the most obstinate cases where all others fail; seances for mediumistic development; consultation personally or by letter; ladies only. 482 N. Clark-st. Established 1870.

MRS. LAMONT GIVES NAMES IN FULL; ADvice in family, love, business affairs; charms specialty. Call 226 N. Clark-st.

BICYCLES AND TRICYLES.

FOR SALE—PNEUMATIC—CHEAP FOR cash; almost new; cannot use it owing to broken leg; best offer takes it. Address G S 133, Tribune office.

$25 UP—COME AND GET A HIGH GRADE bicycle cheap while they last. THOMAS KANE & CO., 139 Wabash-av.

BICYCLE—GORMULLY & JEFFERY—PNEUmatic; lady or gent; sell cheap. 169 5th-av., L. Burton.

NEW HIGH GRADE PNEUMATIC BICYCLE for rent. FLETCHER & CO., 43 E. Van Buren.

NEW PNEUMATIC SAFETY FOR SALE; $60 cash. FLETCHER & CO., 43 Van Buren-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A SALOON BILLIARD HALL—A FORTUNE—best location West Side; our hands only; don't fail to examine this; $4,500.
Also one with restaurant, very central; $3,000; or sick partner's interest, $1,500.
Locksmith's jobbing shop, established 1858; rare chance; everything needful; $600.
Restaurants, lunch counters, boarding and rooming houses, select and all paying. PHOENIX TRADING CO., Suite 33, 70 La Salle-st.

AN OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED YOUNG MAN with $2,500, $5,000, to enter first-class manufacturing concern; thoroughly established. Address N 924, Tribune office.

A BRIGHT MAN CAN SECURE A HALF INTERest in an old-established office business; clears $400 monthly; $1,000 required. N 986, Tribune.

BUSINESS MANAGER WANTED FOR CORPORAtion being organized; must be well connected and invest $2,500 to $10,000. See MR. PALMER, Helliwell and Treat, Room 67, Hartford Building, opposite Tribune, 10 until 2 daily.

CLOTHING STORE, TOWN 6,000, NEAR CHIcago; best stand in town; owner has other business on hand. Address N 927, Tribune office.

DO YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL, OR EXCHANGE a business? Do you want additional capital in your business? If so see us; we can help you. Call or write for our bulletin; offices in the principal Western cities. Western Business Agency, general offices 321 to 326, 218 La Salle-st.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE — BEST LOCATION and trade in city of 5,000; a bargain at $6,000. Address O 199, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A NEARLY THREE-FOURTHS INterest in a group of five patented gold lodes in Gilpin County, Colo., for $50,000; company out of debt, but has no money; investigation will show that the property is very desirable and the price very low. WM. A. DAVIS, 517½ Chestnut-st., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS PROPERTY, WITH BUSIness of coal and wood, flour and feed. This business is in excellent condition, with a large trade; sell on account of having two business places to attend to. Call in evening, after 7 o'clock, at 1876 to 1880 Milwaukee-av.

FOR SALE — BAKERY, CONFECTIONERY, lunch, and ice cream room in city of 8,000; good trade; 90 miles from city. Call or address 334 Dearborn-st., Room 810.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—WELL-PAYING livery and undertaking business in Lake View; rare chance; investigate; will take some cash and real estate. L. GERLINGER, R. 3, 36 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE AND RENTING BUSIness; long established; no World's Fair fake; owner compelled by failing health to quit the city. Address N 985, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TO PHYSICIAN, MY FURNISHED flat and practice, established 5 years, corner State and Van Buren. Apply immediately DR. SINCERE, 277 State-st.

FINE SALOON AND RESTAURANT — BEST South Side location; a fortune to the right man. FLETCHER & CO., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 617.

FINE SAMPLE ROOM NEAR POSTOFFICE; partners can't agree; for particulars apply at FLETCHER & CO., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 617.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS DOWN-TOWN CIGAR store, cheap; lease running two years; $3,500. Address M B 3, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—MERRY-GO-ROUND; COMplete; best ever built; also organ and 350 opera chairs. Address N 969, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CLEAN STOCK OF general mdse. Box 76, Frankfort, Ind.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS SAMPLE-ROOM; A bargain; near excursion docks. 49 River-st.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT AND BAKERY, '94 lease. Call at 2308 Cottage Grove-av.

O'DONNELL AND DUER BAVARIAN BREWING Co.—One of the largest breweries in the United States; belongs to no syndicate of any kind; parties desiring to go into the saloon business will do well to call on them. Cor. 40th and Wallace-sts.

PATENT—WATSON, PLUMBER, 9 DUNDAS-ST., Toronto, has invented and patented a valuable machine in Canada for purifying the air of closed rooms during the winter season, and will sell the patent or the right to get the patent in the States cheap for cash.

RIGHT PARTY WITH $200 CAN SECURE INTERest in easy, profitable business; investigate. Address N 981, Tribune office.

RESTAURANT AND SAMPLE ROOM, FINEST in city; $4,500; apply ready to do business. Cossey, Rooms 10-11-12, 323 Dearborn-st.

SALE OF PATENT— A timely, very valuable invention (steam cooking apparatus), also patented in the U. S. and Canada, is for sale on favorable terms. Inquiries may be addressed to C. H. 730 Rudolf Mosse, Prag, Austria.

SUBURBAN GROCERY, COAL AND GRAIN BUSIness; $2,500 required; established paying business. A. A. BROCK, Room 77, 119 La Salle-st.

SPOT CASH FOR ENTIRE STOCKS OF MERchandise. Address H. HOMER, 134 Market-st., by mail only.

TO RENT—ROOM IN 17-STORY OFFICE BUILDing for barber shop. Address N 965, Tribune office.

WE HAVE TWO TRANSIENT HOUSES ON THE South Side, 18 and 20 rooms each, rent $60; '94 lease; old established; shows $18,000 profits in three years; price $3,000. FLETCHER & CO., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 617.

WANTED—A CAPABLE MAN WHO CAN INvest $5,000 in a good old company paying dividend, for a good position. This is no scheme. Address M A 176, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MAN WITH $500 TO HANDLE A business in which there is big money. Address N 980, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN INTEREST IN SOME WORLD'S Fair concession. STEWART, 1010 Ashland Blk.

$500—FOR SALE—A FINE RESTAURANT BEtween two theaters; fixtures new; long lease, cheap rent, good trade; compelled to go away. Address N 690, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, household goods. T. P., 21 Park-av.

FURNITURE—
CARPETS—
STOVES—
HOUSEHOLD GOODS.
CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS. $100 WORTH OF GOODS, $5 PER MONTH.

Full 3-piece hardwood bed-room suit.... $ 7.98
Parlor suits from.... 18.00 up
Cook stoves.... 6.45 up
Wood-seat chairs.... 19c
Tables from.... 95c up
Carpets.... 15c up

MARTIN EMERICH OUTFITTING COMPANY.
Leading housefurnishing outfitters,
261 and 263 State-st. Open evenings till 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE—20 SETS BEDROOM FURNITURE surplus of new hotel outfit. Apply at The Rochester Hotel, 23d and So. Park-av.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL & WANTED.

FOR SALE—NICELY FURNISHED FLAT; 8 rooms and bath; lease; North Side; cheap; Address O 193, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, NEAR 31ST-ST., 6-ROOM flat furnished; five windows looking on Michigan-av.; 1894 lease, at $35; price, $600. M A 164, Tribune.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED SIX-ROOM FLAT; rent $22. 409 W. Van Buren-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

WANTED—TO RENT—A LARGE SAFE FOR our hotel at Jackson Park, during the Exposition. BRANDENBURG & GILBERT, 509 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME CHERRY OFFICE partition, 34 feet long, 7 feet high, two doors, brass wicket, cathedral glass; will sell cheap. Inquire OWNER, Room 900, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A NATIONAL CASH REGISTER AS good as new; liberal reduction if taken at once. WALLACH, 188 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—SOME GOOD DESKS, SINGLE AND double. 84 Board of Trade Bldg.

GAS FIXTURES AT FACTORY PRICES; LATest designs and lowest prices. H. S. HOLDEN, 67 and 69 S. Canal-st., near Madison.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF A FIRST-CLASS desk for the very lowest price call at 86 Lake-st., the cheapest place in the city for office furniture, etc. City Office Furniture Co.

WANTED—TO RENT—ELEGANT CHAIRS, SUItable for club room office, during Exposition. BRANDENBURG & GILBERT, 503 Tacoma Bldg.

WANTED—ROLL-TOP DESK, SECOND-HAND, cheap. Address N 971, Tribune office.

INSTRUCTION.

AT THE MUNSON SHORTHAND SCHOOL BUSIness men can procure stenographers of any grade from special lists or our advanced dictation class. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

"BENN PITMAN" SHORTHAND SCHOOL; best and most popular system taught; position furnished free; one month's tuition free for all those entering this month. 810 Ashland Block.

CHICAGO ATHENÆUM, 26 VAN BUREN-ST. Business and Shorthand School; thorough individual instruction; drawing day and evening; electric mechanics, languages. Send for catalogue I.

FRENCH LESSONS BY FRENCH GENTLEMAN, B. A.; best references. S. V., 267 Taylor-st.

GENTLEMAN WANTS TO LEARN TELEGRAPHY. State terms. Address N 988, Tribune office.

PRACTICAL TRAINING BY EXPERIENCED reporter in best system. R. 238 Rialto Bldg.

SCRIPT SHORTHAND STUDENTS GRADUATE in 2 months; adopted by the English Board of Education as the premier system. 269 Dearborn-st.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, Auditorium, Chicago. Special summer courses in French, German, etc.

MUSICAL.

SITUATIONS WANTED—3 MUSICIANS; VIOLIN, cornet, and piano, desire a respectable position for the summer. Address B W 72, Tribune office.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE— HOE PRESS—Seven-column quarto, with stereotype machinery complete; will print 4, 6, or 10 pages Tribune size; capacity, 12,000 8-page papers per hour. Address or call on BUSINESS MANAGER, Tribune Company.

FOR SALE—1 35-H. P. TWIN CYLINDER OTTO gas engine in good order. Address J. F. MITCHELL, 9th and Charlotte-sts., Kansas City, Mo.

PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER TO TAKE THE FINANcial management of an extensive and ... manufacturing business who can invest from $... to $100,000 and his time; good business ... has the money will find this a fine opening. For particulars, M A 169, Tribune office.

WANTED—A LADY WITH SOME MEANS TO assist in new business; large profit; no World's Fair scheme. Address N 9.., Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—ELLIS-AV., NEAR 40TH-ST., 12-room unfurnished house, $125.

Furnished houses and flats, choice South Side locations furnished and unfurnished, for 6 months or more, from $75 to $300 per month. If you want to rent houses or flats, furnished or unfurnished, or choice furnished rooms, we can supply you; call this morning. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

TO RENT—RESIDENCE, 6 MONTHS OR 1 year, a few minutes' walk from World's Fair entrance at 57th and 60th-sts.; an elegant residence, 13 rooms, electric light, hardwood finish, very elaborate large hall with fireplace, large grounds, lot 50x125, beautiful shade trees; look at it; 5748 Kimbark-av. W. A. PRIDMORE, 115 Dearborn-st., Cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 47th-st.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES—FAIR TERM. Drexel-blvd., near 48th-st., elegant 9-room stone, $250. Groveland-av., near 31st-st., 12 rooms, $175. Unfurnished 10 and 12 rooms, $100 and 125. REA & CO., 8 the Rookery. Branch 367 43d-st.

TO RENT—4200 61ST-ST., 7 ROOMS, PER month ... $75; ... Ellis-av., 8 rooms, per month ... 75; ... 9 rooms, per month ... 60; ... Park-av., 12 rooms and barn, per mo ... 125; ... Sidney-av., 7 rooms, per month ... 55; Prairie-av. and 18th-st., 20 rooms, per month ... 500. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED HOUSE, 10 ROOMS. Located within six minutes' walk of World's Fair; house is one of the nicest in Woodlawn; will rent for balance of term or for 60 or 90 days. G. J. M. PORTER & CO., 85 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE, for six months or longer; complete in every particular; 10 rooms; excellent neighborhood; South Side, near Grand-boulevard; house is a new stone-front; modern in every detail; will rent only to private family of adults. For particulars apply to T. F. ANDREWS, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—341 53D-ST., NEAR KIMBARK-AV. and I. C. R. R. and University; elegant new 16-room residence; complete in every detail. HALL, DRESSER & CO., The Temple, 184 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED 10-ROOM FINE RESIDENCE on Michigan-blvd., Prairie-av.; Kenwood and other choice locations, $200 to $5,000 per month. MATSON HILL, 607 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR RENT—A DELIGHTFULLY FURNISHED house in desirable location in Kenwood; large lawn and good stable; for one year. Address M 8 ..., Tribune office.

FOR RENT—20 E. 16TH-ST., 4-STORY BRICK; 14 rooms; newly painted; furniture for sale; large yard; quiet, respectable neighborhood; I. C. R. R. ½ block; splendid for World's Fair.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED—3437 MICHIGAN-av.; immediate possession; everything in first-class order; rent $225. Apply to owner, S. GREGSTEN, Windsor Hotel, 147 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—5721 ROSALIE-CT., 1 BLOCK FROM World's Fair, 9-room residence with all conveniences. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED, PRAIRIE-AV., NR. 29th-st., 15 rooms, $250; Vincennes-av., near ..., 10 rooms, $150; 53d-st., near Fair, 17 rooms, $400. JOHN FRAWLEY, 79 Dearborn-st., R. 1013.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON GROVELAND-av., near 32nd-st. MATSON HILL, 607 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED—DREXEL-BLVD., 9-room house, $600 per month until Nov. 1. G. J. M. PORTER & CO., 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—NEW 12-ROOM HOUSE, 2209A Prairie-av.; two baths; furnace grates, laundry dryers, etc. WINSTON & CO., 88 Washington-st.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—TWO 10-ROOM MODern houses, $100 per month. BROOKS, PARTLOW & ENGLISH, 51 Major Block.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE; $60; ONE mile from Fair. 7709 Greenwood-av.

TO RENT—50 E. 16TH-ST., NEAR MICHIGAN-av.—3-story stone; rent $75; furniture for sale.

TO RENT—1415 MICHIGAN-AV.—A 3-STORY stone-front private residence; furniture for sale.

TO RENT—OPP. WORLD'S FAIR — HOUSES, flats, stores, lots. W. L. ALLEN, 241 E. Madison.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED COTTAGE OF 6 rooms. 5143 Dearborn-av.

North Side.

FOR RENT — $100 — VERY DESIRABLE 16-room house; large yard; view Jefferson Park; would rent for first-class boarding to good party. 419 Monroe-st. Apply 210½ Clark-st., Suite 1, 10 to 12.

TO RENT—$60, AT EDGEWATER, MODERN 10-room house, all conveniences; near lake; steam cars and new electric railroad. W. H. CAIRNDUFF & CO., 501-504 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

TO RENT—534 GARFIELD-AV., FINE MODern 10-room dwelling, $75; near Lincoln Park; 3 years' lease; open for inspection daily. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—HANDSOME PRIVATE DWELLing, 43 Bellevue-pl., near Lake Shore drive; 15 rooms; moderate rent; possession May 1. Tel. 681. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED COMPLETE—MAPLE-st., near Dearborn-av., 3-story brick residence, 13 rooms and bath; 6 or 12 months' lease. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—10-room detached modern residence. 500 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—53 ST. CLAIR-ST., 10-ROOM HOUSE. OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 36 Clark-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON ADAMS-st., near Oakley-av., for 2, 3, or 4 months from June 1 to private family; good combination billiard table and dance hall in same; references required. For particulars, B. C. MILLER, 185 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 ROOM APARTMENTS IN Vernon Park flat building, Polk-st., just east of Center-av.; $20 to $25; new building; janitor service; agent on premises. L. L. COBURN, 1006 Home Ins. Bldg., 200 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT—300 PARK-AV., CORNER LEAVITT, 10-room house; stone front; all modern; good barn. OWNER, 380 Honan-av.

TO RENT—333 LOOMIS-ST., 9-ROOM STONE dwelling at moderate rent. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—1298 WILCOX-AV., NINE-ROOM brick; fine mantels; good location; $50.

Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—A 12-ROOM COTTAGE IN MANitou, Colo; summer climate unsurpassed; location best in town. Apply to W. D. B. MOTTER, St. Joseph, Mo.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES AND FLATS during the World's Fair. Tel. 681. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

Suburban.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE AT MAYfair, either on Northwestern or Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, 30 minutes' ride, for 6 months or more, complete furnished house, with piano, organ, 7 bedrooms, bath, toilet-rooms, hot and cold water, parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, separate laundry, playhouse, elegant barn with 4 stalls, ground 200x250, good walk and drives, excellent water; rent $200 per month. Apply 2213 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—NEAR RIDGE-AV., nice location, furnished house, 12 rooms; modern improvements. E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 125 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT—AT OAK PARK—LARGE LIST OF houses, flats, and rooms, furnished and unfurnished. SMITH & JUNE, 95 Washington-st. Oak Park office, 145 Lake-st.

FOR RENT—AT EVANSTON—8-ROOM HOUSES, $30 and $35, with bath, furnace, etc. W. M. R. ..., 157 Washington-st., Room 9.

TO RENT—HIGHLAND PARK FURNISHED residence for summer months. LAUDER, 94 La Salle-st.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—COTTAGE AT LAKE DELAVAN—A 9-room cottage, completely furnished, at this fine Wisconsin summer resort; a very good barn; the grounds have a frontage of 200 feet on the lake and have a depth of 800 feet; it can be secured for the season or for one year at a most reasonable rental. J. GRAFTON PARKER & CO., 701, 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—10-ROOM FURNISHED house for one year, near Ill. Cent. or "L," $150 per month. BROOKS, PARTLOW & ENGLISH, 51 Major Block.

WANTED—TO RENT—COLUMN OF FURNISHed houses on South Side, 12 or 14 rooms, between Michigan-av. and Lake-st. and 22d and 35th. Address M A 174, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT— IN THE WOODSTOCK FIREPROOF Apartment Building, northwest corner of Wabash-av. and 29th-st.; light and very desirable 7 and 8 room apartments, equipped with
Steam heat, Hot and cold water,
Hardwood finish, Artistic mantels,
Sideboards, China closets,
Tile bathrooms, Refrigerators,
Complete laundries, Sanitary plumbing,
And all modern conveniences; rental moderate.
Apply to J. FOSTER RHODES & CO., 39 Commercial Bank Bldg., Corner Dearborn and Monroe-sts.

TO RENT— EXTRA DESIRABLE.
ONE APARTMENT IN THE DE LEON.
EAST AND SOUTH EXPOSURE.
...-... 42d-place, near Drexel-blvd., elegantly finished, 8 rooms; all large and light; steam heat, janitor service, hot water, tile bath-room, hall tree, sideboard, console, refrigerator; mosaic and marble entrance, shades, screens, etc.; sunlight in every room; apply on premises. W. H. PRUYN, owner.

TO RENT— Elegant new modern flats 7 and 8 rooms, steam heated, hot water, janitor service; S. W. cor. 46th and Lake-av., one block from Ill. Central station; agent on premises from 10:30 a. m. to 5 p. m. every day. Apply afternoons. PHILIP MURPHY, 79 E. Madison-st., 2d floor Boston Store.

TO RENT—8-ROOM FLAT, NEW AND DESIRAble, Indiana-av., near 41st, steam heat, $65. Hyde Park, near Illinois Central, 6 and 7 room flats, steam heat, one year, $50. Furnished FLATS and houses, choice South Side locations and suburbs, for 6 months or more, from $75 to $300 per month. If you want bargains call. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

TO RENT—490 42D-PL., 6 ROOMS, PER MONTH, $40. 3244-46 Wabash-av., 7 rooms, per month, $75. 2921 INDIANA-AV., Corner stone front building, 8-room flats, beautifully furnished; open for inspection. WOODLAWN-AV., Northeast corner 46th-st., handsome new building, convenient to Ill. Central Ry., at 47th-st., 7 and 8-room flats, to be completed soon; open for inspection. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 8-ROOM FLATS, STONE front, with gas ranges, steam heat, circulating hot water, janitor service, etc.; $40 and $35 per month; 6416 to 27 Champlain-av.; handy to station of the elevated railroad at Cottage Grove-av. Apply to E. P. HOTCHKISS & CO., Corner of Sixty-third-st. and Cottage Grove-av. Exclusive agents.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—
THE POTOMAC,
Cor. Michigan-av. and 30th-st.
(The choicest location in Chicago.)
Elegantly appointed apartments of 7, 8, and 15 rooms; steam heat, hot water, electric light, gas ranges and logs, refrigerators, sideboards, etc., furnished to tenants gratis; prices from $85 up; possession now; agent on premises day and evening. W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 and 158 La Salle-st., Exclusive agents.

TO RENT—
Apartments in THE FORESTON.
A new and elegant building corner of Forest-av. and 33d-st., 7 rooms each; complete in all appointments.
Steam heat. Hardwood finish.
Hot water. Mantels.
Laundries. Sideboards.
Gas ranges. Refrigerators.
Janitor service. Screens.
Shades. Marble bathrooms.
Will make 1, 2, and 3 years' leases. WILLIAM M. BAKER, Room 203, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OSCEOLA— 3716 LAKE-AV., Overlooking Lake Michigan. New Fireproof Building. Large, light, and airy apartments, supplied with steam heat, hot and cold water, gas ranges, laundry tubs, clothes-drier, refrigerator, shades, passenger and freight elevators, telephone, wired for electric lighting, hardwood finish, hardwood floors, mantels, and sideboards; entrance hall of mosaic and marble. Each has 7 rooms, large bathroom, and ample closets. Will make advantageous terms for a 2 to 5 years' lease. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT— ELEGANT 10-ROOM APARTMENT at 3519 Indiana-av., third floor; finished in hardwood, with bookcase, sideboard, etc.; steam heat and hot water supplied; janitor; $80. OLIVER SOLLETT, 105, 140 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS—8-ROOM $65, $70; 6 AND 7 room $40 to $70; also furnished 6-room flat, snap, $95; 8-room house $30. MARK E. FRAZIER, 385 55th-st.

TO RENT—566 KENWOOD-PL.—A FINE 8-ROOM flat; steam heat; very convenient. Call for particulars. W. A. PRIDMORE, cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 47th-st.

TO RENT—FLAT—1806 WABASH-AV., 6 ROOMS; all modern conveniences. Apply to S. GREGSTEN, Windsor Hotel, 147 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4047 ELLIS-AV., 7-ROOM FLAT; steam heat; $50. W. B. PHISTER, Ashland Block.

North Side.

TO RENT—
465 DEARBORN-AV.
Elegant 8-room apartments; steam heat, gas ranges and logs, open plumbing, hardwood finish, passenger and freight elevators; reasonable rent; open for inspection.
1503-5 WELLINGTON-AV.,
About one block west of Clark-st. cable cars, elegant 6 and 7 room apartments; steam heat, gas ranges and logs, hardwood finish; rent only $50; open for inspection.
CLARK AND SCHOOL STS.
Elegant 5, 7 and 9 room apartments; steam heat and gas ranges; $30 to $50. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 LaSalle-st.

TO RENT—
"The Mineola" and "The Monterey,"
Southwest corner La Salle-av. and Oak-st.
These fine apartment buildings, just completed, contain modern 6 and 7-room apartments, handsomely finished in hard wood, with hot water heat, hot and cold water, gas ranges, electric lights, window shades and screens, fine elevators, telephone and every possible convenience, including a finely equipped cafe, janitor and bell boy services; moderate rental. GOUDY, SHANKLIN & CO., 84 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—"ALEXANDRIA," 620 TO 630 N. Clark-st., near Lincoln Park and Lake Shore drive. A strictly first-class building with all modern conveniences. Several 6-room apartments left. Open Sunday and during week. HALL, DRESSER & CO., The Temple, 184 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—290 AND 292 RUSH-ST., JUST NORTH of Walton-pl., in the new "Cambria" apartment building; first floor flat of 7 rooms, containing every possible modern convenience; only 15 minutes' walk from business center. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 72 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT— 6-room flat, 421 Superior-st., first floor; steam heat, range, etc.; in first class condition. WINSTON & CO., 88 Washington-st.

TO RENT—THE FINEST FLAT ON THE NORTH Side; elegant location; view of Lake; all modern improvements; steam heat, etc. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., Major Block, 149 La Salle-st. Established 1879.

TO RENT—THE ALTON—TWO 9 AND ONE 5 room apartments in new, beautiful building, modern improvements, janitor service; two blocks from Lincoln Park. 435 and 437 Belden-av.

TO RENT—FLAT SIX ROOMS; STEAM HEAT, gas range, bath, etc. Apply in store, 233 Lincoln-av.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st. 543 Burling-st., 2d flat, 7 rooms and bath, $40.

TO RENT—FLAT, 7 ROOMS, 1000 N. HALSTED-ST. OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 36 Clark-st.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 ROOM APARTMENTS IN Vernon Park flat building, Polk-st., just east of Center-av.; $20 to $25; new building; janitor service; agent on premises. L. L. COBURN, 1006 Home Ins. Building, 200 La Salle-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—NEW MODERN FLATS, 7 ROOMS AND bath, $20 a month, in "The Ayrshire," corner Western-av. and Edbrook-pl.; take Milwaukee-av. cable cars to Western-av. and walk 3 blocks north; everything completed; open for inspection. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st. 1303 Milwaukee-av., 2d front, 5 rooms and bath; steam heat, janitor service; $25.

TO RENT — FIRST-CLASS 7-ROOM FLAT TO first-class tenants; newly papered throughout. Apply at top flat, 484 Van Buren-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE, LIGHT 6-ROOM AND BATH flats; low rent. 282 and 284 S. Robey-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—FLAT BUILDINGS; WE have tenants waiting. W. A. PRIDMORE, cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 47th-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—A 3 OR 4-ROOM FLAT, North Side preferred; state price. Address N 496, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—RETAIL STORES— 1316 Wabash-av. 22d-st., s. e. cor. Armour-av., 7 stores. 35th-st., n. w. cor. Dearborn-st. Stony Island-av., n. w. cor. 64th-st. 3011-3013 Cottage Grove-av. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—THE NEW FIVE-STORY BRICK building 545, 547, and 549 Wabash-av., 67x165; specially adapted for carriage or furniture manufacturers. WALTER H. WILSON, 36 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT—STORE AND ROOMS; GOOD LOcation for saloon or boarding-house; near Stock-Yards; 14 rooms overhead of store; rent $50 per month. E. F. RYAN, 79 Dearborn-st., Room 1444.

TO RENT—SMALL AND LARGE STORES, with steam heat, in McLennan new buildings, 31st-st., cor. South Park and Calumet-avs. Rent $40, $45, and $60. Apply at building.

TO RENT—1906 WABASH-AV., Storeroom, 25x80; immediate possession. EDWIN F. GETCHELL, Home Insurance Building.

TO RENT—496-498 STATE-ST., STORE, 40X100; suitable for garden, restaurant, or saloon purposes. VAN VLISSINGEN & ISMOND, Major Block, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT—STORE, 24X100, NO. 25 MICHIgan-av.; cheap. VAN VLISSINGEN & ISMOND, Major Blk., 149 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FOR SALOON—3011-3013 COTTAGE Grove-av., store and basement, 40x84 ft. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORE, 170 ADAMS-ST., RAND-McNally Bld. Apply to RAND, McNALLY & CO., 166 Adams-st.

TO RENT—FOR SALOON—STORE, 1316 Wabash-av. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—LARGE STORE OR PART; FINE order; good locality. 241 E. Madison-st.

TO RENT—38 STATE-ST.—LARGE STORE OR building, south of Lake-st. 241 E. Madison-st.

TO RENT—LARGE MODERN STORE, BASEment, and barn; rent, $35. 3421 State-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st. 341 S. Canal-st., large store and basement, suitable for wholesale liquor store.

FOR RENT — STORE — 1395 W. 12TH-ST., fronting main entrance to Douglas Park; good location for drug store and soda fountain. S. R. MARTIN, Agent, on premises.

FOR RENT—STORES CORNER TAYLOR AND Aberdeen, 25x80. HARRISON BROS., 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—DRUG STORE IN DENSELY POPUlated neighborhood. Apply Vernon Park Flats, 396 Polk-st., or L. L. COBURN, 201 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DRUG STORE IN DENSELY POPUlated neighborhood. Apply Vernon Park Flats, 396 Polk-st., or L. L. COBURN, 201 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BRICK STORE; 209 W. ADAMS-ST. Room 206, 112 Clark-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—THREE ELEGANT STORES, STEAM heated, in the Majestic, the new 7-story apartment building, corner Rush and Walton-pl.; splendid location for florist, druggist, merchant tailor, millinery, confectionery, etc. G. F. FISCHER, Suite 601, 120 and 122 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—287 E. KINZIE-ST.—STORE AND basement. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—THE STORE ROOM NO. 382 N. Clark-st. H. HAMMOND, 41 River-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—1 AND 3 NORTH CLARK-ST., LIGHT offices, single or en suite; steam heat, elevator, hot water, etc.; $18 to $32 per month. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, ALL SIZES, 182 STATE-ST., opposite Palmer House; passenger elevator and steam heat. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN 38 MODERN BUILDINGS. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.; telephone 681.

TO RENT—OFFICE DESK ROOM OR ½ OF ROOM. 702 Stock Exchange Building, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE AND DESK ROOM. 1313 Masonic Temple.

Lofts.

TO RENT—FLOORS, 50X100, IN NEW BLDG, 18 and 20 Custom House-pl., near Jackson-st.; pass. and freight elevators; electric lights and power. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFT, 100X100 FT., 148 TO 156 Pacific-av. Apply LAZARUS SILVERMAN, 93 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—LOFTS OF ALL SIZES IN MOST ANY location. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HOTELS.

TO RENT—75-ROOM HOTEL, 188 MONROE-ST.; beautiful marble mosaic entrances trimmed with mirrors; fine passenger elevator; full glass round-cornered bay windows, front and rear; will be finished June 1; would put some money in the enterprise. WARREN SPRINGER, 'Phone 4166. 207 S. Canal-st.

TO RENT— Hotels, stores, houses, and flats in vicinity of World's Fair. GALLOWAY, LYMAN & PATTON, Tacoma Building. Branch office, 318 63d-st., adjoining Woodlawn Station.

TO RENT—HOTEL OF 150 ROOMS WITH CAFE on first floor; the building is a handsome and substantial stone front and is located near the Exposition and 63d-st.; we will rent for 6 months at a low rental; call and investigate. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

TO RENT—WORLD'S FAIR HOTELS—CORNERS 6902 Avenue A, 40 rooms, fine order, east of Stony Island-av. 6746 Madison-av., 30 rooms, fine order, west of Stony Island-av. Within 2 and 3 blocks World's Fair. Inquire W. L. ALLEN, Tea Store, 241 E. Madison-st.

TO RENT—HOTELS OF ALL KINDS—WE HAVE a large list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT — DESIRABLE FURNISHED CLUB rooms in the Masonic Temple Building, 9th floor, north and east light, view on lake; size of rooms 15 ft. 6 in. by 27 ft. 3 in. and 31 ft. 3 in. by 22 ft. 9 in.; will rent either single or double; light, water, elevator service. For further information address M A 170, Tribune office.

TO RENT—1906 WABASH-AV., 2d story, 25x160; front and rear entrance; use of freight elevator. EDWIN F. GETCHELL, Home Insurance Building.

TO RENT—2,500 SQUARE FEET IN THE RAND-McNally Building, to be vacated by World's Fair officials; suitable for publishers or subscription book agency; no machinery. Apply to RAND, McNALLY & CO., 166-168 Adams-st.

TO RENT—SPACE TO SUIT FOR OFFICES OR storage on the twelfth floor Lee's Building (fireproof); passenger and freight elevators; cheap. Apply to A. S. KIRK, 147 Fifth-av.

TO RENT—1 AND 3 NORTH CLARK-ST., LARGE basement and sub-basement, suitable for laundry and baths; steam heat, hot water, and power. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—WE HAVE TWO ROOMS IN CLUBhouse suitable for restaurant. Call or address 279 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—6-STORY BUILDING, 254 MADISON-st., near Market-st., for a term of years. Inquire of LAZARUS SILVERMAN, 93 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH POWER; ALL SIZES; we are agents for large list of factory buildings and warehouses. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DOCK OF 150 FT. ON THE NORTH Branch, foot of Lessing-st., near Chicago-av. SCOTT & GAGE, 48 S. Clark-st.

TO RENT—BY HAASE & ANDEREGG, 73 DEARborn-st.—573 Austin-av., elegant corner for saloon; price $55.

TO RENT—FOR WOODWORKERS, FLOORS WITH power. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—60-ROOM HOTEL, CORNER 71ST-ST. and Cregier-av. 6451 Myrtle-av.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO RENT—SECURING TENANTS and collection of rents a specialty; we have the best organized renting department in Chicago; benefited by the services of over 20 experienced men; we handle stores, houses, flats, etc.; your business will be handled with promptness and intelligence without trouble to you; office open day and night. Tel. 681. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—BILLIARD TABLE WITH cue rack, cues, and balls; outfit complete. Call or address 279 Michigan-av.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

199 44TH-ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS WITH BOARD; $10 to $12 per week.

243 MICHIGAN-AV.—DESIRABLE FURNISHED rooms with board; second block south of Auditorium.

270 MICHIGAN-AV.—ELEGANT ROOMS WITH or without board. References.

435 AND 437 WABASH-AV.—HANDSOME double and single rooms; good table; terms reasonable.

1315 LILL-AV.—PRIVATE FAMILY; 2 GENTS or man and wife; rooms, use of parlor, bath, and board. Third flat.

1553 MICHIGAN-AV.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE room, with excellent table; transient and permanent.

1810 MICHIGAN-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, with board; first-class; convenient; residence location.

1921 CALUMET-AV.—MRS. BEARDSLEY'S; ELegant rooms, with board; finest location on South Side for transients.

2251 SOUTH PARK-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board; references.

North Side.

196 LA SALLE-AV.—NICE DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms; good board; walking distance; $6 up.

243 DEARBORN-AV.—VERY DESIRABLE FURnished rooms with first-class board.

262 ONTARIO, ELEGANT FRONT ALCOVE AND other rooms; board optional; references.

372 E. OHIO—FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ELEgantly furnished rooms; $6 up.

381 DEARBORN-AV. — PLEASANT HOME IN small family; excellent table.

395 DEARBORN-AV.—NEWLY AND HANDsomely furnished rooms with first-class board; also entire parlor floor, consisting of three large rooms; will separate.

440 N. STATE-ST.—LARGE AND SMALL FRONT rooms with board; beautiful neighborhood.

West Side.

533 W. MONROE-ST.—HANDSOME FRONT ALcove, with table board.

593 VAN BUREN-ST.—PLEASANT ROOMS WITH first class board; terms reasonable.

Hotels.

"CENTRAL HOUSE 250 STATE-ST., NEAR Palmer House; room 50c a day, $2 a week, with board $1.25 a day, $4.50 a week, upward.

EUROPEAN HOTEL BREWSTER, 292 DEARborn-st., corner Van Buren; central location; lighted by electricity; genial, homelike, economical, and safe; no liquors on the premises; rooms $1 per day up. W. E. MARSH, Jr., of Galt House, Cincinnati, O.

FOR COMFORT, CONVENIENCE, AND ECONOMY try Warde's European Hotel, 61st and Dearborn; 75 cents and $1 per day; no "fire-trap;" modern 3-story brick; proprietor owns; new furniture; clean, respectable; w. of "Fair grounds," 20 minutes' walk; electric cars 1 block; desirable for families or ladies alone; send for circular.

GRESHAM HOTEL, 2242 TO 2250 WABASH-av.; the accommodations of this house will be found first-class in every respect and offers superior advantages to World's Fair visitors; moderate rates.

HOTEL BANCROFT (FIREPROOF), CALUMET-av. and 29th-st., 244 large light and well ventilated rooms, steam heat, hot and cold water, baths on every floor; strictly first-class family hotel; the most desirably located hotel in Chicago; American plan, $2 to $3; European plan, $1 to $2 per day. Write for circular; we will reserve rooms for you.

HOTEL TRENTON, EUROPEAN, 302 DEARBORN-st.; 250 rooms; $1 per day and upwards; newly furnished; modern improvements. H. A GONDEN, Manager.

HOTEL MIDLAND, EUROPEAN, 167 AND 169 East Madison-st.; new and modern; rates $1 per day; strangers should not locate before calling at the Midland. F. H. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

HOTEL KIRKWOOD — 57 PLYMOUTH-PLACE, block south of Postoffice; rates 50c to $1.50; reasonable weekly rates; everything first-class.

HOTEL BALCOM, 4553 WABASH-AV.—FIRST-class accommodations; rooms with board, May and June, $12 per week.

MT. VERNON HOTEL, 59 PLYMOUTH-PLACE, block south of Postoffice; fireproof; elevator, steam; respectable; 50c to $1.50 day; reasonable weekly.

NIAGARA HOTEL—$1 A DAY. JACKSON-ST., bet. Wabash and Michigan-blvd.; 300 rooms.

ST. BERNARD HOTEL, 10 AND 12 E. MADISON-st., Mrs. M. J. JENNINGS, prop. Newly renovated; rooms, $2 and $3 a day.

THE ROCHESTER—FIRST-CLASS EUROPEAN hotel with cafe attached, corner 23d and South Park-av., and in the choice residence district overlooking Lake Michigan, half a block from the 22d-st. depot of the Illinois Central railway, main line to the World's Fair, with trains running every thirty seconds; also with street cars and cable line within two blocks running always, reaching the business district World's Fair theater in a few minutes day or night. Now ready to contract with parties who desire first-class accommodations.

THE PRINCE ALBERT HOTEL—HANDSOME pressed brick building, elegantly furnished rooms, ready for guests; special rates to exhibitors and parties; only 3 blocks west main entrance, 64th-st. gate; location 6437 Star-av.

THE VARSITY HOTEL (NOW OPEN), ELLIS-AV. and 61st-st., walking distance World's Fair; thoroughly dry; steam heat; advance engagements made; rates $1 to $2; cafe in connection.

THE WILTON, 3022 WABASH-AV.—BUILDING and furniture new; rates reasonable; half block from L station.

THE ALBANY — 24TH-ST. AND WABASH-AV.— Newly refitted and furnished; table good. IRA HOLMES, Proprietor.

WINDSOR E. HOTEL, DEARBORN-ST. PARTIES coming to Chicago cannot do better than stop at the old, long-tried Windsor E. Hotel. The house is clean and patronized by none but respectable parties. Rates from 75c to $1.50 per day. S. GREGSTEN, Prop.

WHEN NEAR THE WORLD'S FAIR STOP AT Stony Island-av. Inn, between 68th and 69th-sts., on Stony Island-av.; sleeping apartments, $1; buffet, restaurant; meals at moderate prices. First-class stabling—horses, carriages, and bicycles. 6830 to 6836 Stony Island-av.

WOOD'S HOTEL (EUROPEAN), VAN BUREN and Wabash-av.—Elevator, steam heat, free baths; new, modern; first-class; reasonable prices.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN WANT large and comfortable room on South Side; about $60 a month; will be permanent. References exchanged. Address N 943, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY YOUNG MARRIED couple in private family; south or southwestern suburb. Address N 970, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY YOUNG MAN IN A strictly private family on North Side. Address D K 37, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY GENTLEMAN CHICAGOAN IN strictly private family on South Side. Address, with full particulars, N 953, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY YOUNG LADY DRESSmaker; state terms. Address N 996, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—WE HAVE A COMPLETE LIST OF all desirable rooms in hotels and private residences for World's Fair visitors. Every one inspected and guaranteed safe. Full particulars with photograph at office. We can save you time and money. You run no risk of getting into questionable places or finding a room occupied after hunting it. No charge for services. Chicago Renting Agency (incorporated), Masonic Temple, first floor above main entrance.

TO RENT—WORLD'S FAIR—FURNISHED ROOMS in private residence on boulevard five minutes' walk from three entrances to the Fair, same distance from Ill. Central and cable road; bath; convenient to good restaurants; $2 to $3.50 per day; to first-class parties only. 5739 Washington-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED 3 OR 4 NICE ROOMS AT 5438 Bishop-st., near Garfield-blvd; only 30 minute's ride to World's Fair; with privilege of using horse and carriage. Apply at above address. Terms reasonable.

TO RENT—WE CAN ASSIST PARTIES WHO DEsire to secure rooms either temporarily or permanent in desirable private residences at moderate prices; correspondence solicited. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

TO RENT—SIX OR EIGHT REFINED PEOPLE can be accommodated with rooms in a beautiful private home in choicest locality near World's Fair for 3 weeks to June 10; reasonable rate with breakfast. Address O 213, Tribune office.

TO RENT—GOOD ROOMS AND BREAKFAST, $1.50 per day, in private family; convenient to Fair ground; quiet neighborhood. KRIDLER, 4228 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—2503 MICHIGAN-AV.—A FEW HUNdred nicely furnished rooms in private families, on the finest avenues and boulevards, near World's Fair, $1 to $3 per day; references required.

TO RENT—5 BLOCKS FROM WORLD'S FAIR, second story bedroom for entire season; private family; suitable for gentlemen. No. 5324 Washington-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS to World's Fair guests at reasonable rates; fifteen minutes from grounds and ½ block from Ill. Cent. Depot. Address 3628 Lake-av.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, FOUR BLOCKS south of Fair; very desirable neighborhood; quiet and close to Ill. Cent. Ry.; terms $2 and $3 per day. Address M A 179, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ALCOVE and other rooms by the month or season, cheap to good parties. Call at 2252 Wabash-av., next to Gresham Hotel.

TO RENT—1258 MICHIGAN-AV., FIRST FLAT, handsomely furnished rooms for World's Fair visitors.

TO RENT—4100 INDIANA-AV.; ROOMS FOR World's Fair visitors or others; one block from L station; everything new.

TO RENT — 2222 MICHIGAN-AV.—ELEGANT rooms, with modern conveniences, at reasonable prices.

TO RENT—64 ADAMS-ST., CORNER OF STATE, half block from Palmer House, furnished rooms.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; PRIVATE FAMily; $1 per day; board if desired, 35c per meal. Call or address B. E. WHALING, 3940 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—2619 WABASH-AV., ROOMS WITH private family; modern conveniences; near L station.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; COR. of Wabash-av. and 28th-st., Woodstock Building, Flat 16; gentlemen only; $75 per month.

TO RENT—FOR ROOMS NEAR WORLD'S FAIR apply to the Jackson Park Renting Agency, 5658 Lake-av., up-stairs.

TO RENT—FRONT ALCOVE, SUITABLE FOR two or four, very reasonable. 3975 Vincennes-av., near 40th-st.

TO RENT—PARLOR WITH BEDROOM OFF; east front; south of 23d-st.; Indiana-av.; $30. Address M B 8, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS; private residence, South Side; home surroundings; select parties visiting Fair. P. O. Box 209.

TO RENT—3042 GROVELAND-AV., CORNER 31ST, 2 minutes from I. C. Depot and cable, front rooms, single or en suite; private baths, etc.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOM; splendid accommodations, very reasonable, for two gentlemen. 3017A South Park-av.

TO RENT—FINELY FURNISHED; TWO REGUlar tenants preferred; rates very moderate. Apply 3017A South Park-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS IN A PRIVATE family, two blocks from the Fair grounds. 6916 Kinney-av.

TO RENT—3020 MICHIGAN-AV., NICELY FURnished rooms, en suite or single; breakfast if desired.

TO RENT—ROOMS FOR ONE OR TWO GENTS; private family; east of Calumet, near 31st. Address N 955, Tribune office.

TO RENT—2519 WABASH-AV., NEWLY FURnished rooms, private American family, in three story stone front building; all conveniences.

TO RENT—NICE FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 4 Park-row; hot and cold water, bath; view of park and lake; rates reasonable; single or suite.

TO RENT—1905 MICHIGAN-AV., PLEASANT furnished rooms; reasonable rates.

TO RENT—MRS. MADDUX OF NEW ORLEANS, 2604 Calumet-av., furnished room $1 per day.

TO RENT—FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM FOR 2 gentlemen; $30 per month. 52 24th-st.

TO RENT—271 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURnished rooms, day or week; near Auditorium.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM FOR 4; $2.50 A WEEK each; near "L"; housekeeping. N 947, Tribune.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS; private family. 329 E. 41st-st.

TO RENT—2727 INDIANA-AV., DESIRABLE rooms; moderate prices.

TO RENT—47 33D-ST., 2D FLAT; NEWLY FURnished front and back parlors; private family.

TO RENT — COMFORTABLE FURNISHED rooms. 1537 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, cheap. 1718 Wabash-av., 2d flat rear.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, CONVENIENT to I. C. R. R. and cable. 195 44th-st.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS. 5 Oakland Crescent, Ellis-av. and 41st-st.

North Side.

TO RENT — 194 N. CLARK-ST. — FURNISHED front and back rooms, suitable four adults. Two unfurnished; light housekeeping permitted.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH or without board; 393 Superior-st.

TO RENT—186 E. INDIANA-ST., 2D FLOOR, front room; $1 per day; two gents.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS suitable for two or three gentlemen. 269 Ontario.

West Side.

TO RENT — PLEASANT ROOMS FOR TWO young men or man and wife; modern conveniences. 365 Warren-av.

TO RENT—CONVENIENT FURNISHED ROOMS. Call 3415 Ashland-av.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—5,000 FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED rooms in strictly private families, all parts of city, on boulevards and best streets; price range from $1 per day up; room owners' prices yours; all personally inspected. GRISWOLD & BEDELL, 308 Royal Insurance Bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, strictly high-class, principally in private homes, in city and suburbs, for permanent or "World's Fair" use; also furnished flats and houses. Columbus Boarding Agency, 1004 Ashland Block.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS IN HOTELS and private families. STILL & ROBERTS, Agents, 3023 Armour-av.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS— INTENDING VISITORS TO THE CHICAGO EXHIBITION.
WONDER {
Where to stop.
Where to board.
Where to buy real estate.
Where to lease a store.
Where to lease a house.
Where to hire apartments.
Where places of amusement are to be found.
Point the way through an advertisement in the SUN. Chicago office, Room 914 Boyce Building, 114 Dearborn-st. J. M. YOUNG, Manager. RATES THE SAME AS THOSE CHARGED IN NEW YORK.
The most casual observation will verify THE SUN'S established reputation as the most effective and valuable advertising medium in New York City.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS— INTENDING VISITORS TO THE CHICAGO EXHIBITION
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The most casual observation will verify THE SUN'S established reputation as the most effective and valuable advertising medium in New York City.

WANTED—TO RENT—A COMFORTABLY FURnished room with bathing facilities, by a gentleman who expects to remain in Chicago until close of Exposition; must be either near Exposition grounds or within easy access to one of the rapid transit lines; gentleman expects to entertain friends, hence complete liberty is an indispensable condition. Address, stating price and terms, N 959, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—MAN AND WIFE WANT warm room, with privilege of very light housekeeping, or with two meals per day; cannot pay more than $6 apiece for room and board; near R. L station. Address N 939, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—LARGE ROOM, MODERN conveniences; South Side, north 40th-st., near Ill. Central or cable; gentleman; permanent. Address, stating price, O 196, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—2 FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping; city or suburban; must be cheap; state terms and location. S. A. K., Adams Express office, World's Fair.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM, PERMANENTLY, by a young lady, in private family, South Side, near Elevated, east of State-st.; state price. Address N 383, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—WE CAN ASSIST YOU IN renting your rooms to good desirable people, both permanent and "Fair." F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 ROOMS, NICELY FURnished for housekeeping; gentleman and wife; within 15 minutes from Wabash-av. and Monroe; no World's Fair prices. N 958, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—AN UNFURNISHED front alcove, or two connecting rooms; South Side; nice locality. Address N 941, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—LARGE ROOM, UNFURnished preferred, in private family, West Side. References. Address N 968, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY REFINED COUPLE, 2 rooms, furnished for housekeeping; must be good neighborhood and reasonable. N 992 Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM BY lady stenographer, within six blocks Clark and Division; $10 or $12 per month. F Z 96, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT — GENTLEMAN WANTS single room; board optional; name moderate price. Address K A 29, Tribune office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

LYON & HEALY'S SPECIAL ANNOUNCEment—We present this week the largest and finest stock of slightly-used and second-hand pianos ever assembled within our warerooms. Economically disposed persons should not fail to examine these rare values:

1 Lyon & Healy Upright, 7 octaves	$125
1 New York Upright, good condition	130
1 Bijou Upright, fancy oak case	135
1 New England Upright, excellent condition	145
1 Chase Upright, rosewood, good condition	170
1 Jacob Bros. Upright, slightly used	175
1 Emerson Upright, popular style, almost new	185
1 Washburn Upright, has been loaned only	190
1 large Smith & Barnes Upright	200
1 Everett Cabinet Grand Upright, nearly new	225
1 Fisher Grand Upright, perfect condition	250
1 Ludwig Upright, looks entirely new	250
1 Hallet & Davis Upright, newly overhauled	250
1 Chickering Upright, all improvements	250
1 Fischer Upright Grand, ornate case	350
1 Steinway Upright, practically new	450
1 Knabe Upright, little used	475

And many other equally remarkable offerings. Very few of the above pianos show any trace of wear. Persons at a distance may safely purchase by correspondence, as we agree to pay freight both ways on any piano that does not prove satisfactory. New pianos at a reduction. Of the instruments marked at a reduced price in order to clear one large salesroom at once for special World's Fair Pianos we still have on hand: Knabe uprights, 6 Fisher uprights, 3 Hazelton uprights, 2 McCammon uprights. These pianos are strictly new, and embrace beautiful designs in the richest fancy woods. This is an opportunity never before offered by us; it should not be allowed to pass.

Our piano salesrooms (seven, all upon one floor) will be found the most complete in the city; they afford an unequaled opportunity for intelligent selection. On the one hand, we display the finest creations of the piano maker's art; on the other we show instruments within the reach of the most modest incomes, and in EVERY GRADE A DECIDED PECUNIARY ADVANTAGE, the result of our superior facilities, will be observed. Easy payments when desired. New pianos to rent. Old instruments taken in exchange. Tuning and moving. LYON & HEALY, STATE AND MONROE-STS. N. B.—Our factories (opposite Union Park) produce 100,000 musical instruments annually.

ADAM SCHAAF—
MANUFACTURER OF PIANOS.
BARGAINS IN SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.

9 upright pianos	$125, $135, $145, $165
4 Vose & Sons' pianos	$150, $175, $190, $200
2 Kroeger & Sons	$175, $200
1 Chickering & Sons	$165
3 Schaaf	$165, $175, $200
1 Mathushek	$140
3 Deckers	$175, $200, $225
3 uprights	$50, $75, $100
21 squares, all makes	$20, $50, $75, $100

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
NEW PIANOS TO RENT.
One year's rent allowed if purchased.
SALESROOMS OPEN EVENINGS.
276 West Madison-st., corner Morgan.

PAY BUT ONE PROFIT.
Buy direct from the manufacturer.
OUR FOUR LARGE FACTORIES (eleven acres of floor space) manufacture annually 6,000 KIMBALL PIANOS and 18,000 KIMBALL ORGANS.
Dealers in HALLETT & DAVIS and other pianos. ONE PRICE. ONE PROFIT. PLAIN FIGURES. Easy payments. Satisfaction guaranteed. Pianos rented, also tuned and repaired.
—BARGAINS IN SECOND-HAND PIANOS.—
UPRIGHTS—Demarest, $140; Hale, $145; Arion, $140; Emerson, $60; Emerson, $190; Weber, $260; Kimball, $275; Chickering, $260; Hallet & Davis, $275. All in fine condition.
SQUARES—50 second-hand Squares from $20 to $50.
W. W. KIMBALL CO., Kimball Hall, Wabash-av., near Jackson-st.

ESTEY & CAMP. { 233 STATE-ST., 49-53 JACKSON-ST.
THE LEADING HOUSE.
Pianos and organs of every description, comprising the product of six leading factories.
We can please any taste, and will strive to do so.
Our prices are the lowest consistent with good instruments, and a responsible guarantee.
Our "original" payment plan is so EASY and FAIR that all may buy.
We rent instruments from $3 per month upward, and allow rent paid when purchased.
We do tuning, polishing, repairing, etc., at most reasonable figures, and guarantee our work.
We have a number of second-hand PIANOS from $40 UPWARD; ORGANS $20.
Good opportunities for people of small means.
Catalogues free. Visitors welcome.

BRADBURY PIANOS, Forty years before the public.
BRADBURY PIANOS, Twenty years in the White House.
BRADBURY PIANOS, The choice of President Harrison.
BRADBURY PIANOS, Sweetest toned piano made.
BRADBURY PIANOS, Sold on easy monthly payments.
BRADBURY PIANOS, Sold at manufacturers' prices.
BRADBURY PIANOS, In oak, mahogany, walnut, ash, rosewood, ebony, bird's-eye maple cases.
BRADBURY PIANOS, Some slightly used at great bargains.
255 AND 257 WABASH-AV.

EMERSON PIANO CO. ESTABLISHED 1849.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.
THE EMERSON PIANO Can only be found At our warerooms.
Sold on easy payments if desired.
John W. Northrop, Mgr. Chicago Warerooms. 218 Wabash-av., Near Adams-st.

FOR THE BEST AND SWEETEST TONE PIANO,
For a piano which improves with age,
For a piano of handsome design,
For a piano that will be your delight,
For a piano that sings its own praise,
For a perfect piano go to 219, 21 Wabash-av.

FISCHER UPRIGHT PIANO, $150. Easy Payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

TWO STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS, $125, $200. Easy payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

TRADE AT HEADQUARTERS— If you wish to buy or rent a piano Go to JULIUS BAUER & CO., MANUFACTURERS, the old house, established in 1857. 226 and 228 Wabash-av., near Jackson-st. Large stock! Manufacturers prices! Easy terms!

VOSE & SON'S UPRIGHT PIANO, $155. Easy payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

CHICKERING PIANOS, CHASE BROS. PIanos, and a complete stock of medium priced and second-hand instruments for rent and sale on time payments. CHICKERING-CHASE BROS. CO., 219-221 Wabash-av.

WHEELOCK UPRIGHT PIANO— Nearly new, $200. Cash or payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

LARGEST STOCK AND MOST COMPLETE assortment of high-grade pianos, also church and self-playing organs, at LYON, POTTER & CO.'S Mammoth Music House, 174-176 Wabash-av.

THREE STECK UPRIGHT PIANOS, $150, $190, $210. EASY PAYMENTS. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

SOHMER PIANOS. MATHUSHEK PIANOS.
SOHMER PIANOS. MATHUSHEK PIANOS.
SOHMER PIANOS. MATHUSHEK PIANOS.
Thompson Music Co., Western Agents, 367 Wabash-av.

THREE EMERSON UPRIGHT PIANOS, $160, $185, $200. EASY PAYMENTS. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

3 STEINWAY & SONS UPRIGHT PIANOS, walnuts, ebonys, and mahoganys, $215, $290, and $325 in first-class condition. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

UPRIGHT PIANO, STANDARD MAKE, cost $600; used only six months; fancy case; will sell cheap for cash. Address O 181, Tribune office.

$235 BUYS A SOHMER UPRIGHT PIANO, 3 pedals, all improvements, splendid tone, fully guaranteed, easy payments. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

$135 EACH—TWO UPRIGHT PIANOS, FULL size, standard makes, fully guaranteed. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor Jackson-st.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

ALL DISEASES OF MEN CURED BY CHICAGO Medical and Surgical Institute. 30 Van Buren-st.

DR. CARROLL SKILLFULLY TREATS ALL DISEASES OF MEN; QUICK CURES A SPECIALTY; CONSULTATION FREE. 189 STATE-ST.

DR. STEWARD, LADIES' SPECIAL PHYSICIAN. 113 E. Adams-st., Suite 8, Chicago.

LADIES, ATTENTION—MRS. DR. ZARA TAKES ladies before and during confinement; infants adopted if required; treats all female troubles successfully. 497 Monroe-st.

MRS. DR. SCHWARTZ'S PRIVATE HOSPITAL for all female diseases; separate rooms for ladies before and during confinement; have enlarged and arranged my home to suit rich and poor; all business strictly confidential. 279 W. Adams-st.

THE LEADING PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND specialists of Chicago may be consulted free from 9 to 5 daily at Chicago Medical and Surgical Institute, Van Buren-st. and Wabash-av.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

MRS. ANN FEENY, DECEASED—WANTED INformation of the birthplace, maiden name, and next of kin and their places of residence of Mrs. Ann Feeny, deceased, late widow of Matthew Feeny, and for many years resident of Bolinas, in Marin County, State of California. Dated May 10, 1893. Address Edward Eden, Public Admr. and Admr. of estate of Ann Feeny, decd., San Rafael, California.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE PARTNERship heretofore existing under the firm name of F. M. Doyle & Co., conducting a restaurant business at 208 64th-st., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent by the parties undersigned and that the business will hereafter be conducted by Millssa E. Willard, said Millssa E. Willard to pay all outstanding indebtedness and to collect all bills.
MILLSSA E. WILLARD,
FRANK M. DOYLE.
Witness GEO. W. GEHLBACH.
Chicago, Ill., May 12, 1893.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between S. L. Stein and J. E. Rosch, under the firm name and style of Stein & Rosch, has this day been dissolved by mutual agreement. The business will be continued by S. L. Stein, who assumes all liabilities and to whom all outstanding accounts are payable.
S. L. STEIN,
J. ED ROSCH.
May 13, 1893.

SCALES.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND SCALES, ALL KINDS. Address Borden & Selleck Co., Lake-st., Chicago.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A FAMILY REMOVING THEIR RESIDENCE to an Eastern city and to avoid the annoyance and inconvenience of public auction have decided to sell at private sale all their horses, carriages, and driving paraphernalia irrespective of their original cost and present value: No. 1 is the handsome Kentucky-bred mare Helen Wilkes, 7 years old, 16 hands, perfectly sound, weighs 1,075 pounds; she is very showy and attractive in harness; kind and docile; reliable for any lady to drive; scares at nothing; and with all her good qualities can go a mile better than 2:35; No. 2 is the fine combination mare Hazel, 6 years old, 15½ hands, weighs 950 pounds; sound and gentle; has all saddle gaits; is also well adapted for business or light delivery; No. 3 is the fine high bred seal brown mare Mattie, 6 years old, 15½ hands, weighs 950 pounds, sound and gentle for any lady to drive; has great endurance; can trot in 3:50; has been used principally by ladies in phaeton. Also a superior removable-top surrey with lamps and dress protectors over wheels; light and roomy; a lady's phaeton, loop front, in the most recent style, and a fine top buggy, medium weight; two sets fine single harness; one set surrey harness; several fine blankets, fur and cloth rap robes, etc.; the carriages and a fine top buggy, medium weight, two sets fine single harnesses, one set surrey harness, several fine blankets, fur and cloth lap robes; the carriages and harnesses were purchased new early in March and do not show scarcely any wear; every article will be sold separate and ten days' trial allowed with horses. For all information and examination apply to owner's private barn, 149 N. State-st., bet. Erie and Huron.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME, HIGH-BRED trotting and family mare, Soubret Wilkes, 6 years old, 15¾ hands high, raised in Kentucky, weighs about 1,050 pounds; bred by W. H. Siebold, and when purchased by late owner trotted in 2:39 and repeated in 2:28¼; she is pure gaited; needs no boots or weights; has great endurance; can road 12 miles an hour easily; is fearless of all street obstacles; she cost late owner when purchased two years ago $1,250; she will now be sold for $200 and will guarantee her sound and kind and to trot in 2:30; she is safe for a lady to drive at speed, having been used almost exclusively the past year for family driving, for which purpose she has few equals; also fine Brewster top buggy and lady's phaeton, both in good condition; only reason for selling on account of death of owner. For full particulars apply at stable, rear of private residence, 347 Ohio-st., cor. Pine-st., North Side.

FOR SALE—A PERFECT FAMILY MARE; can be driven by the most inexperienced person; has been used in city for the past eight months by a lady; she is an excellent trotter; can be driven without blind and can be bought at a bargain; only selling as we have more horses than we have use for. Private barn, 65 Maple-st., North Side.

KENTUCKY SADDLE HORSES FOR SALE; remember the place to get the genuine Kentucky saddle or combination horse is at W. C. Roosevelt's, 130 24th-st., as H. G. Buckner of Lexington, Ky., is there with a fine lot.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A NEARLY NEW CUT under extension top family with large fenders and lamps, latest style. Private barn, northeast cor. of Dearborn-av. and Maple-st. North Side.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A FINE LIGHT EXtension top family surrey, used but 3 times. Private barn, 222 E. 28th-st., between Michigan and Wabash-avs.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ALMOST NEW PHAEton, used only two months; or will exchange for light top wagon. Inquire drug store, 3860 State.

FOR SALE—LOW—A HANDSOME, NEARLY new lady's phaeton and harness; private barn; 371 Dearborn-av.; entrance on Maple-st.

AT A BARGAIN—A FINE LOUP FRONT lady's phaeton, only used a few times. Barn 2729 Wabash-av.; must sell this week.

HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS.

ALL CAN SAVE 25 TO 40 PER CENT BY BUYING Coach, Driving, Track, Express, or Farm Harness, Lap Robes, Blankets, Fur Robes, Saddles, Whips, and other carriage and barn supplies of us. We make a specialty of this line of goods. All West Side cable cars pass our factory and salesrooms. Orders promptly executed. Obliging salesmen. Satisfaction guaranteed. COLUMBIA HARNESS CO., Phone, Main, 2,985. 59 and 61 W. Washington-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

A SELECT FAMILY SUMMER RESORT WILL be opened at Highland Park for the season from June 15 to Sept. 15; large grounds, beautiful location on the lake bluff; prices reasonable. R. P. DAVIDSON, Manager, Highland Park, Ill.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON.
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.
I. cabin, $90; II. cabin, $50 and $60. Steamers sail from foot of 2d-st., Hoboken, N. J.
To Southampton (London), BREMEN.

Lahn,	Tues., May 16		Lahn,	Tues., June 13	
Saale,	Sat., May 20		Saale,	Sat., June 17	
Spree,	Tues., May 23		Spree,	Tues., June 20	
Trave,	Sat., May 27		Kaiser W.II.,	Wed., June 21	
Aller,	Tues., May 30		Trave,	Sat., June 24	
Ems,	Sat., June 3		Aller,	Tues., June 27	
Havel,	Tues., June 6		Ems,	Sat., July 1	
Elbe,	Sat., June 10				

MEDITERRANEAN LINE.
New York and Genoa less than Eleven Days.

Kaiser W.II., May 13, 10am	Fulda, Sat., July 15, 10 am
Werra, Sat., May 27, 10 am	Werra, Sat., Aug. 5, 10 am
Fulda, Sat., June 10, 10 am	Fulda, Sat., Aug. 19, 10 am
Werra, Sat., July 1, 10 am	Werra, Sat., Sept. 9, 10 am

Passage, $100, $125, or $150 a berth, first cabin.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

AMERICAN LINE—
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON & LONDON every Saturday.
Shortest and most convenient Route to London.

S. S. New York ... May 20	S. S. Paris ... June 3
S. S. Chester ... May 27	S. S. Berlin ... June 10

Passengers land at Empress Dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender.

RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP every Wednesday.
Short and direct route to the Continent.

S. S. Friesland ... May 24	S. S. Westernland ... June 7
S. S. Penland ... May 27	S. S. Noordland ... June 14
S. S. Rhynland ... May 31	S. S. Waesland ... June 21

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, General Agents, 32 Clark-st., Chicago.

THE OLD RELIABLE CUNARD LINE. ESTABlished 1840. Carrying the U. S. and British mails. "Campania," "Lucania." The New Twin Screw Steamships, 620 feet long, 12,950 tons, 30,000 H. P., positively the largest, fastest, and most magnificent steamers in the world. "UMBRIA," "ETRURIA," "AURANIA," "SERVIA," and others, averaging over 510 ft. long, 7,500 tons, and 14,000 horse-power. The whole comprising an incomparable fleet of fast Express passenger steamers. The character, record, and general reputation of this line for safety, comfort, and speed (having never lost a passenger during the 53 years of its existence) need no comment. F. C. WHITING, Mgr. West. Dept., 131 Randolph.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO.
Express Steamer Service.
New York, Southampton (London), Hamburg—Magnificent new twin screw steamers of 13—16,000 h. p. This line holds the record for fastest time to London and the Continent.
SPRING SAILINGS EVERY THURSDAY.

Augusta Victoria ... May 18	Columbia ... June 8
Normannia ... May 25	Augusta Victoria June 15
Fuerst Bismarck ... June 1	Normannia ... June 22

Hamburg-American Packet Co. Gen. Passage Offices: 37 Broadway, New York. 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE. FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE—PARIS, EVERY SATURDAY. Company's entire fleet composed of large, fast express steamers, which make the voyage regularly in one week; no crossing of Channel, no tedious delay at seaport. MAURICE M. KOZMINSKI, General Western Agent, 166 Randolph-st.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS AND U. S. MAIL LINE for France and Germany. Sailing every Saturday and alternate Wednesday between New York and Rotterdam or Amsterdam via Boulogne sur Mer. For full information about rates, sailing, etc., apply to General Western Passenger Agency, 86 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

Lake Navigation.

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO ST. JOSEPH AND BENton Harbor, Mich.; steamer leaves 9:30 a. m., returns same evening; $1 round trip; also 11 p. m. ex. Sundays, connecting with the Chicago and W. Michigan (Big 4) and Vandalia Rys.; dock foot Wabash-av. J. H. GRAHAN, Pres.

GOODRICH LINE—DAILY FOR RACINE, MILwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Ludington, Manistee at *7 p. m. Daily for Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids, etc., 7:30 p. m. Twice a week for Green Bay, Manistique, and way ports on Tuesday and Saturday at 7 p. m. *Sunday exc. Office and Dock, foot Michigan-av.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY—Ticket offices, 206 and 208 Clark-st., Oakley-av. Station, and depot corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Lincoln, Sioux City, Ogden, San Francisco, Portland and the West	†12:15 pm	† 2:15 pm
	* 5:20 pm	* 8:15 am
	*10:15 pm	*11:00 am
	*10:40 pm	* 7:00 am
Black Hills and Deadwood	* 5:20 pm	* 8:15 am
Duluth and Superior Special	* 5:50 pm	* 7:45 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Madison, and the Northwest	† 8:15 am	† 7:45 am
	* 6:00 pm	* 9:30 am
	*10:30 pm	* 9:35 pm
Iowa and the Dakotas	* 5:20 pm	† 8:15 am
La Crosse, Winona, Sparta	* 8:15 am	* 8:00 am
	*10:30 pm	† 6:15 pm
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Green Bay, Menominee	†11:30 am	* 6:45 pm
	* 8:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Oshkosh, Appleton, F. Howard	* 3:00 pm	† 1:30 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	* 5:00 pm	*11:30 am
	†11:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Marquette and Lake Superior	* 8:00 pm	* 7:00 am

Milwaukee and Racine—Leave, †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., *3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m., *9:00 p. m., *11:00 p. m.; arrive, *7:30 a. m., *10:00 a. m., *1:30 p. m., †4:00 p. m., *6:45 p. m., *9:45 p. m. Waukesha and Madison—Lv., †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m.; ar., *10:00 a. m., †1:30 p. m., †6:45 p. m. *Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Mon. §Ex. Sat.

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT DEARBORN STATION. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hotel.

Dec. 11, 1892.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati, "The Velvet"	*10:30 am	* 5:20 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati, "The Electric"	* 8:35 pm	* 7:35 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:30 am	* 6:15 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:05 pm	* 8:12 am
Lafayette Accommodation	* 3:15 pm	*10:30 am

*All trains daily.

CHICAGO & ALTON—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Vestibuled Express	† 2:00 pm	1:15 pm
Kansas City and Denver Lim	* 6:00 pm	10:00 am
Kansas City, Colorado & Utah	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
St. Louis Limited	*11:00 pm	4:45 pm
St. Louis Palace Express	* 8:35 pm	7:15 am
Springfield & St. Louis Day Ex	* 9:00 am	7:00 pm
Springfield & St. Louis Night Ex	*11:30 pm	7:15 am
Joliet and Dwight Accom	† 5:05 pm	† 9:00 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN. Continued.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PAC. RY.—PASSENger Station, Van Buren-st., one block south Board of Trade. City Ticket office, 104 Clark-st.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Illinois and Iowa Mail	† 8:15 am	† 7:00 pm
Rocky Mountain Lim. to Den., C. Spgs. and Pueblo via Lincoln	*10:25 am	* 8:00 pm
Peoria Express	*12:45 pm	* 1:35 pm
Council Bluffs and Omaha Ex	*12:45 pm	* 1:35 pm
Minneapolis, St. P. & Sioux Falls	* 3:50 pm	*11:15 am
St. Joe, Atch., & Leavenworth	* 3:50 pm	*11:15 am
Joliet Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 9:20 am
Peru Accommodation	† 4:50 pm	†10:20 am
Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, via Kansas City, Vestibuled	* 6:00 pm	*10:00 am
Denver, Colo. Spgs. & Pueblo via Omaha & Line (Big Five)	*10:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Council Bluffs and Omaha	*10:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Minneapolis & St. Paul	*10:30 pm	† 7:15 am
Denver, via Kansas City	*11:15 pm	* 6:50 am
St. Joe, Atch., and Lvnwth Ex	*11:15 pm	* 6:50 am
Peoria Night Express	*11:15 pm	* 6:50 am

*Daily †Ex. Sunday ‡Ex. Saturday ¶Ex. Monday

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. Trains for the south can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park Stations. City ticket office, 194 Clark-st.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago & N. Orleans Limited	2:00 pm	6:45 pm
Chicago and Memphis	2:00 pm	6:45 pm
St. Louis Diamond Special	9:00 pm	8:10 am
New Orleans Fast Mail	3:50 am	12:20 pm
St. Louis and Texas Express	8:35 am	7:20 pm
New Orleans & Memphis Exp	9:00 pm	7:20 am
Kankakee & Bloomington Pass	4:30 pm	10:40 am
Kankakee & Champaign Pass	5:20 pm	9:50 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux City & Sioux Falls Fast Line	1:30 pm	1:05 pm
Rockf'd, Dubuque, Sioux City	a11:35 pm	7:00 am
Rockford Passenger	3:30 pm	10:30 am
Rockford & Freeport Pass	5:25 pm	10:10 am
Rockford & Freeport Express	* 8:30 am	
Dubuque & Rockford Express		* 7:30 pm

aOn Saturday night runs to Waterloo only. §Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE, C. B. AND Q. RAILroad.—Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark street and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Streator	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Rockford and Forreston	† 8:20 am	† 7:25 pm
Local Points, Illinois and Iowa	†11:20 am	† 2:40 pm
Denver and San Francisco	*12:45 pm	* 8:20 am
Rochelle, Rockford, Mendota	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Rock Falls and Sterling	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs & Deadwood	* 5:30 pm	* 8:20 am
Deadwood and the Black Hills	* 5:30 pm	* 8:20 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph & Atch	* 6:10 pm	*10:15 am
Hannibal, Galveston & Texas	* 6:10 pm	*10:15 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:15 pm	* 9:00 am
Streator and Ottawa	* 6:15 pm	* 9:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 9:30 pm	* 7:10 am
Kansas City, St. Joe, & Atchison	*10:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Omaha, Lincoln and Denver	*11:00 pm	* 8:45 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE R. R.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, cor. Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket office 212 Clark, cor. Adams.

*Daily †Except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis and Peoria Express	* 7:35 am	* 8:00 pm
Galesburg and Ft. Madison Ex	† 9:25 am	† 5:20 pm
Joliet Express	† 1:05 pm	† 8:00 am
Colorado and Utah Express	* 5:00 pm	*11:00 am
Fort Worth and Galveston Ex	* 5:00 pm	*11:00 am
Joliet and Streator	* 5:20 pm	*10:05 am
Pekin Express	† 5:20 pm	† 1:30 pm
St. Louis and Pekin Red Ex	* 7:35 pm	* 7:55 am
California Limited	* 8:30 pm	* 9:10 am
California Fast Express	* 8:30 pm	* 6:30 am
Kansas City Fast Mail	* 8:30 pm	* 9:10 am
Joliet Express	*11:45 pm	* 6:35 pm
Kansas City Express	* 3:00 am	* 6:30 am

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY. City ticket office, 207 Clark-st. Telephone 2190. Passenger station Canal, Madison, and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul and Minneapolis	b 8:30 am	b10:00 pm
St. Paul and Minneapolis	a 5:30 pm	a 7:30 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	a10:30 pm	a 6:45 am
Omaha, Sioux City	a 5:30 pm	a 9:30 am
Omaha, Sioux City	a11:00 pm	a 7:15 am
Nor. Iowa & Sou. Minnesota	a 3:00 pm	a 8:00 am
Marquette and Nor. Michigan	a 8:30 pm	a 7:00 am

Milwaukee—Leaves b 8:30 am, b11:30 am, b1:00 pm, b3:00 pm, a6:00 pm, a8:00 pm, a10:30 pm; arrive a6:45 am, a7:00 am, a9:30 am, b11:30 am, b1:00 pm, b4:00 pm, a6:30 pm, b10:00 pm, at 1:45 pm. a Daily. b Except Sunday. c Sunday only.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 230 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, and Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute and Evansville	† 8:00 am	† 7:25 pm
Terre Haute and Evansville	* 8:55 pm	* 6:55 am
Chicago and Nashville Limited	* 4:00 pm	*10:40 am
Goodland and Attica	† 4:00 pm	† 9:55 am
Southern Mail and Passenger	* 3:20 am	
World's Fair Special		*10:00 pm
Chicago and Terre Haute Pass	† 1:55 pm	† 2:40 pm

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS! DUBUQUE AND DES MOINES! Chicago Great Western Ry. Co. Grand Central Station, Fifth-av. and Harrison-st. City office, corner Clark and Jackson-sts. (Phenix Bldg.)

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
*St. Paul and Minneapolis	9:15 am	10:30 pm
†St. Charles and Sycamore Local	11:35 am	3:55 pm
*Sycamore and Byron Local	3:10 pm	10:20 am
†St. Charles and Sycamore Local	5:35 pm	7:50 am
*St. Paul and Minneapolis	6:00 pm	9:10 am

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES—*Da. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex Mon. §Ex. Sun. & Mon. x Ex. Sat.

	Lv.	Arr.
St. Paul, Minneapolis and Pacific Express	* 5:00 pm	*7:15 am
	*10:45 pm	*10:05 am
Ashland, Iron towns, and Duluth	* 5:00 pm	‡7:15 am
	x10:45 pm	*10:05 am
Chip. Falls & Eau Claire Ex	†8:00 am	†7:45 pm
Waukesha Ex	†2:30 pm	§12:30 am

EASTERN.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES—CHICAGO—UNION PASSENGER STATION, Canal street, between Adams and Madison. TICKET OFFICES at Station and at 248 Clark street, cor. Jackson. THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS: *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

FROM CHICAGO TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Mansfield & Pittsburg	† 7:15 am	† 5:25 pm
Dayton & Cincinnati	* 9:45 am	* 5:25 pm
Indianapolis & Louisville	* 9:45 am	* 5:25 pm
Columbus & East	* 9:45 am	* 5:25 pm
Philadelphia & New York	*12:30 pm	*10:00 am
Baltimore & Washington	*12:30 pm	*10:00 am
Washington & New York	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
Pittsburg & East	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
New York & Philadelphia	* 5:00 pm	*12:01 pm
Pittsburg & Washington	* 5:00 pm	*12:01 pm
Columbus & Cincinnati	* 8:20 pm	* 7:20 am
Dayton & Springfield	* 8:20 pm	* 7:30 am
Louisville & Indianapolis	* 8:20 pm	* 7:30 am
Mansfield & Youngstown	*11:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Pittsburg & East	*11:30 pm	* 6:25 am

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, NEW YORK CENTRAL, and Boston and Albany railroads—"The Niagara Falls Route." Trains leave and arrive at new Central Station on Lake-Front, foot of Park row, and at 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park. City Ticket Office, 67 Clark-st.

Nov. 20, 1892.	Leave. Chicago.	Arrive. Chicago.
Mail and Accommodation	† 7:05 am	† 7:25 pm
Detroit Day Express	† 5:00 am	† 3:55 pm
Grand Rapids via New Buffalo	† 9:00 am	† 3:55 pm
The North Shore Limited	*12:20 pm	* 4:30 pm
Fast New York Express	* 5:20 pm	* 9:00 pm
Grand Rapids Line via Kala'zoo	† 3:10 pm	† 3:55 pm
Niles Accommodation	† 3:55 pm	†11:10 am
Niagara Falls & Buffalo Special	* 4:55 pm	*10:15 am
Grand Rapids Solid Train	† 5:25 pm	† 6:45 pm
Detroit Night Express	‡ 9:30 pm	¶ 6:50 am
Grand Rapids Solid Train	*11:15 pm	* 7:05 am
Fast Atlantic Express	*11:45 pm	* 7:55 am
Grand R'ds Line, via Kala'azoo	*11:45 pm	* 6:50 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. ¶Ex. Monday.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO.—DEPOT GRAND CENtral Passenger Station, also Ogden-av. City office, 193 Clark.

No extra fares are charged on the B. and O. Limited trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local	† 6:05 am	6:40 pm
New York and Washington Vestibuled Limited	*10:45 am	* 9:35 pm
New York, Washington, and Pittsburg Vestibuled Limited	* 4:55 pm	*11:55 am
Local	3:55	9:45
Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Wheeling Limited	* 6:40 pm	* 7:40 am
Night Express	* 9:50 pm	* 6:00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

CHICAGO AND GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY—Depot, corner Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket offices No. 103 Clark-st. and Depot. Apply at ticket offices for suburban train time tables.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail and Express	† 8:40 am	† 7:00 pm
Limited Express	* 3:00 pm	* 9:20 pm
Day Express	*11:25 am	* 4:50 pm
Atlantic and Pacific Express	* 8:15 pm	* 8:00 pm
Detroit, Mt.Clemens & Sag'n'w	* 8:15 pm	* 8:00 pm
Funeral train	*12:00 m	* 3:25 pm

WABASH RAILROAD.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 201 Clark-st.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago & St. Louis Lim	*10:32 am	† 5:13 pm
St. Louis, Peoria & Tex. Expr	* 8:25 am	* 6:00 pm
Kansas City & Texas Express	† 2:32 pm	† 1:00 pm
St. Louis & Peoria Vestibule Ex	* 9:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Peoria & Forest Accom	* 4:35 pm	*10:10 am
Detroit, New York & Bos. Lim	* 2:30 pm	*10:15 pm
Detroit, New York & Boston Ex	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto & Montreal Express	* 2:30 pm	*10:15 pm
Toronto & Montreal Local Ex	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Chicago & Detroit Local	† 8:30 am	† 6:15 pm
Det., Niag. Falls, N. Y. Ex	*10:00 am	*10:10 am

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE, NEW YORK CENtral & Hudson River, Boston & Albany Railways.—Depot, Van Buren-st., opposite Board of Trade Block. Ticket offices—66 Clark-st., depot, and 22d-st.

§Daily. *Sunday excepted.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago and Buffalo Accom	* 7:10 am	* 6:45 pm
N. Y. Fast Mail (via Old Road)	§ 8:00 am	§ 9:10 am
Boston and New York Special	§10:30 am	§ 3:00 pm
Atlantic Express	§ 3:10 pm	§ 9:00 pm
New York & Chicago Limited	§ 5:30 pm	§ 9:45 am
New York & Boston Express	§ 7:45 pm	§ 7:35 am
N. Y. Express (via Old Road)	*11:30 pm	§ 7:00 am
Elkhart and Goshen Accom	* 4:05 pm	*11:10 am

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILROAD)—Ticket offices 242 Clark-st., Grand Pacific Hotel, and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., cor. Fourth-av.

x Daily. o Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
New York, Boston & Phil'a Ex	x 7:45 pm	x 8:20 am
NY., Boston & Phil'a Vest. Lim	x 2:00 pm	x 8:50 pm
Lima, Marion and Columbus	o 7:30 am	o 6:55 pm
Jamestown & Buffalo Vest. Lim	x 2:00 pm	x 8:50 pm
North Judson Accommodation	x 5:15 pm	x 9:40 am
Columbus, Jamestown and Buffalo through express	x 7:45 pm	x 8:20 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion 12th-st. and Park row and 22d and 39th-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hotel.

All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Lafayette, Indianapolis, Cincinnati Day Express	9:15 am	5:35 pm
Do Night Express	8:30 pm	7:45 am

RATES ARE TOO HIGH.

UNLESS REDUCTION IS MADE PEOPLE WILL NOT VISIT THE FAIR.

Western Railroad Managers Will Meet Next Friday to Consider the Situation—Indications Are That Lower Rates Will Be Agreed Upon—Colorado Local Rates Restored—East Bound Shipments Are Unsatisfactory—Lomax Fears More Trouble—Other Railway News.

Now that the Colorado passenger rate war has been brought to a close and rates locally between Colorado points restored to the old basis, attention is directed to the question of World's Fair rates from all points in the West. The fight between the Santa Fé's Midland and the Denver and Rio Grande railroads pulled down the World's Fair rates from $49 to $30, Denver to Chicago and return. There is no probability that the World's Fair rate from Colorado to Chicago will be restored to the $49 basis. Large numbers of return coupons of the $30 war rate have found their way into the hands of scalpers, and to advance rates to the former basis would give the bulk of the business to the scalpers. All but two or three of the roads are agreed that the World's Fair rates are too high, and that a reduction has to be made not only from Colorado points but from all points in the West if the railroads propose to do a large business. The fact has been well established that the people in the West will not come to the Fair unless lower rates than are now in effect are made.

Most of the roads are now doing a lighter business than they did last year, and all of them expected that even during May they would be far ahead of last year. People who travel in the spring and summer have always enjoyed tourist rates at about two cents a mile, or took advantage of such large gatherings as the Grand Army encampment, Christian Endeavor, National Educational Association, etc., for which the rate has always been one fare for the round trip. The World's Fair rates as agreed upon by the roads from the West are nearly a fare and one-half for the round trip and people do not propose to pay a higher fare in coming to the World's Fair than they did formerly in attending a small meeting or convention, or going to some summer resort in the East or West.

A meeting of the General Managers and General Passenger Agents of all the lines east and west of the Missouri River was called yesterday by Chairman Caldwell to be held at the association rooms in the Rookery next Friday, May 19, to consider what action shall be taken as regards World's Fair rates from the West. The Santa Fé and Rio Grande are virtually agreed that a rate higher than $35 for the round trip, Denver to Chicago, would prove an injury to the roads. There is also a feeling among some of the roads that the round-trip rate from Kansas City to Chicago ought not to be more than $16. If these rates are adopted the rates from all other points will have to be scaled down correspondingly. These rates of course are for first-class trains and do not apply to special excursions, for which much lower rates will be made.

As regards the Eastern roads there is as yet no sign that they mean to put down their rates to a reasonable figure, although they are suffering even more than the Western lines from lack of business. There can be no doubt, however, that if the Western roads cut down the rates the Eastern roads will be compelled to follow suit.

FREIGHT SHIPMENTS TO THE EAST.

Railroads Carried About the Same Tonnage as for the Week Previous.

While east-bound freight shipments by the all-rail lines from Chicago last week were about the same as for the week previous, yet the officials of the road are far from satisfied, as they expected a material increase. There is but little chance of an improvement in east-bound freight business by the all-rail lines before next fall unless a decided break in rates should occur. Shippers find it to their advantage to send their freight by lake, as they save thereby considerable money, owing to the lower freight charges made by the lake lines. Even with the lower rates the lake lines fall to get as much business as anticipated. Since the first fleet started from this port about two or three weeks ago shipments have been gradually falling off. Last week's shipments by lake from Chicago were only 55,737 tons.

The total shipments of flour, grain, and provisions from Chicago through to seaboard points and for export by the various Central Traffic Association roads for the week ending last Saturday amounted to 26,452 tons, against 26,482 tons for the week previous and 15,954 tons for the corresponding week last year. Flour shipments last week were 3,888 tons, against 1,064 tons for the same week last year; grain, 16,095 tons, against 9,222 tons; provisions, 6,467 tons, against 5,668 tons. The percentages carried by the various roads were as follows: Baltimore and Ohio, 7.2; Big Four, 6.6; Chicago and Erie, 4.4; Chicago and Grand Trunk, 15.5; Lake Shore, 16.8; Michigan Central, 13.2; Nickel Plate, 6.3; Pan Handle, 7.3; Fort Wayne, 16.5; Wabash, 6.2.

The total shipments of all kinds of freight, except live stock, coal, and iron, from Chicago to through and local points in the East by the various east-bound roads during the last week amounted to 58,390 tons, against 52,536 tons for the week previous, and 50,619 tons for the corresponding week last year. The tonnage carried by the various roads was as follows: Michigan Central, 7,857; Wabash, 3,885; Lake Shore, 11,573; Fort Wayne, 8,324; Pan-Handle, 6,478; Baltimore and Ohio, 3,203; Chicago and Grand Trunk, 4,656; Nickel Plate, 4,499; Chicago and Erie, 6,260; Big Four, 1,857.

Lomax Fears More Trouble.

OMAHA, Neb., May 15.—[Special.]—So far as the Union Pacific-Rio Grande Western fight is concerned the situation is unchanged, and Passenger-Agent Lomax announced this morning that he would not go lower in the rate war unless the Rio Grande Western showed some disposition to cut rates, when he would meet them, but at present he had no idea of continuing the war beyond its present limits. Speaking generally of the outlook in the East Lomax said: "The situation grows more precarious as we near May 20. While the newspapers say there is an agreement between Presidents Reinhart and Jeffery, they are silent as to the withdrawal of the Santa Fé from the Western Passenger Association, and this naturally brings forebodings as to the future. President Reinhart's position that all the railroads must come into the fold within the time specified naturally complicates matters, and I am looking for very lively times about next Monday. Still, there is a hope that the war will not be inaugurated, and that for the rest of the summer we will have smooth sailing."

Will Not Benefit Clergymen.

Subsequent to the promulgation of the rates and arrangements adopted by the Western Passenger Association lines for World's Fair business the question arose as to whether the one-way reduced rates, made on account of the World's Fair, could properly be used as a basis in making half rates for clergymen, or others coming under the half fare rule, or in the sale of reduced rate tickets on certificate plan. The matter has been made the subject of a ruling to the effect that the World's Fair one-way rates, as authorized and made effective by lines in the territory of the Western Passenger Association, are special reduced rates of a temporary character, made for a special purpose, and as such are entirely distinct from the regular one-way standard tariff rates, and as the Western Passenger Association agreement provides for the use of the regular standard rates for that purpose, the special reduced one-way World's Fair rates cannot properly be used as a basis in the sale of half rate tickets to clergymen and others. It is provided, however, that the reduced World's Fair rates, both one-way and round-trip, may be used in the sale of tickets to children.

Sioux City and Northern's Election.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., May 15.—[Special.]—At the directors' meeting of the Sioux City and Northern railroad today Clarkson Lindley, M. D. Grover, and W. E. Dodge represented the James J. Hill interests. A. S. Garretson was elected President C. L. Wright Vice-President, and G. W. Oakley Secretary and Treasurer.

Railroad Notes.

John Ledyard, Live Stock Agent of the Rock Island at the Union Stock-Yards for many years past, died yesterday morning. He had been in the service of the Rock Island for the last thirty-six years and was over 70 years of age at the time of his death.

The passenger department of the Central Traffic Association has agreed to grant excursion rates at a fare and one-third for the round trip for the following occasions: Butchers' National Protective Association, Evansville, Ind., May 23 to 27, from Central Traffic Association territory; General Synod of the Reformed Church of the United States, Reading, Pa., May 24 to June 2, from all association points.

CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS

THE NORTHERN TRUST CO. BANK

SURPLUS $275,000.00

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Receives current deposit accounts, which are subject to check, and pays interest thereon.

Issues Certificates of Deposit on which special rates of interest are allowed. Parties having special or idle funds, and who do not care to open an account, will find these Certificates advantageous.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Pays four per cent interest on savings deposits.

TRUST DEPARTMENT.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian and Trustee under Wills or otherwise, and executes Trusts of every description.

An Interview Requested.

DIRECTORS.

A. C. BARTLETT of Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co.
J. HARLEY BRADLEY - of David Bradley Mfg. Co.
H. N. HIGINBOTHAM - - of Marshall Field & Co.
MARVIN HUGHITT, Pres. Chicago & North-West. Ry
CHAS. L. HUTCHINSON, Pres. Corn Exchange Bank.
A. O. SLAUGHTER - - - of A. O. Slaughter & Co.
MARTIN A. RYERSON - - of Martin Ryerson & Co.
ALBERT A. SPRAGUE - of Sprague, Warner & Co.
BYRON L. SMITH - - Pres. The Northern Trust Co.

CITY OF DETROIT.

Controller's Office, May 15th, 1893.

PARK IMPROVEMENT BONDS

OF THE CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until Monday, May 29th, 1893, at 12 o'clock, noon, local time, for the purchase of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of Park Improvement Bonds of the City of Detroit, Mich., of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payable in the City of New York. Bonds will be dated July 1st, 1893, and payable thirty years from date of issue. This issue is the last of a series of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars authorized by Act No. 444 of the Legislature of the State of Michigan, approved June 21st, 1889. Bonds will be registered or coupon, as may be preferred, and bidders will so state in their bid. On delivery of bonds accrued interest, if any, will be charged. The right to reject any, a part, or all bids is expressly reserved. Bids to be indorsed "Proposals for Park Improvement Bonds," with the names of bidders. PATRICK BARRY,
Deputy and Acting Controller.

CITY OF DETROIT.

Controller's Office, May 15th, 1893.

BOULEVARD IMPROVEMENT BONDS

OF THE CITY OF DETROIT.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until Monday, May 29th, 1893, at 12 o'clock, noon, local time, for the purchase of One Hundred Thousand Dollars of Boulevard Improvement Bonds of the City of Detroit, Mich., of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payable in the City of New York. Bonds will be dated August 1st, 1893, and payable thirty years from date of issue. This issue is the last of a series of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars authorized to be issued by Act No. 389 of the Legislature of the State of Michigan, May 8th, 1889. Bonds will be registered or coupon, as may be preferred, and bidders will so state in their bid. On delivery of bonds accrued interest, if any, will be charged. The right to reject any, a part, or all bids is expressly reserved. Bids to be indorsed "Proposals for Boulevard Improvement Bonds," with the name of bidder.
PATRICK BARRY,
Deputy and Acting Controller.

OFFICE OF
The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co

Chicago, April 15, 1893.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the by-laws of the company, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company in Chicago, Illinois, at 11 o'clock a. m. Wednesday, May 17, 1893, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, to consider the question of changing the date of the annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

The transfer books will be closed from April 17th to May 17th, both inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

J. M. FORBES, Chairman.

Chicago City Mortgages,

Principal and Interest

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

We offer at par and accrued interest, in sums to suit, a large line of 6 per cent loans selected and made by us, which we can recommend.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., 59 Dearborn-St.

WALKER & WRENN,

225 La Salle-st.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, and Cotton bought and sold and carried on margins.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE, INCLUDING BUILDING LOANS,

Made Promptly at Current Rates.

Baird & Bradley, 90 La Salle-st.

WIRE SCREENS, Doors and Windows.

Manufactured by JACOB HUETHER, 240 Wells-st., McEwen Bldg.

Send a postal and I will come and take measurements.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway Co.

OFFICE, NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW YORK, April 25th, 1893.—The annual meeting of the stockholders and bondholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company will be held at the Company's office in Chicago, Illinois, on Thursday, June 1, 1893, at 1 p. m., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as shall come before said meeting, and to take action upon formally merging with this company the Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western Railway Company, the capital stock of which has been acquired by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company. Transfer books will close on Saturday, April 29th, at noon, and reopen Friday, June 2d, next. Bondholders will authenticate their voting bonds by registration. MARVIN HUGHITT,
M. L. SYKES, Secretary. President.

SPECULATION—We offer special facilities to operators, large or small, for trading on margins in stocks, grains, or provisions. Market letter issued regularly, giving latest confidential advices. Orders received on one per cent margins. Our book, "Speculation, or How to Trade," mailed on receipt of 2c stamp. C. F. VAN WINKLE & CO., Brokers, 256 La Salle-st., Chicago.

STOCKS STILL HEAVY.

INVESTMENT BUYING AND SUSTAINING ORDERS PREVENT DECLINE.

Leading Markets on 'Change Narrow—Wheat Prices Held Down—The Uncertain Financial Situation in the West Makes Investors Timid—Latest Prices 1 Cent Lower—The Visible Supply Continues Very Large—Cables Conflicting—Corn Dull and Steady—Provisions Quiet.

The local sentiment would have made a bullish market yesterday if it had been left to itself, but there were too many unfavorable outside influences, and the result of the day on that account was not favorable to the bulls. So far as local conditions are concerned there is improvement. People are beginning to be convinced that the banks which have been recognized as strong and properly managed are in no danger whatever, but are indeed stronger than usual. There is an absence of the many rumors which circulated so freely for many days, and altogether the atmosphere is considerably clearer. Conditions elsewhere did not correspond to the conditions here, however. There were two important bank failures in Australia and the further complication of the situation there was reflected on us through London. Wall street was extremely nervous over the general situation, and there was evidence of this in the declining quotations of some of the most gilt-edged stocks. Then there was fear about the condition of affairs throughout the Northwest. The impending suspension of the Northwestern Guaranty and Loan company of Minneapolis was a disturbing factor, and the rumors of a run on Minneasolis banks and disturbed conditions at other Northwestern points were checks to returning confidence.

When all these unfavorable conditions are more carefully examined, however, they are found to have no great direct effect upon our affairs. The situation is already so bad in Australia, and the direct influence of that situation on us is so little, that an additional failure or two, even though it be of important institutions, need not concern us a great deal. The depression in New York on close examination is found to be far more largely due to bear tactics than to genuine liquidation. The New York market gives every evidence of being excessively oversold by the bears, a number of stocks loaning at ½ of 1 per cent per day to people with short contracts. The suspension of the Northwestern Guaranty and Loan company has no direct effect whatever on the Chicago situation. It is doubtful if there is a bank in the city holding a piece of paper guaranteed by it. Its operations have been largely confined to the East, and well-informed bankers here and about every one in Minneapolis have long had knowledge of its methods and generally disapproved them. The impression among the bankers here who are best acquainted with this affair is that its suspension will not be a matter to be generally regretted. So far as the general condition throughout the Northwest is concerned there does not appear to be a great deal to warrant special apprehension. The banks have been running strong, and as a rule are not tied up with bad securities.

At the stock market the opening was a surprise to most of the traders. The tone of opinion was generally bullish, but in spite of that quotations went off rapidly. West Side started at 175¾ for the account and sold down to 172¾ in short order. There seemed to be unlimited support, however, in that neighborhood of 172, and considerable stock was traded in at that price, or a fraction below. In the afternoon the improvement in New York was reflected in higher quotations here. The stock rose to 174¾ and closed there.

North Side quotations recorded another break under the effect of some forced sales. There seemed to be a considerable order in the market to sell with little regard to quotations, and there was a slump in prices in this direction. The last received. There were no sales of North Side stock in the morning, bidders apparently recognizing that there was some of it to be forced out, and were shy with their bids. The market was more active in the afternoon, however, than it has been for some time. It opened with a sale of regular stock at 245. The lowest price touched was 244 for regular and 245½ for account. In spite of the depression in North Side quotations there is a fairly well authenticated report that it is perfectly favorable kind regarding the property. It is said that the earnings have increased so rapidly that it is the intention of the directors to declare an extra cash dividend in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent in July. Official confirmation of this is not to be had, but as earnings are showing an increase of an average of $1,400 a day there is at least a possibility of there being truth in the story.

Outside of the street railway stocks quotations, as a rule, were decidedly heavy. Diamond Match was fairly active with a marked downward tendency. The stock sold as low as 116. Strawboard is down to 22. It sold down to 21 for the account, which, for an 8 per cent stock, looks like a pretty low price. It is to be noticed, however, that the insiders are not coming to the rescue with buying orders to any marked extent, even at this price. Distillers were active and took a sharp drop, selling at 69. The breweries were heavy. Milwaukee common went to 26¾. Gossip is now throwing some doubt over the probability of the stock receiving a dividend in June. The earnings of the present fiscal year had to be trenched on to the extent of £50,000 to pay last year's preferred dividend and the talk is that the directors have about concluded that it will not be good business policy to pay a common dividend so soon in spite of the fact that earnings are more than ample for such purpose. Lake Street declined to the lowest point it has touched during the present flurry, selling at 22.

The list of sales was as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

35 D M Co Ill	119	50 W C St R R act	172¾
10 C P & P Co	44¾	50 do act	174¾
60 L S E R R	23	100 do act	174
140 do	22	50 do	173¾
100 do	22		

SALES BETWEEN CALLS.

50 W C St R R act	173	200 W C St R R act	172¾
10 do	172¾	200 do act	172¾
10 do	173	50 do	173
50 do act	173	50 do act	172¾
70 do	170	150 do act	173
50 do	170¾	50 do	173
5 do	171	50 do act	173
100 do act	173	200 do act	173¾
100 do act	172¾	50 do act	173
50 do act	173	20 M & C Brew Co	29
50 do act	173¾	5 do	29¾
50 do act	171	200 D M Co Ill act	118
1 do	173	50 do act	118¾
1 do	173	100 do act	119
50 do act	173	10 C P & P Co	44¼
10 do	171	50 Am S B Co act	61¾
50 do act	173	100 do act	61
50 do act	172¾	20 L St El R R	22
50 do	170	10 do	22
50 do act	172¾	50 St's W C L act	25¾
10 do	170		

BONDS.

$25000 W C S R R 1st mtg 5s	99¾	$100 Chi Board of Trade 5s	100
2000 do	99	250 do	100

SALES SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

100 W C S R	171¾	50 L M C R R Ill act	118
50 do act	173¾	50 L St El R R act	22¾
50 do act	173¾	50 Mil & C B Co act	27¾
50 do act	171	50 do act	26¾
200 C & U C & D	56¾	50 Chi Dock & P Co	44¾
50 do act	57	100 N C St R R Co	245
25 do	57	50 do act	245½
100 do act	57	50 do act	246
50 do act	57¼	50 do act	245¾
50 West Stone Co	69	50 S W C L act	25¾
130 D M Co Ill	117¾	100 do	25¾

Breese & Cummings,

BANKERS and STOCK BROKERS,

111 and 113 Monroe-st.

Members of New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges.

Interest allowed on deposits.

Money loaned on collaterals.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,

Ogden Building, 34 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
BUILDING LOANS MADE.

TO RENT.

Tribune Building.

TWO LIGHT OFFICES,
2D AND 3D FLOORS.

WM. C. DOW, AGENT,

15 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

$100,000 TO INVEST

In property lease for 99 years or in central business property paying 5 or 6% net. No fancy prices considered.

Address N 859, Tribune office.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
CHICAGO, May 1st, 1893.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, for the election of Directors, pursuant to law, and the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the company in the City of Chicago, on the 7TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at 11 o'clock a. m.

R. R. CABLE, President.
W. G. PURDY, Secretary.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, May 3d, 1893.

The City of Galveston offers for sale about $800,000 of forty years 5 per cent Limited Debt Bonds of 1891, to be issued for the purpose of securing a supply of fresh water for the city. Said issue of bonds is authorized by the Legislature of the State, and the bonds will be registered in the State Comptroller's office. Address proposals or inquiries to J. REYMERSHOFFER,
Chairman Committee on Finance and Revenue.

SALES AFTER CALLS.

200 W C St R R Co act	246	50 W C St R R act	174¾
50 do	244	50 do act	174¾
50 do act	245	50 do at 11 A. M.	175
100 do	245	10 Am St Bd Co	63
100 do act	245¾	100 do act	61¾
100 do act	245¾	50 CB & Mo	27
50 do act	246	150 D M Co Ill act	118¾
50 do act	245¾	100 do	117¾
50 do act	245¾	5 do	116
100 do act	246	50 do	117
50 do act	246¾	15 do	116¾
100 do act	245¾	50 do	117
5 W C S R R	172	50 CACCAD act	57¾
50 do act	174	50 West Stone Co	71
50 do act	174¾		

BONDS.

$6000 Chi & S S Rap Tran Co 5s	95		

Heavy exports of gold this week are considered inevitable. New York estimates place the amount from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 to go by Wednesday's steamer. Sterling rates again advanced yesterday. The quotations were as follows:

	Sixties.	Demand.
Posted	486¼	490
Actual	485¼	489¾
Documentary	484	487¼

The official examinations at the Chemical National and Columbia National banks are slowly. It will still be several days before Bank Examiner Sturges completes his examination of the Chemical. There is no change in the avowed intention of the directors to resume operations as soon as the bank's affairs have been put in satisfactory shape for presentation to the Controller. The directors yesterday called a meeting of the stockholders for Saturday, May 20, and it is expected at that meeting to develop some definite policy as to the methods of raising the funds necessary to resume. At the Columbia Bank Examiner Cook said that the examination is proceeding slowly and has not yet gone far enough to permit of any definite conclusions being formed. Entirely unwarranted reports are being sent out from Washington, he said. No report has been made to the Controller yet which would indicate at all accurately what is the situation. That the situation is an extremely bad one, however, is not denied.

The rapid growth of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank has driven it to the second floor of the Rookery for more room. A private stairway is being cut through, and the trust department will be removed to the Adams street front of the second floor.

Mr. Cammack, the great New York bear, is in the city, and spends considerable time about the brokers' offices. He is still true to his colors, and talks in an extremely bearish strain regarding the situation.

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	May 15.	May 8.
New York	$87,269,117	$85,405,142
Chicago	18,560,000	20,882,000
Boston	15,193,266	15,965,145
Philadelphia	11,199,767	12,013,497
St. Louis	4,579,726	4,680,715
Baltimore	2,227,938	2,307 051
New Orleans	957,644	1,198,201

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 75c premium; Boston, at par; St. Louis, 90c premium.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 15.—[Special.]—There was a brief but pronounced rally in today's early stock market, which lent to the situation a gleam of momentary cheerfulness. The buying was almost wholly, however, covering of short stock put out under mistaken information Saturday. In today's actual news there was little to justify improving prices; and, in fact, as soon as the covering movement of the first two hours ceased, rapid declines more than wiped out the earlier advances. In London's own market development at first appeared less critical than had been dreaded; but the tone of the dispatches from that city grew gloomier as the day advanced. The trouble predicted for today's Australian settlements in London was realized by the failure of three more large Australian banks. All day rates in London were higher even than Saturday, consols yielded fractionally, and in our market, though the foreign liquidation was somewhat less open than for a week past, there was steady marketing of all such securities as are best known abroad. Locally the news of Wall street was much less disquiting than that of last week; but the telegraph brought information of two more small bank suspensions in the West and South, of the embarrassment of a large Minneapolis loan and trust company, and of the failure of a considerable dry goods house of Boston. For its violent successive fluctuations in all directions today's stock market has rarely been paralleled. The opening recovery was followed by a temporary pause in activity; then by a steady crumbling away of prices; this again by an equally sudden rally. There were in some quarters obvious marks of quiet investment buying, yet some of the stocks most high in favor with investors broke heavily in the face of it; notably, for instance, New York Central. The steady and concentrated outpour of long stock for the account of local houses, which distinguished last week's market, was not witnessed today; yet it was, however, particularly striking was the practically uninterrupted weakness of the large stocks, reflecting clearly the distress in London. In the half hour before the close the market suddenly became inactive, closing with the prevailing possible irregularity. The absence of organized and general manipulation for the decline was so obvious as to explain much of the day's singular fluctuations. Government bonds steady. State bonds dull.

Money on call easy at 2 @ 5 per cent; last loan, 2; closed offered at 2. Prime mercantile paper, 6@8. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼@485¾ for sixty days and 489 @489¾ for demand.

The total sales of stocks today were 371,600 shares, including: Atchison, 18,500; Burlington and Quincy, 2,900; Canada Southern, 1,300; Chicago Gas, 14,300; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 13,000; Distilling, 14,300; Erie, 5,000; General Electric, 5,000; Lake Shore, 2,000; Louisville and Nashville, 10,700; Manhattan, 9,800; Missouri Pacific, 6,300; National Lead, 3,300; New York Central, 12,300; Northern Pacific, 1,600; Northwestern, 2,100; preferred, 4,600; New England, 3,400; Reading, 11,600; Rock Island, 16,100; St. Paul, 61,700; Sugar, 16,600; Union Pacific, 6,800; Western Union, 11,000.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing M'y 15	Closing M'y 13
Atchison	18,530	25	23¾	24¼	25¼
Am. Cot. Oil	2,200	35¾	33¾	34¾	34
Do pfd	310	72¾	72¾	72¾	.....
Amn. Sugar	29,400	82¾	78¾	81¾	82¾
Do pfd	3,150	93¾	93	93¾	93¾
Amn. Tob.	840	66¾	65	65	65
C. C. C. & I.	2,200	14¾	14	14	.....
B. & O.	200	31	30¾	31	.....
Balt. & Ohio	200	78	78	78	.....
Can. Pac.	200	95¾	95¾	95¾	.....
C., B. & Q.	29,696	83¾	82	83	83¾
C. & N. W.	3,565	106¾	105¾	105¾	105¾
C. M. & St. P.	61,677	71	68¾	67¾	68¾
Do pfd	167	115	115	115	115
C. R. I. & P.	18,390	71¾	68¾	70¾	69¾
C. St. P. M. & O.	1,300	40¾	39	39¾	39
Canada Sou.	1,300	50¾	49¾	50¾	50¾
Ches. & Ohio	2,899	19¾	18¾	19	19¾
Colo. Fuel	100	42	42	42	.....
C. C. C. & St. L.	2,300	40¾	39¾	40	39¾
Cent. R. R. of N. J.	2,303	107¾	104¾	107	108
C. & E. Ill.	600	63	61¾	62	.....
Do pfd	100	137¾	137¾	137¾	.....
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	720	116¾	115¾	116	115¾
Chicago Gas	14,328	71¾	67¾	70¾	70¾
D., L. & W.	1,400	139	135	137¾	135¾
Del. & Hud.	683	132¾	130	132¾	130¾
Den. & Rio G. pfd.	600	48¾	48¾	48¾	49¾
Dist. & C. F. Co.	19,416	69	68	68¾	68¾
Edison	225	111¾	111	111	111
Gen'l El.	6,814	73¾	71¾	72¾	73
Great North'n pfd.	600	126	124	124	121
Hocking Valley	500	21¾	21	21	21¾
Ill. Cent.	1,215	96	94¾	95	95
Iowa Central	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	2¾
Do pfd	510	20	19	19	20
Lake Shore	4,325	132	130	130¾	130
Louis. & Nash.	10,700	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¾
L. E. & W.	600	17¾	16¾	17¼	17¾
Do pfd	620	69¾	67¾	68	.....
L. N. A. & C.	600	18	15	15	.....
Laclede Gas	760	15	14¾	15	15
Mo. Pac.	6,320	37¾	35¾	36¾	36
Mich. Cent.	470	96	95	96	97
M., K. & T.	3,630	31	29	30¾	30¾
Do pfd	1,020	80¾	79¾	79¾	80¾
Manhattan	9,810	129¾	125¾	127¾	129
Minn. & St. Louis	350	10	10	10	.....
N. Y. & N. E.	8,375	26¾	24¾	24¾	25
Nor. Pac.	700	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Do pfd	4,577	33¾	32¾	33	32¾
N. Y., L. E. & W.	4,900	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Do pfd	200	38	38	38	38¾
N. Y. Cent.	13,220	100¾	98	98¾	100¾
Nor. & W. pfd.	300	28	27	27	.....
N. Y. Sus. & W.	1,000	15¾	13¾	15¾	14¾
Do pfd	200	56	56	56	.....
Nor. Ann. Co.	1,905	8¾	8	8	8¾
N. Y., O. & W.	3,600	15	14¾	14¾	15
Nat. Lead	3,630	31	29	30¾	30¾
Do pfd	1,714	71¾	70	71¾	70
Nat. Cordage	12,460	15	10¾	13¾	10¾
Do pfd	310	43	39	39	39
N. Y., C. & St. L.	100	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Do pfd	100	30	30	30	.....
Ogn. S. Line	200	12¾	12¾	12¾	13
O. Ry. & Nav.	100	55	55	55	62
Ohio So. Ex.	500	29¾	29¾	29¾	31¾
Phil. & Reading	11,610	23¾	22¾	23¾	23
Pac. Mail	430	18¾	18¾	18¾	18
Pullman	685	173	170	173	171
Peo. D. & E.	210	13	11	11	11
P., C., C. & St. L. pfd	200	53	51	51	54
Rich. Terminal	1,375	5¾	5¼	5¾	5¾
Do pfd	100	20	20	20	.....
So. Pac.	800	28¾	28¾	28¾	29¾
St. L. & S. W.	940	6	5¾	6	.....
St. P. & Dul.	200	33	32	33	.....
Do pfd	165	102	102	102	.....
Tex. Pac.	705	7¾	7¼	7¾	7¾
Tol., A. A. & N. M.	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	12
Tenn. Coal	3,100	18¾	17¾	17¾	.....
U. S. Rub.	800	44	39¾	41	41
Do pfd	50	82	80	82	.....
Union Pac.	5,610	30	28¾	29¾	30
W., St. L. & P.	940	11¾	11¾	11¾	.....
Do pfd	203	41	40	41	.....
Wabash	510	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Wheel. & L. E.	2,350	17	16¾	16¾	17
Western Union	10,055	83¾	81¾	82¾	82¾
Wis. Cent.	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	.....

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$5000 A T & S F 4s	80¾	$10000 N Y L E & W n 2d cn.	96¾
14000 A T & S F 2d 2¾ do Class A	46¾@47	2000 N Y O & W cn 5s	107
2000 As Pat 4s	67¾	2000 N Pac cp	116
20000 At Con 6s	108¾@108¾	2000 N Pacific 3s	65¾@66
2000 Bal O new	118	3000 N W 2-year db 5s	103¾
6000 C Sist gt	106¾	2000 do	103¾@104
2000 C Nd gmtd 5s	111¾	5000 N Y C & St L 4s	94¾
6000 C & O gold 5s	90	5000 N Y L & W cn mtg	110
23000 C & O cons	90¾	10000 do	110@110¾
1000 C & O-Ks A div 1st cn 4s	80	2000 O Kim 1st	90
2000 C B & Q 5s	100	1000 O R Im cn 5s	48¾@50
1000 C B & Q 4s	95	1000 O & N St	100¾
25000 C & E Ill	88¾@89¾	1000 O Sh L 5s	101¾
23000 C & N P 1st	97¾@98¾	1000 O R & N 5s	49¾
12000 C B & I sp cp	106¾@106¾	46000 P & R 1st in	39¾@42
2000 Col Mid 4s	50	10000 P & R 2d in	22¾@22¾
2000 D & S C 3d div	10¾	17000 P & R mtg	22¾@23
4000 Edison Elec 1s	111	2000 P & H 1st	95
1000 Erie con gd 1s	123	18000 R & D con 1st 5s	106¾@106
5000 E & T H 1st	110	19000 R & W P term ct 5s	82¾@84
1000 Ezeq 6s	102¾	1000 St L & Mis 1st	104¾
19000 F W & D C 1st	69¾@69¾	1000 St L &